CHEAP and EFFECTIVE REMEDY FOR CUTS, BRUISES, INSECT BITES OR STINGS, PILES, PRICKLY HEAT, and OTHER SKIN AILMENTS.
CALVERT'S CARBOLIC OINTMENT.
Larger 1 3/4d. pots.
Free from Animal Fat.
Sold by TREACHER & Co., Bombay, Byculla, and Poona.
Makers awarded 56 Gold and Silver Medals and Diplomas.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28,414—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, APRIL 24, 1891.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

BEST CLARETS.
As supplied to over 100 Messes and Clubs, &c.

Qts. pts.		Qts. pts
15-0 8-8	Breakfast—Medoc and St. Julien Medoc	15-0 8-8
11-0 6-8		11-0 6-8
25-0 13-8	Dinner—La Rose and St. Julien	25-0 13-8
22-0 12-0		22-0 12-8
37-8 19-12	After Dinner—Chateau Lafite	37-8 19-12

For Prices of Whiskies, Ports, Liqueurs, &c., send for our Detailed List.
CUTLER, PALMER & Co., BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessel.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Saturday. 1891.
S.L. ORIENTAL	5045	1000	E. Stewart	25th Apr.
† SIAM	3041	500	W. J. Nantes	2nd May.
S.L. PENINSULAR	5045	1000	A. C. Loggin	9th "
† MALWA	2970	500	C. F. Preston	16th "
S.L. CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	23rd "
				Friday.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. Weighell	29th May.
S.L. BOKHARA	2955	500	W. J. Nantes	5th June.
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber	12th "
S.L. THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	19th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	26th "
S.L. SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. D. Worcester	3rd July
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber	10th "
S.L. ORIENTAL	5045	1000	E. Stewart	17th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	24th "
S.L. PESHAWUR	3027	600	W. A. Wheler	31st "
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber	7th Aug.
S.L. PEKIN	3908	600	P. Harris	14th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	21st "
S.L. KAISAR-I-HIND	4029	700	G. W. Atkinson	28th "

The steamers marked S. L. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipp there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway fare from Brindisi to London by the Mail route, and coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special P. and O. Express.

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 9 a.m. on day of sailing.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bundar at noon on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board and only hand packages will be received.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons	H.P.	Captains.	About
RAVENNA	3386	700	E. Crewe	23rd Apr.
SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. D. Worcester.	7th May.
PESHAWUR	3027	600	W. A. Wheler	21st "
PEKIN	3908	600	P. Harris	4th June.
KAISAR-I-HIND	4029	700	G. W. Atkinson	18th "

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.
For further particulars, apply to
H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 17th April, 1891.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA and *vice versa* at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES.

FARE to all Ports of Italy, Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other First Class Steamers will LEAVE Bombay :—

Steamers.	Tons.	H.P.	
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	10th May, 1891
R. RUBATTINO	5,000	800	1st June, 1891.
D. BALDUINO	5,000	800	20th June, 1891.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs. 100, respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

Steamer	To sail
BISAGNO	On the 7th May, 1891.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to
F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, April 22, 1891.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,800	750	1st May '91.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	750	1st June '91. about
AMPHITRITE (Extra)	B. Vidos	4,200	600	10th June '91.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE or BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd and BRINDISI on the 5th of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail.
MARIA TERESA	R. Deperis	3,800	550	18th May '91.

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Massowah, Suakin, Gedda, Suez, Port Said, and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
THISBE	G. Costanzo	3,800	550	24th April '91

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.
For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to
J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay.
13th April, 1891.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY.

FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.
TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE S. S. LABOURDONNAIS will LEAVE Bombay on 10th May, 1891, at 3 p.m., FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN, in connection with the Australian steamer Homeward-bound, and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.

RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six, nine, months delivered at specially REDUCED THROUGH TICKETS

Fare from Marseilles to London [illegible] including Railway

A Steam Launch will leave the Apollo [illegible] at 1 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board.

A. SIMEON, Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.
GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

PASSAGES booked by P. & O. and other regular lines of Steamers *without charge for Commission.* Berths selected and the best available accommodation secured. Railway and Sleeping Car Tickets obtained.

CHEAPER PASSAGES engaged by occasional outside Steamers, and every information afforded as to terms and accommodation.

SECOND SALOON.

The Superior Second Saloon accommodation of the new P. and O. Steamers offers an excellent opportunity for a cheap Passage to England, and to enable us to arrange select parties and suitable berthing, intending passengers should make early Application.

Full particulars and pamphlet forwarded on application. "Grindlay's Hand Book" for Travellers may also be had free.

Circular Notes, Sovereigns, and Drafts on London granted at current rates. Baggage shipped and Insurance effected, when required.

PACKAGES from Europe for MESSES, CLUBS, SOCIETIES, SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS cleared and forwarded. To avoid delay the Shippers should be instructed to send us direct the Bill of Lading and Invoice.

GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.
GRINDLAY GROOM & Co., Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATHIAWAR COAST AND CUTCH MANDAVIE.

S. S. "KAPURTHALA," 1,132 tons, at 11 a.m., on WEDNESDAY, 29th April, and the

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,132 tons, at noon, on 25th April, calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandavie, and Kurrachee, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PURULIA," 1,495 tons, at 11 a.m., on the 29th April, after arrival of incoming English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "MECCA," 2,977 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 30th April, at noon, calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 23rd April, 1891. Agents.

PASSAGE SEASON, 1891.

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGE engaged by P. and O. and all other Lines at the lowest rates obtainable *FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.*

SECOND SALOON accommodation by P. and O. secured at very low rates, and special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers.

Full information as to berths available, and lists of Passengers already booked furnished at once.

PASSENGERS are met on arrival at Plymouth by MESSRS. HENRY S. KING & Co. (London), or at Liverpool by MESSRS. KING, BAILLIE & Co. MESSRS. KING KING & Co.'s Agents at Aden, Port Said, Malta, Brindisi, Marseilles, and Gibraltar will render their Constituents every assistance.

BAGGAGE CARGO and PARCELS Shipped or Cleared at low rates: Fire and Marine Insurance effected when desired; excellent godown accommodation furnished, and every facility given for examination.

LOANS granted on easy terms. Letters of Credit and Circular Notes issued payable in all the principal towns of the world.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, Sovereigns, and Bank of England Notes bought and sold at the best rates of the day.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES arranged at current rates and addresses in connection with the same registered with Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co. *free of charge.*

Correspondence invited, and a copy of Messrs. King, King and Co.'s "Hand-book for Homeward bound Passengers forwarded on Application, free of charge.

KING HAMILTON & Co., Calcutta. KING, BAILLIE & Co., Liverpool.

HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

STEAM.

CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning *viâ* Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand, with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

Steamers.	Tons.	Date of leaving Calcutta.
BANCOORA or other Steamer		On or about 29th April.

For Freight, Passage, or other particulars, apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 7th April, 1891. Agents.

ANCHOR LINE.

Vessels.	Captains.	Tons.	To sail
M.L. ASIA	Jas. Laird	3580	25th April.
M. BRITANNIA	Jas. Brown	3069	15th May.
L. ARMENIA	Geo. Read	3395	30th "

Steamer marked L. proceeds to Liverpool direct.
Steamer marked M. to Marseilles only.
Steamers marked L.L. go to Liverpool via Marseilles and book passengers for both Ports.
Passengers by the Marseilles Steamer can book through to London (overland from Marseilles).
Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess, and is fitted out with every Comfort for First-Class Passengers.
All the State Rooms are on the Upper Deck.
For further Particulars apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, 16th April, 1891.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	Commander.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
ASTON HALL	S. Fowler	3,600	400	4th May, '91.

This Steamer has good accommodation for a limited number of Passengers at moderate Rates, but carry no Surgeon and Stewardess

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Vessel	Commander.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail
WERNETH HALL	A. Buck	4,100	500	25th May

This Steamer is well known on this Line as being most comfortably fitted, in all respects, for Passengers, and has Surgeon and Stewardess.
For further Particulars apply to
EDWARD, BATES & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 2nd April, 1891.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.

PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O. MAIL and all other Steamers, including non-Liners, FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION. Special attention given to the selection of berths.

FAVOURABLE ARRANGEMENTS for securing berths according to individual requirements.

THROUGH TICKETS issued from any Railway Station in India to all parts of the Globe, allowing breaks of journey anywhere *en route.*

THOS. COOK & SON'S Tickets met and assisted at Plymouth, London, Liverpool, Brindisi, Naples, Rome, Marseilles, Paris, and all Chief Continental Ports and Cities.

OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and Tickets supplied from any part of the World to India.

HOTEL COUPONS available at over 1,200 Hotels in all parts of the World.

SPECIALLY REDUCED FARES for Military, Civil, and Naval Service Officers to Europe via China and America.

HEAVY BAGGAGE received, warehoused, and forwarded.

CIRCULAR NOTES issued of the value of £20, £10, and £5, which are cashed by any of our Agents and Banking Correspondents in all parts of the World.

LETTERS OF CREDIT for the use of Travellers in all parts of the World issued.

DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day on our Branch Offices.

SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied at favourable rates.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.

DEPOSITS received, available at any time for remittance to England. Rate of interest on application.

INTEREST, PAY AND PENSIONS collected and every description of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.

TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS OR REMITTANCES made expeditiously at best rate of Exchange *without charge for Commission*, and payable at our offices in any part of the World.

INSURANCE POLICIES against death by accident issued. Insurance of Passengers' Baggage effected on moderate terms.

Handbook of information free on application.

BOMBAY : 13, Rampart Row.
CALCUTTA : Old Court House Street.

PURE UNCOLOURED MALT VINEGAR.

THIS Vinegar is of a Pale Straw Colour, being quite free from Artificial Colouring matter; it keeps perfectly, and does not deposit or become muddy.

Per Bottle, As. 6.

FINEST SALAD OIL

This is the very finest CREAM Oil, specially prepared for Salads, &c. The difference in the taste of this Oil and that generally sold is very great.

Price : ½ Bottles, As. 7 ; Bottles, As. 13.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

COUGHS & COLDS { Quickly and permanently cured by "PECTORAL COUGH SYRUP," Re. 1 per bottle. KEMP and Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

PHILLIPS & CO.'S HOT WEATHER DRINKS.

PHILLIPS' LIME JUICE.

Prepared from Finest West India Limes, per bottle, Re. 1-4 ; per doz., Rs. 13-8.

PHILLIPS' LIME JUICE CORDIAL.

The finest Lime Juice, combined with such other substances as are required to produce a cordial. A tablespoonful taken with Iced or Aerated Water forms a cooling, refreshing, and wholesome drink, increasing the appetite, and purifying the blood. Per bottle, Re. 1-4 ; per doz., Rs. 13-8.

RASPBERRY VINEGAR.

A genuine preparation ; makes a delicious beverage with plain or Aerated Waters, very cooling and gratifying to feverish patients. Per bottle, As. 14 and Re. 1-8.

SEND FOR NEW PRICE LIST IN CIRCULATION.

BOMBAY: Oriental Bank Buildings, and Byculla Bridge. PHILLIPS & CO., LD., POONA: Temple House, Camp, & Bhoodwar Peth, City.

WINE AND GENERAL IMPORT MERCHANTS AND AGENTS.

SUPERIOR TABLE DAMASK.

CLOTHS BEST
NAPKINS BELFAST
DOYLEYS BLEACH.
REDUCED PRICES.

	Rs.	a.
Best Double Damask Cloths ; Rich Floral Patterns and other elegant designs, IN ALL SIZES ....from each	9	8
Rich Damask (Double) Table Napkins, to match cloths, if required, an extensive selection Hemmed ready for use ....from per doz.	9	8
Superior Damask Doyleys, Fringed large size selected choice patterns ...per doz.	6	0
Piece Damask to Fit all Tables ; any length cut, Neat Attractive Designs ....Per yard	3	0
BROWN LINEN ; afternoon Tea Cloths, Richly Embroidered in Silk, Deep Fringed Edges, a Novelty ....each	6	0

SPECIAL V. P. P. OR CASH DISCOUNT 10 PER CENT.

BADHAM, PILE & Co., LD.

BOMBAY.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES DIRECT.

Steamer.	Tons.	Commander.	On or about
CLAN DRUMMOND	2950	N. Harrison	10th May.

BOMBAY TO DUNKIRK DIRECT.

Steamer.	Tons.	Commander.	On or about
CLAN GRAHAM	2950	E. Worfolk	29th May.

THESE STEAMERS are fitted with every requisite for the comfort of Passengers. The Saloon and Cabins are all on the Upper Deck. Qualified Surgeon and Stewardess carried.
For rates of Passages, Cabin Plans, &c., apply to
FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 13th April, 1891.

BOMBAY TO LONDON *VIA* ANTWERP. CHEAP PASSAGES.

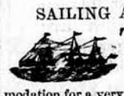
SAILING 29TH APRIL, 1891.

THE Splendid Steam-Ship "CALABRIA," 3,321 Tons Register, Captain J. Kennedy, owned by the Telegraph Construction and Maintenance Company, Limited, now lying in the Victoria Dock, has most comfortable accommodation for a limited number of Passengers. Fares from Rs. 330 according to accommodation. She carries a Doctor and a full Staff of European Stewards

Apply to
EDWARD, BATES & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 16th April, 1891.

BOMBAY TO LONDON.

SAILING ABOUT 29TH APRIL, 1891.



THE Splendid Steam-Ship "SCOTIA," 4,667 Tons Register, Captain W. R. Cato, owned by the Telegraph Construction and Maintenance Company, Limited, has splendid accommodation for a very few Passengers at very Moderate Rates. She carries a Doctor.

Apply to
MESSRS. EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, April 21, 1891.

IMPORTANT.

THE following Second-hand PIANOS have been put in thorough Repair, and are for Sale at the PIANOFORTE SALOON of the Undersigned :—

Yacht Piano, 5 Octaves	Rs. 180
Rubinstein's Bijoux Cottage, full Compass	" 220
Herbert's Square Black Polished	" 390
Broadwood and Son's Grand, Black Polished	" 400
Schiedmayer and Sohne's Solid Iron-framed Square	" 410
Marcks & Co.'s Solid Cottage	" 420

The above may be paid for by Instalments. Apply

MARCKS & Co., Limited,
PIANOFORTE WAREHOUSE,
1, ASH LANE, BOMBAY, OR AT POONA.

RESIDENTS IN INDIA WILL FIND
CEYLON
An agreeable place to visit during
THE HOT SEASON.

NUWARA ELIYA.—The Sanitarium is 6230 feet above Sea.

And after reaching Colombo by short sea voyage, is easily approached by Rail. First Class Return Ticket Rs. 18 "THE GRAND" & "CRITERION" HOTELS are charmingly situated, over-looking Lake and Mountain scenery. Furnished with every comfort. Excellent Cuisine. Bracing climate, but not too cold. W MILSOM & Co., Proprietors, Nuwara Eliya, Ceylon.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE NEW VOLTA

BATTERY for Electric Lighting, 6 Cells, with lifting arrangement and Amalgam Zinc Plates. Cost of working infinitesimal.

Price Rs. 42.

TREACHER & Co., LIMITED,
CHEMISTS AND IMPORTERS OF SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, POONA, AND MAHABLESHWUR.

LIGHT TOURIST TRIPODS.
PORTABLE AND FIRM.

‡	‡	‡ Plates.
Rs. 10	Rs. 12-8	Rs. 16 each.

TREACHER & Co., Limited,
PHOTOGRAPHIC CHEMISTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

PORTABLE ELECTRIC BELLS.

Consisting of a Battery enclosed in a Stained Wood Cane, actuating an Electro-Magnetic Bell, with a length of double silk-covered Insulated Wire and Bell Push, a very useful portable contrivance. Small size ....Rs. 9 0
Ditto of Superior Construction and Size ... " 17 8
Ditto of very Superior Construction and Finish ....Rs. 30 0
Gongs, Wire Cells, and all other necessaries for fitting up an establishment with electric communication kept in stock. For Prices see General Catalogue.

TREACHER & Co., LIMITED,
Chemists and Importers of all kinds of Scientific Apparatus,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

SCOTT AND Co., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion Rs. 5; Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard, Single, Rs. 15; double, Rs. 30 The Horse-shoeing Forge under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier and every class of shoeing done.

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C[illegible]
HENRY S. K[illegible]
65, CORNHILL, AND
LONDO[illegible]

THE "BLÜTHNER" PIANO-FORTES.

BOUDOIR AND CONCERT GRANDS AND COTTAGES

BY the above maker, are now being monthly received at their Bombay Agency, and are offered at Manufacturer's Prices, *plus* Rs. 60 for freight and incidental charges.

Though low priced, these high-class instruments stand HIGHEST in the estimation of Western civilisation. The Factory is the largest in Europe, manufacturing no less than 3,000 Pianos every year, which, reduced to a minimum, will exhibit the extraordinary fact of one Piano in every working hour of the day.

Another feature very remarkable with these Pianos is their sweetness and richness of tone their perfect and never failing mechanism, delicacy of touch, and last, but not least, the length of time they keep in tune, which is twice or thrice as long as the best Pianos—a fact which is an important advantage to Mofussil Residents.

We invite inspection of these splendid Pianos, and will send Messrs. T. Blüthner's own Illustrated Price List free on application.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

PIANOFORTE WAREHOUSE.
43, ESPLANADE ROAD, AND 1, ASH LANE,
SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA AND BURMAH.

SCARVES, TIES, HANDKERCHIEFS.

THE NEW DESIGNS FOR 1891. COLLARS.
"IMMENSE CHOICE." NOW READY FOR INSPECTION.

HOAR & CO., { HOSIERS, &c., } BOMBAY.

HOT WEATHER.

FLESH BRUSHES. SPONGES AND LOOFAHS.
TOILET SOAPS.

COMFORTS.

PERFUMES. SPRAY PRODUCERS.

KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

HOMEWARD BOUND VOYAGEURS

WILL FIND A LARGE AND VARIED ASSORTMENT OF REQUISITES AT

THORPE & CO.'S

IN
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

FOR THE VOYAGE OR TO MEET THE CLIMATIC CHANGES OF THE CONTINENT OR ENGLAND.

TRAVELLING SUITS, Heavy, Medium, and Light Warm Overcoats and Ulsters.

DECK SUITS, for Morning Wear, Flannel and Silk and Wool, White Long Cloth, Shirts, Bands, or Collars attached.

OXFORD and FRENCH Print Shirts, Collars attached, Best Wove, Flannel, and Silk and Wool Shirts.

UNDERCLOTHING in every Variety—Cotton, Merino, and Lambs Wool, Half Hose.

LINED CALF, and Ringwood Gloves, Mittens, Silk, Cashmere, and Wool Mufflers.

BEST LINEN COLLARS, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Cardigan Jackets, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Dressing Gowns.

WOVEN CHOLERA BELTS, Feather Pillows, &c., SCOTCH MAUDS and RUGS, Rug Straps.

OVERLAND TRUNKS, Ladies' Dress Baskets, Solid Leather Portmanteaus and Dressing Cases.

GLADSTONE BAGS, Hand-Bags, Courier Bags, Soiled Linen Bags, Cabin Dressing Bags, Fitted Bags.

LEATHER HAT CASES, Ladies' Bonnet Boxes, Travelling Baths, Fitted with Basket.

HOLD-ALLS, MONEY BELTS, Sovereign Boxes, METAL SOAP BOXES, Sponges, and Bags.

CELLULOID COLLARS, Cuffs and Shirt Fronts, MARINE or SALT WATER SOAP.

THORPE AND CO.,

TRAVELLERS' OUTFITTERS.
BOMBAY.

VOLKART BROTHERS, BOMBAY.
ELECTROTECHNICAL DEPARTMENT.
CONSULTING ELECTRICIANS,
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS
AND CONTRACTORS FOR
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[illegible]USE, APOLLO STREET,
BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

TO-NIGHT!

To suit the occasion of AVAN ARDUISHIR JASAN, THE ALFRED DRAMATIC COMPANY WILL GIVE ONE SPECIAL PERFORMANCE of their much applauded Parsee Social Drama, "GAMEENI GORI," (i. e., The Village Beauty) by Mr. BAHMANJEE N. KABRAJEE. Reserve your seats early, please.

TOWN HALL.

PROGRAMME OF THE POPULAR CONCERT. THIS AFTERNOON.

1. Piano Duet..."Hungarian Dances".....Brahms. MESSRS. MARKS AND HAMILTON.
2. Song .....An Autumn Story".....Kellie. MISS MANT.
3. Duet .....Fantasie on "Tannhauser".Singelee. MESSRS. FREYVOGEL AND HAMILTON.
4. Song ....." Regret" .....Schubert. MR. ANDERSEN CLARKE.
5. Piano Solo .." Gavotte" (by desire) .....Janotha. MR. HAMILTON.
6. Recitation .." The Vagabond".....Trowbridge. DR. BARRY.
7. Song ....." Seven Bonny Maidens" ..Roeckel. MR. NICHOLSON.
8. Piano Duet.."Capriccio Brillant".....Mendelssohn. MESSRS. MARKS AND HAMILTON.
9. Song ....." Those Blue Eyes".....Lassen. MISS MANT.
10. Duet ....." Legende" .....Bohm. MESSRS. FREYVOGEL AND HAMILTON.
11. Song....." Dear Heart" .....Mattei. MR. ANDERSEN CLARKE.
12. Piano Duet..." Scherzo Brillant" .....Wollenhaupt. MESSRS. MARKS AND HAMILTON.

Commence at 5-30 p. m.

ADMISSION, ONE RUPEE, AT DOOR.

SEQUAH'S

LAST WEEK.

AVAIL YOURSELVES OF THE PRESENT OPPORTUNITY.

SEQUAH SPEAKS

FOR THE LAST TIME

ON THE BORI BUNDER

ON SATURDAY, 25TH APRIL.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

A DIVIDEND with BONUS has been declared for the half-year ended 31st December, 1890, at the rate of Eight Shillings and Nine Pence per share, and will be payable on or after the 27th instant to the Proprietors registered in the Books of the Bank on the 17th instant.

By Order of the Board,
J. BUCHAN,
Manager.

Bombay, 23rd April, 1891.

SQUIBB'S BRACE-UP CORDIAL.

A most excellent remedy that relieves your mind of depression and fatigue incident to worry, anxiety or overwork; goes direct to the weak spot, keeps up youth, health and vigour. Restores shattered, nervous system. Banishes fears from nervous Students at the time of Examination. Helps memory and increases the activity of the mind and body. Is a good Tonic for convalescing and dyspeptic and nervous people. Price Rs. 2-4 of Messrs. F. S. MADON and Co., Market, Bombay, and all other Medicine Vendors.

POPULAR REMEDIES MANUFACTURING CO.,

54, MEDOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited for constructing ADDITIONAL WATER WAYS between KURNOOL ROAD and MULKAPURAM STATION.

1.—Raising Bank from 45 to 48 mile.
2.—10 feet Girder opening at 45½ mile.
3.—20 feet Girder opening at 45½ mile.
4.—20 feet Girder opening at 46½ mile.
5.—20 feet Girder opening at 46¾ mile.
6.—20 feet Girder opening at 46¾ mile.
7.—20 feet Girder opening at 47½ mile.

Tenders will be received up to 10th May, 1891. They should be sent in a sealed cover, headed "TENDERS FOR." The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

A. H. MACKENZIE,
Resident Engineer,
Kistna Division.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, Empress of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the Property and Credits of MANORBHOY TOOLJARAM, late of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, deceased.

HARKESONDAS JAMNADAS, nephew of the said deceased .....Petitioner.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed Deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness, SIR CHARLES SARGENT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, the 20th Day of April in the Year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-One and in the Fifty-Fourth Year of Our Reign.

J. W. ORR,
Registrar.

The Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

L. N. BANAJI.
The 20th Day of April, 1891.

HARKESONDAS JAMNADAS,
Petitioner in Person.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, Empress of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of GOPAL SHIVRAM VAIDYA, late of Bombay Hindu deceased.

BAI KRUSHNABAI (widow of SHRIDHAR GANESH DIKSHIT) the sister of the TESTATOR and NARAYAN TRIMBAK VAIDYA, two of the Executors named in the Will .....Petitioners.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed Deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness SIR CHARLES SARGENT, Kt., Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, the 20th Day of April, in the Year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-One and in the Fifty-Fourth Year of Our Reign.

J. W. ORR,
Registrar.

The Seal of the High Court at Bombay

L. N. BANAJI.
The 20th Day of April, 1891.

MR. H. S. DIKSHIT,
Petitioners' Attorney.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, Empress of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of SHIVRAM KSU SET SIRKANDE, late of Bombay Hindoo, deceased.

GENUBA MORU DEVANGE, the Surviving Executor, according to the tenor of the Will....Petitioner.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed Deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness SIR CHARLES SARGENT, KNIGHT, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, the 16th Day of April, in the Year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-One and in the Fifty-Fourth Year of Our Reign.

J. W. ORR,
Registrar.

The Seal of the High Court at Bombay

L. N. BANAJEE.
The 16th Day of April, 1891.

Messrs. LITTLE, SMITH, FRERE, & NICHOLSON,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published weekly on the departure of English Mail. 28 pages of the *Pall Mall Budget* size, containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged; Army Orders, &c., Indian Subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of postage. English subscription Rs. 17 per year, including Postage.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE MANACKJEE PETIT MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LD.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND.

A DIVIDEND, for the six months, from July to December, 1890, at the rate of Rs. 60 per share, will be paid on and after THURSDAY, the 30th Inst. to shareholders whose names stand on the Register on the 20th inst.

By Order of the Board,
D. M. PETIT SONS & CO.,
Agents.

Manockjee Petit Manufacturing Co., Ld.

Bombay, 23rd April, 1891.

BOMBAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the COMMITTEE of the Chamber of Commerce have appointed MONDAY and TUESDAY, 4th and 5th May, 1891, for the PURPOSE of BALLOTING for an ELECTIVE TRUSTEE of the Port of Bombay, to act during the absence of Mr. H. W. ULOTH, who has obtained six months' leave of absence.

The BALLOT BOX will be OPEN at the Offices of the CHAMBER, from 10 a.m. till 6 p.m., on each of the above days.

By Order of the Committee,
JOHN MARSHALL,
Secretary.

Chamber of Commerce, Bombay, 23rd April, 1891.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR UP-COUNTRY MILLERS AND CORN GRINDERS.

THE Undersigned are OPEN TO OFFERS FOR SALE of the WHOLE or ANY PART of the following milling plant.

8 Stone Burr Mills, 4 feet dia for grinding wheat, rice or any corn, with bins and reels, capable of grinding 5 to 6,000 lbs. of corn per hour.

14 Roller Mills of various sizes, with wheat cleaning and washing Machines, Purifiers, Centrifugals, and necessary appliances, capable of turning out about 2,000 lbs. per hour of fine flour of all qualities.

A Vertical High Pressure Corliss Engine Cylinder 16" by 36" coupled to a pair of Horizontal condensing Engines, working as Low Pressure Engines Cylinders 18" by 36". Stroke 75 Rev p mip. Fitted with Jet Condensers and double direct-acting air p mps, capable of exerting together 200 I. H. P.

2 Loc-type Boilers, with copper box and tubes, fitted with feed water heaters, and certified for 100 lbs. working pressure.

For further particulars apply to

PATELL SETT & Co.,
Successors to Bapty Bros.,
East India Roller Mills.

Falkland Road.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,

No. 7, MARINE STREET.

THE sale of landed property on the De Lisle Road advertised to take place THIS DAY, is POSTPONED until further notice.

The sale of landed property on the Rinon Road, advertised to take place on SATURDAY, the 25th instant, is POSTPONED until further notice.

The sale of landed property at Lohar Chawl Street, advertised to take place on SATURDAY, the 25th instant, is postponed until further notice.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 25th inst., at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 6, Nepean Mount Road, Malabar Hill, the very valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best electro-plated ware, very rich crockery and glassware, superior table and cabinet ornaments, Brussels and Persian carpets, first-rate large size musical box, with bell and drum, and elegant and light miniature barouche and a miniature brougham, both made to order by Simpson, Madras, and are in very good order, one handsome strong dark bay and one silver grey Arab horse, both going in single and double harness, sets of plated mounted double harness, superior Hink's table and hanging lamps, rich oil paintings, choice garden plants in tubs and pots, milch goats, books, &c., the property of J. M. SLEATER, Esq.

Catalogues are published, and the property is on view.

The property of another gentleman—1 strong built light landau, with single and double pole, complete, in very good order.

1 strong young grey horse 14·2.

TO CONTRACTORS AND OTHERS.
Sale of Tiles.

On MONDAY, the 27th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, by order of Messrs. Norrie Mitchell & Co., and on account and at the risk of the concerned—

50,000 Tiles, Mangalore pattern
50,000 " French "
50,000 " Marseilles "

In lots to suit purchasers.

Samples of the above tiles can be seen at the rooms of the undersigned.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY next, the 27th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co.'s will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—

10 bales grey shirtings.
10 " dhoties.
5 cases prints.
2 " Spanish strips.
5 " White shirtings.
2 " flannels.
1 Broadwood's mahogany grand square pianoforte.
1 walnutwood square piano, full compass.
1 case umbrellas and parasols.
1 Banjau.
21 Boxes Richard Mathews & Co., Carlton whiskey.
50 " Will Tournem and Co. 11 years old brandy.
10 Hogsheads stout.
16 " Steel Coulson & Co's stout.
1 case Jocker clocks, with music.

AT 2 P.M.

1 handsome light victoria.
1 handsome strong double-seated brougham.
1 strong serviceable office-shi rram.
1 light and serviceable mail-phaeton.
1 milch-goat giving about 2 seers of milk daily, and a kid.
1 pair of English geese.
A few Bussorah and English fowls.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

On TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, the 28th and 29th instant, at 1 p.m., each day, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 15, Apollo Street, Fort, the whole of the stock-in-trade of Mr. Narronjee Dhurumsey, consisting of Bengal, Dacca, Madras, and Trichinopoly embroidery work, pillow, crewel and knitting silk working wool, tablecloths, feathers, China and Japanese folding screens, cage, satsuma, China and Japanese flower vases, trays card and wall plates, China fans, work boxes, cabinets, writing desks, card, glove, collar and handkerchief boxes, Benares toys, lacquered boxes, glass door cupboards, show cases, round and writing tables, and chairs, looking glasses, gas fittings, &c.

The property is on view.

VALUABLE BUNGALOW AT MAHABLESHWUR FOR SALE.

On SATURDAY, the 2nd May, at 4 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms, the property known as "Iron Roof," situated on the Mahableshwur Hill, containing about 5 acres and 24 goonthas. The bungalow is furnished, and is in a good condition, and commands a beautiful view.

For further particulars and condition of sale and list of furniture, application may be made to the undersigned.

VALUABLE BUNGALOW AT MAHABLESHWUR FOR SALE.

Under instructions from the executors of the will of the late Mr. Muncherjee Dorabjee, Vakeel, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms on SATURDAY, the 16th May, at 4 p.m.

The furnished bungalow on the Mahableshwar Hill and known as "Bonne Vue" (late Ravine Cottage) with about 6 acres and 7 goonthas of ground. It is situated in a central position and commands a splendid view of Saddle Hill and other points. It is a pucca-built bungalow, with corrugated iron roof, and has one drawing, one dining, one side and two bedrooms, with open veranda on 3 sides. The ground is held under a lease from Government on an annual rental of Rs. 17-12 or thereabouts.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, April 21, 1891.

WM. RADAM'S MICROBE-KILLER.

IT is the Water of Life. The most Powerful, Efficacious Destroyer of the Deadly Microbe. Cures Consumption, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Kidney, and all Blood Diseases. Rs. 15 per Jar. Pamphlets of Testimonials sent Post free.

WM. RADAM'S MICROBE-KILLER Co.,
(FACTORY No. 12.)
111, Oxford Street, London, W.

SOLE DEPOT FOR INDIA AND BURMAH,
23, Rampart Row.
PHILLIPS & Co., LD., CHEMISTS,
Sole Sub-Agents for Bombay Presidency.
The only places for the genuine stuff.

NOW READY—6th EDITION.

ON THE MODERN TREATMENT OF NERVOUS DISEASES AND EXHAUSTION IN MEN by LOCAL ABSORPTION, with Testimonials. Showing how to obtain a speedy and permanent restoration, without stomach medicines. POST FREE.

E. NORTON,
249, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON, W. C., ENGLAND.

'KEATING'S INSECT POWDER.

BUGS, FLEAS, MOTHS, BEETLES and all other Insects are destroyed by KEATING'S INSECT DESTROYING POWDER, which is quite harmless to Domestic Animals. In exterminating Beetles, the success of this powder is extraordinary, and no one need be troubled by those pests. It is perfectly clean in application. Ask for, and take no other than "KEATING'S POWDER," as imitations are noxious, and fail in giving satisfaction. Sold by all Chemists in Tins and Bottles.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.,

No. 4, FORBES & MEADOWS STREETS, FORT.

SALE of Boiler Lathe, Donkey Pumps, Punching and Shearing Machines, Iron Press, with sets of dies, C.I. Fans, Trusses, Gilting Battery, Winch, Teak Scantling, &c.

By order of C. A. Turner, Esq., Official Assignee, H. C., and Assignee for the estate and effects of Hirjeebhoy Ruttonjee, Jussoo Meamina, an insolvent, the undersigned will sell by Public Auction THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 24th instant, at 2 p.m. at Ripon Road, Old Race Course (Muddonpoora), consisting a large screw-cutting self-acting lathe, a punching and shearing machine donkey pump, C. I. fans, feed pump, rope machines, iron presses, with sets of dies, travelling forge, safety bellows, anvil, bench vices, fly wheels, C. I. pulleys, couplings, valves shaftings, crank shafts, brackets, old and new iron trolly wheels with W. I. axles, winch, grind-stone, C. I. troughs, gram mill, old tanks, crushing machines, suction pipes, tools, gilting battery, wooden medals, bullock gearing, old belting, small boiler, teak frames, timber plates, scantlings, iron trusses, &c.

Also by order of C. A. Turner, Esq. Official Assignee H. C. and with the consent of the mortgagee, and on account of the said insolvent.—One Boiler (small).

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT WITHALWADY.

On MONDAY, the 4th day of May, 1891, at 4 p.m., Messrs MEHRJEE JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises by order of Mr. Cursondas Vulubhdas and Bai Devkavahoo, the executor and executrix of the late Mr. Dwarkadas Vasanji, the assignees of the right, title and the interest of Mr. Ramchander Hemraj in a certain indenture of mortgage and two indentures of further charges, dated respectively the 7th day of October, 1882, the 3rd day of April, 1884, and the 6th day of June, 1884, the first two having been executed by Hunsraj Curson, now deceased, and the last by his only son Nurotam Hunsraj, by virtue of the power conferred by the said indentures of mortgage and deed of further charges, and on account and risk of Nurotam Hunsraj.

All that piece or parcel of fazendary land or ground with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying and being in Vithalwady, on the north side thereof in the sub-district of Bombay, formerly assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 83, and under No. 83, and now (ward No. 1630 and street No. 7173 and 75), and containing by admeasurement two-hundred and thirty-four and one third square yards, be the same little, more or less, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the east by a passage for passing and repassing, on or towards the west by the property formerly of Parsee Dossabhoy Jeewanjee and now of the said Narotum Hunsraj, on or towards the north by a public passage, and on or towards the south by the said Vithalwady Street, which said premises formerly were and now are in the occupation of the said Narotum Hunsraj and his tenants with their appurtenances.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.

Bombay, April 24, 1891.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,

No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 25th instant, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, &c.

On account and risk of Shamrao R Raojee—
S R R 1-17—17 cases provision.
C H B 19-22—4 " AT 1-30 P.M.

1 handsome strong glass fronted miniature brougham in very good order.
1 second-hand palanquin office shigram.
1 " 4 seated barouche, in very good order.
1 strong bay Arab horse, 14-1½, 9 years old, quiet to ride and drive.
1 strong pony cart.
1 black Burma pony, goes well in saddle and harness.

The property of the late Mr. A. BAKER—
1 second-hand strong victoria, with a chesnut horse and harness.
1 very handsome bay Australian horse, 16 hands, 8 years old, very quiet in single and double harness.

AUCTION SALE OF TWO LARGE TENTS.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 25th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, on the road opposite the Sailors' Home—
2 large double tents with double covers.

On SUNDAY, the 26th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Hill Road, Bandora, Porter's Bangalow, the valuable and handsome black wood and teakwood french-polished household furniture, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome China and Japanese vases, rich table ornaments, oleographs and pictures, Hink's patent hanging and table kerosene lamps, Persian and Brussels carpets, &c., the property of H. BLACKWELL, Esq.

The property is on view.

On MONDAY, the 27th inst. at 1 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Breach Candy, opposite the Scandal Point, the very valuable and handsome black wood and teakwood french-polished substantial made household furniture of the latest design and best workmanship, all made to special order by Mr. Wimbridge, very rich Doulton, Crown Derby, Majolica, Sasuma and Kaga ornaments, very handsome table hanging and wall lamps by Osler and Co., rich Brussels and velvet carpets, one handome strong English-built square-shape landau by E. Kesterton & Co, nearly new, 1 pair of handsome black Australian horses, both go in single and double harness, one handsome glass fronted miniature brougham, one handsome well bred chesnut waler horse, young, quiet and steady in harness, one grey waler mare, perfectly quiet in harness, &c, &c, the property of HORMUSJEE NUSSERVANJEE VAKEEL, Esq. proceeding to Hyderabad.

Property of H. W. Uloth, Esq.—
1 handsome strong Madras-built barouche in very good
Property of another gentleman.—
1 neat strongly made miniature brougham, with glass sides in very good order.

Catalogues are published and the property is now on view.

On THURSDAY, the 30th inst., at 1 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Mount Nepean Road, Malabar Hill, the very valuable and handsome French-polished English-made household furniture, best electro-plate ware, very rich glass and crockery ware, a first-rate mahogany semi-grand pianoforte by Collard and Collard, a handsome Vienna made fireproof safe on stand, handsome five and three light hanging Venetian glass gas chandeliers, handsome rich large size real Cashmere carpets, first rate pictures and oleographs, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese vases, a handsome strong English-built victoria on Cee-spring by "Rogers & Co.," London, nearly new, a handsome strong English-built mail-phaeton, in very good order by Peter & Son, one handsome strong English-built glass-fronted miniature office brougham by E. Kesterton & Co., a pair of very handsome iron-grey Hungarian horses, both go in single and double harness, sets of English double and single harness, a collection of choice and rare plants, &c., &c. the property of J. JANNI, Esq., Royal Swedish and Norwegian Consul.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS, SWEEPINGS, BURNT COTTON, WASTE PAPER, &c., AT THE G. I. P. R. GOODS DEPOT, WARI BUNDER.

On FRIDAY, the 1st May next, at 2 p.m., Messrs BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the above mentioned place—

A quantity of unclaimed goods, sweepings, burnt cotton, waste paper, &c.

BONA FIDE SALE.

On SATURDAY, the 9th May next. at 1 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "The Wilderness," Nepean Sea Road, Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood, plain and carved French polished household furniture, best plated ware, very rich crockery and glassware, a handsome mahogany grand square pianoforte by "Schiedmayer and Soehne," first rate pictures and oleographs, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese vases, handsome strong built Victoria in very good order, a glass fronted miniature office brougham, a handsome chesnut Arab horse, plants, &c., the property of S S SOLOMON, Esq. proceeding to Europe.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

Suit No. 343 of 1890.

Vishwanath Bapoo Joshi and the Oriental Loan Association, Limited .....Plaintiffs.
vs.
Martund Bapoo Joshi .....Defendant.

Messrs. BENNETT and Company, Auctioneers, by and under the direction of Mr. A. V. Walker, Solicitor, and Mr. Ardeseer Framjee Oonwalla, Solicitor, the persons appointed to carry out the sale of the following immoveable property under the Decree made in the above suit on the 9th of December, 1890, will sell the same by Public Auction, on the premises in one Lot, on SATURDAY, the 16th day of May, 1891, at 4 o'clock, in the afternoon.

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground admeasuring 35722 square yards or thereabouts, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under old Nos. 52, 482, 483, new Nos. 3579, 4301, and 4379, and new Survey No. 1-2074, with the messuge, tenements, buildings, out houses, wells and trees standing thereon, assessed under street Nos. 89, 89 A and 89 B ward Nos. 729 (1) 729 (2) and 729 (3) situate on the north side of the public passage leading to Parel Mahim Road, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, and bounded on the east by the property formerly of Manoel Lourence Dias, on the west by the property formerly of Ramchunder Luxmonjee and others, but now of Harichandra Krishna Joshi and Alloojee Patell, and partly by the Public Road, on the north partly by the property formerly of Hasoo Teepoo Thakoor and partly by the property formerly of the said Ramchunder Luxmonjee but now partly by the property of Chunilal Maharaj, and partly by the property of Paul Kine D'Souza, and on the south by a public passage leading to the said Parel Mahim Road, and which said premises are now in the possession of the defendant Martund Bapoo Joshi and his tenants.

Particulars and conditions of sale can be obtained from the offices of Messrs. Chalk, Walker and Smetham, and Messrs. Janardhan and Ardaseer, or from the Auctioners,—

Dated this 23rd day of April, 1891.

BONA FIDE SALE.

On a day to be fixed hereafter, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "The Cliff," Malabar Hill, the very valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood french-polished plain and carved household furniture, by Wimbridge, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a handsome mahogany square pianoforte, by Schiedmayer and Soehne, a large pier glass, a handsome mahogany full sized slate billiard table by "Thurston" with lamps, cues, balls, &c., complete, a large collection of medical and other books, photographic apparatus, medical instruments, handsome China and Japanese vases, first rate pictures and oleographs, rich table ornaments, rich Persian carpets, a handsome strong English-built four-seated Phaeton by Cee-spring, by "Morgan and Co.," a pair of very handsome horses, both go in single and double harness, sets of double harness, &c., &c., the property of Brigade-Surgeon A. N. Hojel, proceeding to Europe.

Catalogues will be published and property will be on view four days before the sale.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, April 24, 1891.

NOTICES.

PRINTING PAPERS Manufactured by Messrs. JOHN DICKINSON and Co., London, specially for Indian Markets.

To-day's issue of the *Bombay Gazette* is printed on J. D. & Co.'s LION BRAND ORANGE LABEL, Glazed Quality Printings.

THE FRAMJEE PETIT SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND, at the rate of Rupees 25 (Twenty-Five) per Share, for the half year ended 31st December, 1890, will be paid on and after WEDNESDAY, the 22nd April, 1891, between 11 a.m. and 3 p.m., to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register on the 13th April, 1891, on production of their Share Certificates.

By Order of the Board of Directors.
For the Framjee Petit Spg. & Manfg. Co., Ld.,
D. M. PETIT SONS & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 18th April, 1891.

NOTICE.

DAVID WALLACE, DECEASED.

WHEREAS Letters of Administration have been granted to me, the Undersigned, as Attorney for by the Chief Court of the Punjab on the 20th of January 1891, with effect throughout British India, notice is hereby given that all persons having any of the assets of, or being indebted to, or having claims or demands against or upon, the Estate of David Wallace, late Executive Engineer, Public Works Department, Central Provinces, who died on the 5th of May 1889, are required to send to me at my residence at Umballa full particulars of such assets, debts, claims or demands on or before the 15th day of May 1891, in order that the same may be examined by me, and all claims and demands, if found correct, will be discharged.

Attested copies of Letters of Administration may be seen at the offices of Messrs. Grindlay, Groom and Co., Bombay, and Messrs. Grindlay and Co., Calcutta.

JAMES WALLACE,
District Engineer,
Delhi-Umballa-Kalka Railway.

Umballa Cantonment, Punjab, 10th April, 1891.

ARMY AND NAVY CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY, LD.

CHIEF OFFICE: 105, VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER, S. W.

INDIAN DEPOT:—APOLLO STREET, FORT, BOMBAY

PERMANENT and ANNUAL SUBSCRIBERS' TICKETS can now be obtained on application to the Agent. The subscription to the former is Rs. 21 except to existing Annual Subscribers to whom the charge is Rs. 15. The charge for Annual Tickets is Rs. 4 for the first year and Rs. 2 each subsequent year. Applications for Tickets by post must be accompanied by the subscription and 1 anna for postage. Cheques and Money Orders should be crossed Chartered Mercantile Bank of India.

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For further information, address

THE MANAGING AGENTS,
Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

THE BRANCH LINE, comprising the Kolhapur State Railway, between MIRAJ and KOLHAPUR, will be OPENED for PUBLIC TRAFFIC of all kinds on and after 21st April, 1891.

	H. M.		H. M.
Miraj. Dep.....	7 15	Kolhapur, Dep....	16 0
Kolhapur, Arr.....	9 35	Miraj, Arr	18 17

For further particulars apply to Station Masters, the Assistant Traffic Manager, Poona, or the undersigned.

WM. STEUART,
Acting Traffic Manager.

Traffic Manager's Office, Dharwar, 16th April, 1891.

THE Undersigned keeps in Stock MISCELLANEOUS STORES for immediate Supply, such as Mills, Ship and Railway Stores, Hardware, Ammunition, Sulphur, Blasting, Fuses, Red lead, Turpentine, Brushes, Pig lead, all sorts of paints, Oil, Varnishes, Ropes of best quality and all sizes, Kerosine Oil, of the well known Brands, Cocoanut Oil, Castor Oil, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

હેપ્તુલા શેક્યાદમની કું૦

i. e., HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM and Co.,
Agents for Messrs. Curtis's and Harvey Gun Powder and Blasting Powder.

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COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE, LIFE, AND MARINE.

CAPITAL—£2,500,000.

FUNDS EXCEED £1,950,000.

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WALLACE & Co., Agents,
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Secretary.

REAL EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES.

ANOTHER FRESH CASE

LAST WEEK Per P. & O. MAIL.

THE PERFECTION OF A SMOKE,

whether of Pipe, Cigar or Cigarette, is attained by the highest flavour of the Tobacco, with its greatest purity and least harshness. In Cigarettes, which are now so popular, there are none more deserving of appreciation than those manufactured by

TH. VAFIADIS,
CAIRO,
AND IMPORTED ONLY BY
J. NEUBERG, BOMBAY,
Sole Agent for India.

	Per 100
SPECIALS .....Rs.	4-8
No. 1, EXTRA SUPERIOR .....,	3-12
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GUARANTEED FRESH AND SOUND.

THE ATTENTION OF
MESS PRESIDENTS
AND
CLUB SECRETARIES
Is respectfully invited to these
UNIFORMLY SUPERB
CIGARETTES.

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ELECTRO-HOMŒOPATHIC POOR DISPENSARY
ST. ALOYSIUS' COLLEGE, MANGALORE, S. C.
GENERAL DEPOT IN INDIA

For Count C. Mattei's Medicines.
GLOBULES 30 as 8; 150 as 12; 250 &c. 1-8-0; 700, Rs. 2-8-0
ELECTRIC FLUIDS—2 drams, as. 8; 4 drams, Re. 1; 1 oz. Re. 1-12-0.
HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES.—Mother Tinctures and Powders, as. 1-6 per dram. Dilutions and Pills as. 1-3 per dram.
For Price List address:—
AUG. MULLER, S. J., Manager.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

NOTICE.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON AND Co., Bombay, are now supplying 121 Military Messes and 32 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES from the following well-known Houses:—

PAGE AND SANDEMAN.	Pall Mall, London.
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LANSON PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
PERRIER JOUET AND Co.	Epernay.
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AYALA AND Co.	Chateau d'Ay.
ERNEST IRROY AND Co.	Rheims.
RUINART PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
DAUMAL ET FILS.	Rheims.
COLIGNY FRERES	Rheims.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT.	London.
CURLIER FRERES	Cognac.
GABRIEL ST. MARC	Cognac.
LEACOCK AND Co.	Madeira.
COSSART, GORDON AND Co.	Madeira.
COCKBURN, SMITHES & Co.	London.
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NATH. JOHNSTON & SONS.	Bordeaux.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS.	Bordeaux.
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Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.

FOR SALE.

CARRIAGES FOR SALE.

MESSRS. C. S. WINDOVER & Co., Ld.,

of Long Acre and Bond Street, London Paris, &c.,

COACH-BUILDERS TO THE ROYAL FAMILY, &c., &c.

HAVE IN STOCK at their DEPOT in Girgaum (next to Messrs. Scott and Co.) a large Assortment of Fashionable, Light and well-built Carriages, New and Second-hand, of which an inspection is invited.

Drawings can be seen, orders taken, and estimates given for every description of every style of Carriage, with all the latest Improvements and Inventions on application to the Company's Agent.

HORMUSJI SORABJI,
Girgaum.

FOR SALE

THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES IN BOMBAY, BELONGING TO THE LATE SIR MUNGULDASS NATHOOBHOY, KNIGHT, C.S.I.

THE EXECUTORS of the Will of the late SIR MUNGULDASS NATHOOBHOY invite offers for the purchase of the following properties.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned at their office in Old Secretariat Buildings in Fort, who will receive the offers. The Executors do not bind themselves to accept the highest or any other offer. Dated this 11th day of April 1891.

PARTICULARS:—

1. All that piece of land or ground, situate within the Fort walls of Bombay at the East end of Manoredass Roopjee's Lane in the sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 42 square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Collector of Assessment of Municipal Taxes under ward No. 2913, Street No. 245 Street Modi Street, ward A, and bounded as follows: That is to say, on or towards the East by the chawl lately of Kanjee Khetsey, but now of Soondra Varia, on the west by the house of Gore Bhowanishunker Narronjee, on or towards the north by the vacant ground lately of Roopbai, widow of Pranjeewan Jugoobhoy, but now of Dhurumsey Lukhmidass, on the south by the property of the late Sir Munguldas Nathoobhoy hereinafter described, and which said piece of land has been connected therewith and

All that piece of land or ground with the three several messuages or dwelling houses adjoining each other, situate in Manoredas Roopjee Lane

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	10,000	Rs. 500	Rs. 50	8 p.c.p.a.	Rs. 967½
Bank of Bengal	40,000	200	all	5 pr. ct.	1 000
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	910
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	130-25
Chartered Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£25
Char. Mercantile	30,000	£25	£25	5 pr. ct.	330
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	65,000	$125	all	17½ pr.ct.	..
National Bank of India	37,200	£25	£12½	5 pr. ct.	175
Mer. Oriental Bank	80,000	£20	all	6 pr. ct.	160
Silver Share	..	..	..	..	104

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Last half-yearly.	
Ahmedabad	600	1,000	1,000	20	1,450
Alliance	2,500	1,000	all	20	545
Anglo-Indian	2,345	100	100	4	87
Ballary S & W Co. Ld. (Ballarl)	371	500	all	2 pr. ct.	800
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	25	720xd
BombayCotton Manig Co.	600	500	500	20	395
China Mills Co. Ld	900	1,000	1,000	Nil.	650
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	990
Connaught Mills	600	500	25	10 pr. ct	625
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700	700	15	630xd
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	385
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Rs. 30	500xd
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	815xd
Empress	2,100	500	25	10 pr. ct.	615
Framjee Petit	11,250	1,000	1,000	15	590
Gordon Mills	12,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	110
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	800xd
Hingunghat Mill	700	500	25	10 pr. ct.	66
Howard and Bullough	1,560	500	500	25	625
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	800
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	..	345
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	965xd
James Greaves	1,100	500	25	10 pr. ct.	630
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	Nil.	345
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	12,000	250	250	10	225xd
Jewraj Baboo	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	900
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld.	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	590
Khandesh	750	1,000	1,000	30	680
Khangaum Manfg. Co.	400	250	250	Nil.	525
Khatao Maokunjee	2,000	1,000	1,000	40	560
Leopold	2,500	100	100	15 pr. ct.	198
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,600	1,000	1,000	35	1,000
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	100	1,975
Mahaluxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil.	325
Mahboob Shahi Mills (Gulburga)	2,400	500	500	pr. ct.	500 nom
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	all	Rs. 50	1,325
Manogon	5,000	250	250	5	120xd
Morarji Goculdas	1,050	1,000	1,00	70	1,600xd
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co.	4,500	100	100	7 pr. ct.	10½
National	800	1,000	1,000	Nil.	170
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	20	780
Oriental	4,725	625	625	10	410
People of India	1,000	250	250	Nil.	5
Presidency Mills Co(Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	35	1,100xd
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	25	1,400
SholapureMills	600	1,000	1,000	60	1,350xd
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	Nil.	540
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Nil.	10½ nom
Southern Maharatta	1,212	250	250	12	267½xd
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,200	250	250	Nil.	245
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	560
Swadeshi Mills	3,000	500	500	Nil.	470
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	24	300
Western India	1,300	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	780
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	730
Ripon Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,050
Red Rose Mfg.	445	1,000	1,000	25	700
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co.	900	1,000	1,000	Nil.	800
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	725

PRESS COMPANIES.

			Yearly.		
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	7	950
Albert Ginning Co	120	800	all	18 pr. ct.	450
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	60	790xd
Apollo	750	2,400	2,208	Nil.	205
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	330
Bombay Cotton	1,000	125	125	20	125
Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld	500	1,000	1,000	..	505
Breul's Cawnpore Press Co. Ld.	500	200	200	16	90
Colaba	500	1,880	1,880	45 dvd	330
East India	350	1,000	1,000	130	1,350
English Press and Manfg. Fort	180	250	..	Rs. 20	100 950
French	515	8,500	8,500	50	520
Harvey and Sabapathy	300	500	all	20	
Hengoli Press Co., Ld.	450	450	500	30	410xd
Khangaum	750	100	all	32½	140
Mahmadpura Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld.	240	450	450	54	420
Mercantile	300	500	500	pr. ct.	500
Mofussil Co	1,000	125	125	10	60
Munmar M.	3,125	400	400	Rs. 40	137½
New Berar	1,000	250	all	Rs. 15	190
New Indian	1,200	500	500	..	560
Prince of Wales	4,000	125	125	Rs.10	97½
Sabapathy(Bellary)	600	500	500		335
Sassoon	500	500	50		500
Sind and Punjab Co.	300	500	500		500
Sind	100	1,000	1,000		200
Sorab Woollen Mills	400	2,000	760		410
Volkart	1,200	250	250	Rs.8	210
	—	1,000			800

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Last half-yearly.	
Alcock Ashdown	{ 1,000 / 750	200 / 150	200 / 150	10 / 7½	250 / 182½xd
Back Bay Baths	800	50	50	12	40
Badham Pile	5,000	100	100	12	91
Bapty Bros.	10,000	200	185	13	40
Berar Oil Mills Co., Limited.	1,250	100	All.	Nil.	100 nom
Bombay Fire Insurance	600	2,500	1,000	70	950
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	135	3,500
Do. New Issue.	500	375	625	33½	375
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	25	25	94
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	400	500	500	6 pr. ct.	63
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	Rs. 37½	910
Deccan Ice Co.	1,170	100	100	4 pr. ct.	20
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	Nil	400
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills.	1,500	200	200	Rs. 15	177½
Empire Fire Insurance	5,000	5,000	1,000	7½ pr. ct	1,05 nom
Geyer &Co., Ld	500	100	70	..	70 nom
Indian Guarantee Surety-Ship Assn.	5,000	100	10	10 pr. ct	13
John Roberts & Co	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct	75
Kemp & Co.	4,000	200	175	35½	233-94
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	360	30	100
Maharanee Ice Manufacturing Co.	3,500	100	100	Nil.	30
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 5	94
NapierHotelCo	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	51-52xdn
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	200	..	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr. ct.	170
Oriental Loan	5,000	20	20	8 pr. ct.	15
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	7 pr. ct.	61
Port Canning Co.	8,000	1,000	1,000	20	392½
Prince of WalesFirein.	250	8,000	1,000	N dvd	2,350
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	..	50
Soundy & Co.	1,000	100	100	9	83-84
Southwell and Austin	1,000	100	100 & 20	..	60
Treacher & Co.	2,000	500	all	35	960
Tresiker & Co.	1,500	100	100	10	91
Telephone Co.	9,500	25	25	5-8	13½xd
Western India Flour	..	..	..	..	16

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

				Last half-yearly guar.	
G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock	..	£100	All	5 p.c.	7 400
B. B. & C. I. R. New £18 Shares	..	£18	..	do.	432

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

English Bar Gold	Rs. 23-6-6	
China Leaf	„ 22-7	nom.
Bar Gold, New	„ 21-14	„
Do. Old	„ 23	„
Australian Bar Gold 100 touch	„ 22-7	
English Sovereigns	„ 14-5	
Do. Dragons	„ 14-4	
Bar Silver 17 Betterness	„ 106-8	
Bar Silver 17 Do.	„ 106-10	
Cycee Silver	„ 106	

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Second Criminal Sessions, 10 a.m.
Currimbhoy Mills Company, 3 p.m.
Afternoon Concert, Town Hall, 5-30 p.m.
Music at the Yacht Club, 6 p.m.
Music at the Victoria Gardens, 8-30 p.m.
Columbia Skating Rink.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday :—Alboin (s), from Bangkok; Kt. of St. John (s), and Juno (s), Cardiff; and Persian Prince (s), Batoum.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Electra (s), for Aden; and Annie Barrow (s), Marseilles.

POLO.—The ground will be reserved for practice this afternoon.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Karachi, Sind, Verawal, Mangrol, Porbunder, and Kutch Mandvie, per extra s. s. Karagola, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 10 a.m. to-morrow.

THE KHANGAUM MANUFACTURING COMPANY.—The meeting of this company, which was to have been held yesterday, at its office in Church Lane, was adjourned till the 7th of May, owing to the absence of a quorum.

A WIFE MISSING.—Runchod Laljee, living at Vithal Wadi, reports to the police that his wife, named Amarath, aged 20, left his house on the night of the 11th instant, and has not since returned. She wore wearing gold and silver ornaments valued at Rs. 152.

SUBHA MEETING.—The second annual meeting of the Balvidwatjan Sabha will be held in the hall of the New English School, Fanaswadi, on Saturday, the 25th inst., at 5 p.m., when Mr. Bal Yadneswar Shastri Gurjer has kindly consented to occupy the chair."

THE GOA ELECTIONS.—The committee in charge of the registration of election voters assembled in the Municipal Hall at Margao, on Sunday, the 19th instant, and nominated sub-committees for the several districts, into which the province of Salsette is divided.

RIPON MUSIC CLUB.—A friendly gathering will be held on Sunday, the 26th instant, at 4-30 p.m., in the premises of the club, when prizes will be awarded by the proprietor to the amateurs, who voluntarily rendered their services in the several annual entertainments of the club.

HUDSON'S SURPRISE PARTY.—Mr. T. Hudson, after a successful tour in India, leaves Bombay to-morrow, by the s. s. Ravenna for Australia, with his party of gifted assistants. Mr. Hudson hopes, while away, to secure some really good talent, and his return in October next will be eagerly looked forward to by his many friends.

DISMISSED FROM GOVERNMENT SERVICE.—Nana Raoji, officiating Revenue and Police Patel, of the village of Malad, tarf Patas, taluka Bhimthadi, in the Poona Collectorate, having been convicted under Section 411, of the Indian Penal Code, is declared incapable of serving Government again in any capacity.—*Bombay Government Gazette.*

ALLEGED SERIOUS ASSAULT.—Marooti Bapoojee, a Hindu labourer, was conveyed to the J. J. Hospital yesterday, where on examination it was found that the sight of his right eye had been completely destroyed. Marooti alleged that he was assaulted by one Balia, who struck him with his clenched fist on the eye. He had been on bad terms with the accused who had made good his escape.

THE ALFRED DRAMATIC COMPANY, taking advantage of to-day being a grand Parsee holiday, repeat at the express desire of a number of people the favourite play of "Gamreni Gori," at the Novelty Theatre, to-night. This drama, the clever production of a practised few, always proves attractive and draws a good house.

DANGER OF LEAVING A TRAIN IN MOTION.—On the night of the 12th inst., while the up Ahmedabad mixed train was entering the Bandora station, Vithu Gopal, a *mukadum* in the employ of the Bandora Municipality, attempted to leave the train while in motion, and in doing so he missed his footing and fell between the footboard of the train and the platform with the result that his right leg was crushed, and severe injuries inflicted on the shoulder. He was brought to Bombay to the J. J. Hospital, where he died yesterday.

A GANG OF GAMBLERS.—Yesterday, at the Girgaum Police Court, Inspector Greyhurst charged Mahmadally Jeevajee and eight others before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, the first with keeping a common gambling house and the rest with gambling with money, cards, and dice on the 22nd instant. Inspector Greyhurst, in consequence of certain information received, went to a house in Doctor Street on Wednesday last, and arrested the whole of the accused while they were gambling. The Magistrate sentenced the first accused to pay a fine of Rs 15; and the rest Rs. 3 each.

DROWNED IN A TANK—An inquest was held yesterday afternoon, by Dr. Thomas Blaney, Coroner, at the morgue, touching the death of Nagoo Luxman, aged 14. The deceased was employed in the Howard and Bullough Mill. On Wednesday afternoon he was found missing and inquiries were made with the result that his body was found floating on the surface of the water in the hot-water tank of the mill. A dhotur belonging to the deceased was found lying near the wall of the tank. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The band of the King's Own Yorkshire Light Infantry will play the following programme, at the Royal Bombay Yacht Club, this evening, at 6 o'clock :—

Quadrille	London Life — Coote.
Overture	Rubezahl — Flotow.
Selection	Pirates of Penzance — Sullivan.
Valse	Santiago — Corben.
Selection	Un Ballo in Maschera — Verdi.
Polka	Eislauf — Strauss.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

MUSIC AT THE VICTORIA GARDENS.—The Band of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles will perform the following programme at the Victoria Gardens at 8-30 this evening :—

Overture	The Bohemian Girl — Balfe.
Mazurka	Em Liebesduo — Faust.
Valse	Ruddigore — Bucalossi.
Selection	Genevieve de Brabant — Offenbach.
Polka	Off we go — C. Coote.
Quadrille	Topsy-Turvy — Williams.
Galop	Vivat — Zikoff.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

PARSEE CHIEF MATRIMONIAL COURT.—Yesterday afternoon before the Hon. Mr. Justice Birdwood, Mr. S. M. Rele, on behalf of the petitioner in the suit of Jamasjee Byramjee *vs.* Bachubai and another, moved absolute the rule *nisi* granted by his lordship for the dissolution of the marriage on the 16th December, 1890. Mr. Sansgiri opposed the application on behalf of the respondent on the ground that the petitioner had not paid the arrears of alimony for a month and a half, amounting to Rs. 30, at the rate of Rs. 20 per month. Mr. Rele undertook to pay the arrears before Monday next; and his lordship postponed the case, making the rule absolute until that day.

A SERIES OF THEFTS BY A PARSEE YOUTH.—Sorabjee Hormusjee *alias* Kudabux, a Parsee, was charged on remand yesterday, by Inspector Hack, before Mr. C.W. Richardson, Third Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court, with house-breaking and theft of property, comprising books, wearing apparel, law-books, a time-piece, and numerous other articles, aggregating to about Rs. 201. In this case there were seven complainants who, through the clever contrivances of the prisoner, were totally at a loss to account for the loss of their property, which had mysteriously disappeared. On the 31st of March Mr. Warden, solicitor, High Court, made a complaint to the police about the loss of a time-piece and several law-books. During the investigations the books were traced to a book-seller's shop on the Kalbadevie Road, and when this clue was obtained the rest of the property was successfully traced to various Marwarees. The whole of the property recovered was claimed and identified. The prisoner who pleaded "guilty" was convicted of three charges, and committed to jail to undergo an accumulated term of five years' rigorous imprisonment.

AN ADDRESS TO SIR DINSHAW MANECKJI PETIT, BART.—A deputation, consisting of Dustoor Khurshedji Jamsetjee Jamaspasana of Mhow, Mr. HormusjiManekji Bhamgara, and other Parsee gentlemen of Indore, waited on Sir Dinshaw M. Petit, Bart., on Wednesday, at his residence, Malabar Hill, and presented him with an address, congratulating him on his having been honored with the title of a Baronet of the British Empire early last year. The presentation was made so late owing to the worthy Parsee baronet having been in mourning on account of his wife's death a fortnight before the date of the bestowal of the honour. The address is beautifully illumined on vellum, and enclosed in an elegant silver case. The Dustoor read the address and subsequently recited a poem in Persian, composed by him for the occasion. In reply Sir Dinshaw said that the several benefactions to which allusion had been made in the address purely emanated from motives of humanity and he had done nothing beyond the dictates of his duty towards the Zoroastrians of Indore. He thanked them very cordially for the great honour done to him by his Indore friends. After rose-water and flowers being distributed the party separated.

A GRIEVOUS ASSAULT.—At the Esplanade Police Courts yesterday, before Mr. C. P. Cooper, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Moosaji Banaji and Yoda Yessoob on bail, were charged with voluntarily causing grievous hurt on the 30th of March to Haroon Benjamin, a carpenter, who, it will be recollected, had been severely assaulted by the two accused with bamboos, and was detained in hospital till he had recovered from the wounds on his head. Both the prisoners made a strenuous defence and pleaded "not guilty," stating to the Court that the complainant was a well-known character who did not follow the profession of a carpenter but was one of those *budmashes* who levied blackmail, and had been on more than one occasion previously assaulted as the numerous marks on his head could sufficiently show. The wounds which Haroon Benjamin complained of were self-inflicted, and two witnesses appeared for the defence to show that he had an altercation with the prisoners on the night of the assault, and that the latter were not responsible for the injuries the complainant received. The Magistrate after considering the evidence said that there was no doubt that some altercation did take place between the parties. But he must come to the conclusion that the first accused Moosaji Banaji did strike the complainant with a stick upon his head. He therefore fined him Rs. 70, or six weeks in default, and if the money were paid he awarded Rs. 40 out of that amount to the complainant. The second accused Yoda was fined Rs. 10. The Bench made an additional order that both the prisoners should be bound over in Rs. 100 each to keep the peace for six months.

CHARGE OF ASSAULT.—Lal Mahomed Cassum was charged yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Courts, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, by Inspector Nolan of the B Division, with causing grevious hurt with a bill-hook to Sheik Karim Sheik Ibrahim. From the evidence of a woman, named Munabee, it appeared that Sheik Karim Sheik Ibrahim was her paramour, with whom she lived with her son Lal Mahomed Cassum, the accused. On Wednesday afternoon Sheik Karim, the complainant, went home intoxicated, and asked his mistress for a rupee which she gave him. Another rupee was demanded, but this was refused, and when Munabee remarked that the money should not be wasted in gambling, he seized a ladle and assumed a threatening attitude, which made her leave him. On expressing his unwillingness to have her son in his house Lal Mahomed Cassum set about rolling up his things, and when the complainant observed his action he demanded four rupees from him which Lal Mahomed gave to a neighbour *pathan*, with instructions to give the money to the then exasperated complainant after he had quitted the premises. Munabee then approached her master who, as it was alleged, seized her and beat her to unconsciousness, and it is conjectured that this assault on his mother aroused the feelings of her son Lal Mahomed Cassum against the complainant, and was the direct motive that incited him to seize the bill-hook, and use it in the manner he did. The testimony of Jainabee, sister of Sheik Karim Sheik Ibraham, was in contradiction to these statements, she alleging that her brother was assaulted by the witnesses, Munabee and the prisoner. The *pathan* Mahomed Khan Hajee Ely Bux also appeared, and deposed to the intoxication of the complainant and threatening to commit murder that night. The case was remanded till the 7th proximo for the recovery of the injured man Sheik Karim Sheik Ibrahim.

CHINESE VIEWS ABOUT HYDROPHOBIA.

The benighted condition of the Chinese in regard to diseases and their treatment is well illustrated by a translation from a Chinese paper in reference to hydrophobia, the occasion being the dreadful condition of Singapore, which has for some time past been overrun by packs of ownerless dogs, many of which are afflicted with rabies, and have bitten several people with fatal results :—

Cases of hydrophobia are very common in Singapore. Many victims have succumbed from it and the danger has now become so apparent that a deputation of gentlemen and merchants waited on his Excellency the Governor the other day to request him to devise some means which would free the public from this dreadful disease. The deputation suggested that an entire extirpation of dogs should be carried out. We are, however, of opinion that such a course of action is not at all necessary. The object of the deputation in making such a suggestion is no doubt to protect human life, but it should be remembered that the dog is not a wholly useless creature to man and it has also life in it. Even the smallest thing created by heaven should be treated with consideration, and entire extirpation in this case is out of the question. The best way of dealing with hydrophobia we believe is by medical treatment. When proper treatment is given the disease could easily be cured, and as a matter of fact it is utterly unnecessary to raise such an outcry against hydrophobia. The European doctors however, have not yet discovered a good prescription for this disease; therefore their treatment is not generally successful We will now say a few words on the treatment and the symptoms of hydrophobia. When a man or even his clothes or queue, has been bitten by a rabid dog, he is affected by the poison of the animal. After some time the poison develops itself and the patient begins to show signs of madness. At this stage of the disease proper medical treatment should be given, otherwise the patient will imitate the movement of a dog—smell anything that comes in his way and bark himself to death. In some cases when a man is bitten he thinks very little of it. He merely stops the bleeding, applies some medicine to the wound, and when it is healed he believes that the danger is gone. But he forgets that though the wound is healed up the poison has not been extracted and in some future day the disease will surely break out again. This is the mistake that the European doctors generally fall into. Now in order to determine whether the disease that a patient suffers from is hydrophobia or not the following method should be adopted :—Get a gong or any large brass utensil and strike it before the patient. If he is suffering from hydrophobia he will at once show signs of madness; then fan him with a large palm-leaf fan and he will crouch down as if in great fear. When we have determined on the disease the next step that should be taken—a most important one—is to search the hair of the patient. There we will certainly find one hair of the colour of vermillion, and rather stronger and coarser than ordinary hair. This particular hair should be entirely pulled out, not even the smallest part of root must be left, otherwise the disease cannot be cured. When this has been done a prescription must be prepared and the drugs used should be of such a nature as will expel the poison from where it has located itself. Any how great care should be exercised in the treatment of this disease, and that depends upon the doctor who has the case under his treatment.

HIGH COURT.—APRIL 24.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice BAYLEY and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice FARRAN.)
Appeals for hearing and final disposal.

695—Chalk, W, and S—Bulwantrao Sudashiv and another vs Bhugwantrao Sudashiv and others—Crawford, B, B, and B—Part heard.
796—Crawford, B, B, and B—E C K Olivant vs Serafina de Ga—Conroy and B.
700—Shamrao P—Bapoojee Rustomjee Mehta vs Mayaram Hurrishunker—Tyabjee and D.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)
Summary Suit to be heard in Chambers.

187-91—H S Dikshit—S M de Esperance vs Tarachund Baridas.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice TELANG.)
Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Postponed Long Causes.

536-90—Conroy and B—Devidas Kessowjee vs Premjee Kessowjee and another—Crawford, B B and B—Part heard.
98-91—Jefferson, B D & K—A Lasasso and another vs Govindjee Vulubdas—Thakurdas, D and C.
337-90—Ardosir, H and D—Rustomjee Byramjee Colabawalla vs Narrondas Purmanundas—Mansuklal, D and J.
58-91—Conroy and B—Momon Mohomed Oosman vs Memon Cassum Ally—Macfarlane E and H.
471-90—Conroy and B—Hassumbhoy Visram and others vs Hajee Mahomed Joosub and another—Pestonjee and R and T and D
664-90—Tyebjee and D—Vithuldas Purbhoodas vs the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation—Conroy and B.

DIVINE SERVICE.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.
Friday, April 24th 1891.
Eve of Saint Mark Evangelist and Martyr.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Saturday, 25th—Saint Mark Evangelist and Martyr.
7-15 a.m.—Holy Communion.—Hymns 410, 315 and 221.

"A good thing is soon matched up." The rapid sales of SAPOLIO need surprise no one. Sapolio is a solid cake of Scouring Soap that works wonders. Agents.—H. BALLANTINE and SONS, Hornby Row, Bombay.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steam-ship Tripoli, 1,687 tons, Captain E Dunn cleared yesterday for Genoa, &c, with a general cargo.

THE steam-ship Bedouin, 1,234 tons, Captain W J J Goldsworthy, cleared yesterday for Genoa, with a general cargo.

THE steam-ship Alboin, 649 tons, Captain H Johnston, arrived in harbour yesterday from Bangkok, with a cargo of timber.

The steam-ship Kt of St John, 2,248 tons, Captain A J H Billett, arrived in harbour yesterday from Cardiff, with a cargo of 3,779 tons coal. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Killick Nixon and Co.

THE steam-ship Annie Barrow, 2,004, Captain E Bindon, clearday yesterday for Marseilles, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr G G Craig, Mrs Newberg and child, Miss Ingle, and 2 deck.

THE Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's S N Co's steam-ship Thisbe, 1,847 tons, Captain G Costanzo, will sail to-day for Hongkong via Colombo, with a general cargo, Mr and Mrs Shadenburg as cabin and 2 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Chindwara, 1,475 tons, Captain W. B. Smith, cleared yesterday for Coast and Calcutta, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr and Mrs Worthey, Mr A Barrett, and 21 deck.

DEPARTURE OF THE CHINA AND AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

THE P and O Co's steam-ship Ravenna, 1,915 tons, Captain E Crewe, will sail to-day for China via Colombo, with Her Majesty's China and Australian mails, a general cargo and the following passengers :—For Sydney—Mr Summer, Mr T P Hudson, Miss Moytapp Good, Miss Lily Linton, Miss H Harley, Miss Clair, Miss Walker, Miss Girard, Miss F Turner, Mr Provo, Mr Nish, Mr Calloghan, Surg-Maj Damla, and Mr F Summers. For Melbourne—Miss Yeneken, and Mr James. For King George Sound—Mr J Bowman. For Yokohama—Mr C M Firth, and Major Costobodie. For Shanghai—Mr B German, Mr Kyrle Bellew, Mrs Potter, Mr Twining and Mr and Mrs Hamilton. For Hongkong—Mr Marsden. For Colombo—Dr Robinson, Revd Percy Gethen, and Mr Christian Muttah. For Calcutta—Mr Rapurd.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—APRIL 23.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Urbino	1543	Kerr	A	Finlay Muir & Co.
„ Roma	2727	Rait	B	B. I. S. N. Co.
„ Verax	1640	McDowell	D	W&A Graham & Co
„ Flamboro	1258	Jones	E	W&A Graham & Co
„ Annie Barrow	2004	Bindon	F	B Craig & Co
„ Pemba	986	Houstoun	G	B I S N Co
„ Stella	1528	Partridge	H	
„ Day-Break	1903	Morgan	K	W&A Graham & Co
„ Lizzie	1334	Durkie	L	J Mackintosh & Co
„ Athabasca	1645	Jones	M	J Mackintosh & Co
„ Trelawny	1014	Daniel	N	J Mackintosh & Co
„ Congo	1891	Rogers	O	F Muir & Co
„ Florida	2049	Young	P	J Mackintosh & Co
„ Huzara	1336	Stebbing	Q	B I S N Co
„ Wai	..	Nacoda...alongside	..	Shepherd & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

S.S. Bheema ..... Nacoda ..... Shepherd & Co.
„ Krishna ..... do. do.

VICTORIA DOCK.

			No.	
S.S. Peninsular	2711	Loggin	1	P & O S N Co
„ Asia	2322	Laird	2	W&A Graham & Co
„ Bedouin	1234	Goldsworthy	3	Killick Nixon & Co.
„ Ravenna	1915	Hall	4	P & O Co.
„ Teheran	1671	Sams	5	P & O S N Co
„ Kt. Companion	2543	Jones	6	K Nixon & Co.
„ Imperatrix	2440	Egger	7	J Jani
„ Thisbe	1848	Costanzo	8	A-H Lloyd's S N Co.
„ Etolia	2439	Gill	9	K Nixon & Co
„ Terra	1778	Peterson	10	C Edulji
„ Chittagong	1240	Davey	12	W. & A. Graham.
„ Calabria	2030	Kennedy	15	E Bates & Co
„ Trepoli	1687	Dunn	16	W&A Graham & Co
„ Venetia	2725	Creery	18	P & O S N Co

ARRIVALS.

April	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
23	Alboin (s)	Johnston	Bangkok.
	Kt. of St. John (s)	Billett	Cardiff, March 24.
	Juno (s)	White	Cardiff.
	Persian Prince (s)	.....	Batoum.

DEPARTURES.

April	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
23	Electra (s)	Smith	Aden.
	Annie Barrow (s)	Bindon	Marseilles.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday :—
Steamer Ravenna, Crewe, for China, &c.
„ Bedouin, Goldsworthy, for Genoa.
„ Roma, Rait, for London.
„ Chindwara, Smith, for Coast and Calcutta.
„ Thisbe, Costanzo, for Hongkong.
„ Tripoli, Dunn, for Genoa, &c.

The steamer Pentakota began to load yesterday for Calcutta, Rangoon, &c.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

April.
19 Virawa s ..... Jones ..... Bombay, April 11.
Buckingham sp .. Sime ..... Port not mentioned.

DEPARTURE.

April 19.—Steamer Purnea.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—APRIL 21.

Orr, Lieut, Bengal, 1st Lancers, on leave, from Aurungabad.

APRIL 22.

Broke-Smith, Dy Surgeon-General, Bengal Medical Staff, on leave from Lucknow.
Adams, Surgeon Bo, Medical Staff, on leave from Deesa.

APRIL 23.

Clowes, Lieut, Bo, Comt, Dept, on leave, from Poona.
Black, Major, 1st Bo, Gre., on duty.
Lawrence, Major, Bengal, K Drg Gds, on leave, from Allahabad.

DEPARTURES—APRIL 22.

Morton, Col, Bengal Staff, on duty, to Agra.

APRIL 23.

Black, Major 1st Bo, Gre., on duty, to Baroda.
Warden, Capt Bo, Staff Corps, on duty, to Mhow.
Stewart, Col Ms 1st Lancers H C on remount duty, to Aurungabad.
Robinson, Surgeon Bengal Medical Staff, on leave.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. THE HON. L. H. BAYLEY, COMMANDING B. V. R.
Bombay, 24th April, 1891.

1. The Annual Regimental Prize-Distribution will take place at the Town Hall on Wednesday next, the 29th instant, at 9 p.m. Officers commanding Companies are requested to make their own arrangements for their Prize lists and Prizes.
2. The Bombay Volunteer Rifle Association Prizes will be distributed at the same time.
3. All Prizes not claimed at the distribution *will be forfeited.*

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

1. Members are requested to return their carbines to Head-Quarters as early as possible.
2. Trooper A. Marsden is granted one year's leave out of India from this date.
4. Mr. A. C. Boulton having joined is taken on the strength from this date, and posted to "R" Troop.

By Order,
(Sd.) T. W. C. LEATHEM, Captain,
Adjutant, B. V. Rifles.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR G. W. ROUGHTON, COMMANDING B. V. A.
Bombay, 24th April, 1891.

1. The following drills will take place for No. 2 Battery at the Nesbit Road Head-Quarters.
To-day, at 5-45 p.m., Gun drill.
2. There will be class firing at Coorla for No. 2 Battery to-morrow morning. Train leaves Byculla Station at 5-40 a.m. (local time).

By Order,
(Sd.) A. LESLIE, Captain,
Acting Adjutant, B. V. A.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERV

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1 ; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

GOLD LINKS ! GOLD STUDS !! GOLD SOLITAIRES !!! Made in the latest styles on our premises of Indian Gold. CREST or MONOGRAM engraved by experienced Engravers.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Bombay or Poona.

MAGIC LANTERN, with Powerful Condensing Lenses. Reduced to Rs. 50 and Rs. 65, each. A large Stock of Slides of various subjects. GEYER & Co., Ld., Bombay.

LADIES visiting Bombay will find a Choice Assortment of SILKS, DRAPERY, MILLINERY, and every REQUISITE for travelling in INDIA or proceeding home, at Mrs. TAYLOR'S Dressmaking and Millinery Establishment, 25, Medows Street, Bombay.

HALL MARKED 18-Kt. GOLD KEEPER RINGS.—A fresh Consignment of London-made Keeper Rings of MIZPHIA, BUCKEL, CURVED, CHASED, and many other elegant Designs just to hand. Price Rs. 15 only. Well worth money.—JEHANGIR C. COWASJEE, Watch Maker and Jeweller, 97, Meadows Street.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED. —Comfortable PHAETON and TONGA DAWKS from POONA to MAHABLESHWAR, also from WATHAR to MAHABLESHWAR can be obtained at reasonable rates from BURJORJEE PEROSHAW, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier in ordinary to H. E. Lord Reay, late Governor of Bombay.

CRAIG LAND—Rupees 25,000, Craig Land, going for unless a BETTER OFFER. R. SKIPSEY, Solicitor, Apollo Street, Bombay.

PIANOS.—A few thoroughly good and reliable Instruments lately returned from Hire and offered at very low Prices to clear. 33, Rampart Row, Bombay, S. R. ASE & Co.

CRICKET BATS, of all best and known makers. Price moderate. I. R. Handle Covers Annas 12. Spikes Annas 10.—WRIGHT & Co., Mint Road, Fort.

FOR Ringworm, Eczema, Itch, and other Skin Diseases nothing comes up to MOTIVALA'S RINGWORM POWDER, from one to three applications whereof generally suffice. For particulars and testimonials of cures see handbills which can be had of S. B. MOTIVALA, Frere Road, Fort, Bombay. Price per ½ oz. phial 4 Annas.

RECEIVED, the New Improved Mignon Organs, with 3 music rolls, Rs. 60 ; extra Music Rolls, Rs. 3. These Organs are on the same principle, but larger in size.—STEFFENAUER & Co., Fort Bombay.

WANTED, A CARDING MASTER, and a SPINNING MASTER, for a Local Cotton Mill. Only Europeans of proved ability and exnerience need apply, stating terms with copies of testimonials, to "A B C.," care of this Paper.

THE SERVICES of a 6 years' Mercantile experience Man in Seed and Wheat is OPEN to an ENGAGEMENT. Highest references. "V.," care of this Office.

TO BE LET, a BUNGALOW, at Bandora, facing the Sea, on long lease. Suitable for two families. Rent Rs. 50. Apply to "L. M.," care of this Paper.

TO LET.—LARGE ROOM in the Fort. Apply "LET," *Bombay Gazette* Office.

TO LET.—Two lovely BUNGALOWS, Khandala, close to station, charming scenery. Apply CUMOO SULLEMAN.

EXTRACTS out of Numerous TESTIMONIALS of BATLIWALA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE :—Very Rev. B. Fernandes, Vicar da Vara :—It is most efficacious. E. M. Morris, Esq., Tunnel Works, Gollkera :—It is a diamond drop to a man dying with Malarious Fever. Surgeon-Major M. E. Reporter Cannanore :—All the cases tried upon have recovered. Send your orders to Dr. H. L. Batliwala, Dadur, Bombay. May also be had at Kemp and Co., Phillips and Co., &c, at Re 1.

"THE STANDARD" again heads the list of the Scotch Offices for the past year. New Assurances £1,379,002. Apply SECRETARY, Standard Life Office, Bombay and Calcutta.

IN consequence of daily increasing demand for accommodation at RIPON HOTEL, MAHABLESHWAR, it is much extended. Single Ladies and Gent can now have Private Sitting-rooms attached. These New Suites of Rooms are ventilated on Scientific principle and with the latest Sanitary Improvements. Cook's Hotel Coupons accepted.

RUGBY HOTEL, MATHERAN.—The most popular Hotel on the Hill, affords all the comforts of a home at moderate charges. Rooms are bright, airy, and commodious, while the situation is the highest and the most central.

SPECIAL SALE of neatly trimmed HATS for Summer wear, Rs. 3, 4, 5, each. Flowers 6 as a spray. Zophyrs and other Dress Materials all at reduced prices. An early inspection solicited.—MACKAY and Co., Rampart Row.

A. B. MACKAY'S Liqueur Whisky and Highland Whisky, the choicest of their kind, approved by Royalty. Need only a trial to use no other brand. To be had from P. N. KERRAWALLA & Co., Marine Street, Fort, Bombay.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms apply to "B. L. A.," care of Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Rampart Row.

ELEPHANTA.—The Fine New Steam-Launch "VICTORIA," runs frequently to the Island. Fare Rs. 5, and is AVAILABLE FOR PICNICS. For Terms apply to THOS. COOK AND SON, Rampart Row.

LANSON'S CUVEE DE RESERVE CHAMPAGNE, in Quarts and Pints.—Apply to LYON and Co., Sole Agents.

ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES ! ! ! The Portable Electric Light Installation of the *Bombay Gazette* has been renewed and enlarged, and is available for lighting up Public Entertainments, Wedding Festivities, &c. Apply to the "ELECTRICIAN," *Bombay Gazette*.

BADHAM PILE and Co., Ld.—LADIES' LINEN COLLARS, new shapes, with habit Shirts, Rs. 5-8 cash or V. P. Post.

CHIANTI.—Best Italian Wine. Imported by C. Boggiano and Co. Sole Agents J. PEARSE and Co., Sirdar's Palace, Apollo Street, Bombay. Price Rs. 12-0 per doz. bottles.

CHEAPEST DEPOT of Brazilian Pebble SPECTACLES, FOLDERS, etc., fitted on the latest scientific method. Gold framed from Rs. 14 to Rs. 18, metal framed Rs. 3 and upwards. GOLD JEWELLERIES can be had ready or made to order.—DINSHAW M. DUSTUR, Oculist-Optician, 93, Medow St., Fort (opposite Soundy and Co).

JUST PUBLISHED.—MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY for 1891.—Enlarged Corrected, and Revised up to Date. Indispensable for Visitors and Residents. Cloth bound. Price Rs. 5. Postage, 4 Annas.—*Bombay Gazette*, Albert Building, Fort, Bombay.

ASHU'S POWDER

Perfectly cures the habit of Drinking Spirits and Wines, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, &c., by use as per instructions on Label.

Rs. 3-8 Per Phial.

A. T. MOOKERJEE.

Barnagore, *via* Calcutta.

THE GREAT ORIENTAL MEDCAMENTUM.

DR. G. B. SHAW'S

SAMARITAN DROPS

Rouses and developes the nervous Energies, Strengthens and Regulates the Bladder, Kidneys, Lungs and Liver, and is highly recommended and prized as a Sovereign Remedy for the following Maladies :—

Asthma, Cough, Dropsy, Worms, Gravel, Chronic Fevers, Liver Complaint, Palpitation of the Heart, Giddiness, Nervousness, Headache, Internal Sores, Phosphatic Deposits, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Fluor-Albus, Catarrh.

By external application Dr. G. B. Shaw's SAMARITAN DROPS is considered invaluable for :—

Burns, Ulcers, Malignant Sores, Ringworms, Paralysis, Leprosy, Rheumatism, Gout, Syphilitic Sores, and bad Skin Diseases.

Full directions for use accompany every Phial. Sold at Re. 1, Rs. 2, Rs. 3-8, Rs. 5-4, and Rs. 10 Per Phial.

Packing As. 4 extra.

WANTED AGENTS.

Apply to

A. T. MOOKERJEE,

Proprietor.

Barnagore, Suburb of Calcutta, E. India.

NOTIFICATION OF THE UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA SCHOLARSHIP.

THE SYNDICATE invite applications for a GOVERNMENT OF INDIA SCHOLARSHIP, the appointment to which falls to be made during the present year (1891-92) by the University of Bombay.

2. Applications for the Scholarship must be forwarded to the Undersigned so as to reach him not later than the 3rd MONDAY, in June next.

3. For further particulars see University Notification No. 1567, published in the "Bombay Government Gazette," of 5th March 1891.

D. MACDONALD, M. D., B. Sc., C. M., University Registrar.

Bombay, 18th April, 1891.

REPAIR DEPARTMENT.

OUR resources in this Department have of late greatly developed, and we can execute any Orders relative to Mechanical, Surveying, Drawings Mathematical, Nautical, Optical or Astronomical Appliances, as expeditiously and cheaply as any Firm in India, and we rely upon the Superior Character of our work to obtain for us a fair share of Public Patronage. Our European Watchmakers have all served their Apprenticeship in the First Manufactories in Europe, and have been selected and brought to India by ourselves, and cannot be surpassed for the excellence of their work. Complicated Pieces, such as Repeaters, Calendar-Watches, Chronometers, &c., may be entrusted to us in the full Confidence that the repair will be done in a thoroughly satisfactory Manner and Guaranteed.

Repairs to Jewellery, Spectacles, &c., are most carefully attended to, being under direct European Supervision.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,

SURGEON DENTIST,

NO. 3, HORNBY ROW,

Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

SWIFT AND FARROW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.,

UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.

No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are specific for all Bilious Affections.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS cure Melancholy, sick Headaches and Costiveness.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are a sovereign remedy for Erysipelas, Diseases of the skin and Inflammation.

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J. W. MORRIS,

CIGAR MERCHANT AND TOBACCONIST,

7 & 8, BRIGADE ROAD, BANGALORE.

UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE OF THE ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB

And 50 other Clubs, Messes, and Regimental Institutions in India and Burmah.

Buy direct from Manufacturer. A single Box can be had at the rate per 1,000.

SUMATRA LEAF CIGARS.

	Per 1,000. Rs.	Discount on 5,000 to 10,000.	Discount on 15,000.	Discount on 20,000.
		per cent.	per cent.	per cent.
Buckinghams	40	10	15	20
Wellingtons, No. 1	25	10	15	20
Wellingtons, No. 2	22-8	10	15	20
Wellingtons, No. 3	20	5	10	15
Connemaras	27-8	10	15	20

TRICHY CIGARS.

Morris' Beehives, No. 1	16-4	10	15	20
Morris' Beehives, No. 2	13-12	5	10	15
O. K. Morris' (Barrel)	15	10	15	20
O. K. Johnsons (Reeds)	16-4	10	15	20
O. K. Dawsons (Straws)	13-12	5	10	15

The above rates are for Cigars, packed in Cedarwood Boxes of 100, (Buckinghams in 50's) delivered at Railway Station, Bangalore.

An extra charge at 6 annas per 1,000, up to 10,000, is made for deal-wood packing cases covered with tarpaulin.

Over 10,000 packed free.

Terms.—To Regimental Institutions, Cash on Receipt of Goods. To trade, and all others, V. P. system for orders under Rs. 100 ; over that amount, half value to be remitted with order, or satisfactory reference : and Rail Receipt per V. P. Post for balance of amount due.

JOHN ROBERTS & Co., Ld.,

PRACTICAL BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS

AND

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS,

HAVE RECEIVED a fresh consignment of best Limoge Porcelainware, consisting of Dinner and Dessert Services, also very choice after Dinner Coffee Cups.

THE GOODS ARE NOW ON VIEW at 18, MARINE STREET.

JUST PUBLISHED.

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GUIDE TO BOMBAY

AND

BOMBAY DIRECTORY

FOR

1891.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED

At the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE.

INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5 ; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1891, contains much new and valuable information brought down to date, and gives the history of the remarkable progress made by the city in recent years.

While recording the advance that has been made in the commerce and manufacturing industry of Bombay the GUIDE gives a comprehensive account of the numerous charitable institutions of the different communities, and accurate and detailed descriptions of the many public buildings which have been completed during the year.

The DIRECTORY has been carefully enlarged, verified, and revised up to the day of going to Press. Valuable information has been added, and special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Albert Buildings, Esplanade, Fort.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,

DENTAL SURGEON.

18 YEARS IN PRACTICE.

No. 19, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY,

OPPOSITE TO CURRENCY BANK.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 23.

CONSOLS declined ¼ per cent. in London yesterday, making the price 95⅞ ; and the market rates of discount were advanced to the same extent, say to 3⅜ per cent. both for short London Bills and six months' sight Indian Bank Paper. About £200,000 in Gold was paid into the Bank of England. A further drop of ½d. per oz. took place in the price of Silver, at 43¼d. per oz. ; and Rupee Paper was ¼ per cent. lower in each denomination at £73⅜ for Fours, and £75⅝ for 4½ per cents. In New York also the metal was ⅜ cent. lower, at 96½, with Exchange unaltered ; and the United States Treasury bought 177,000 ounces at 96·36 to 96·40 per oz. In Paris, French Rentes advanced ½, say to 94½ ; Exchange on London a shade higher at fcs. 25·26½.

At the weekly Biddings for Indian Council remittances yesterday, 29½ lakhs of Bills were allotted to Calcutta, and 15½ lakhs to Bombay at 1s. 4⅜d., this rate showing, a decline of 5-16d. from that obtained at last week's regular allotments, no extra sales having been made in the interval. It is announced that 50 lakhs will be offered next Wednesday. The Exchange Banks further put down their buying rate on India, at 30 days' sight, making it 1s. 4 9-16d.

The Goat Skin sale closed in London yesterday with a better demand, at last sale rates. The number of Skins sold was 710,000, out of the 760,000 offered.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady, Surats irregular, and Arrivals dull, the sales having aggregated 8,000 bales, inclusive of 500 East Indian. Spot prices were quite unchanged ; but American Arrivals were 1-16d. higher in all positions, the extreme quotations being 4 41-64d. for April deliveries, and 4 55-64d. for August-September. The days' Imports were 2,000 bales. The Manchester Market was quiet.

In New York 8⅞ cents was still the price of ready Mid-Uplands, but July Futures were 10 points higher, at 8·83 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 10,000 bales, making the comparison between the present season's Receipts and those for the previous two years, to the same time, as follows :—

	1891.	1890.	1889.
Wednesday's Receipts	10,000	1,400	4,000.
Four days' do.	49,000	9,200	26,000.
Since 1st Sept. '90	6,482,000	5,634,300	5,367,000

A quiet feeling has continued to prevail in our local Cotton Market ; but yesterday's improved demand has been sustained, and we have again to report a considerable business, about equally divided between exporters and local spinners. The former have taken 1,900 bales, of which 600 were Oojein Ginned, at Rs. 171 ; 500 Bengals, at Rs. 134-50½ ; 300 Barsee, at Rs. 177 ; 200 Dharwar, at Rs. 164½ ; 200 Indore, at Rs. 160 : and 100 Mows, at Rs. 172 ; while the Mills bought 2,000 bales, made up of 500 Julgaum ; at Rs. 147 ; 300 Bhownugger, at Rs. 146-54 ; 200 Dharwar, at Rs. 165 ; 200 Veerumgaum, at Rs. 162 ; 200 Pachora, at Rs. 144 ; 200 Khangaum, at Rs. 146 ; 100 Morvi, at Rs. 171 ; 100 Mondra Ginned, at Rs. 165 ; and 50 Cuddy, at Rs. 170½ per candy.

WHEAT has been firm in tone, but demand for export has fallen off to-day, and only a moderate business has transpired. Prices are made ½ an anna per cwt. lower, and we now quote :—

White Peasy	91 per cent.	Rs. 5-8-6	per cwt.
Do.	85 ,,	to 5-7-6	,,
No. 1 Club Delhi	,,	5-5-6	,,
Red Delhi	,,	Rs. 4-13-6	,,
Hard Yellow	,,	5-8-6	,,
Red Ahmedabad	,,	5-3-6	,,
Hard Red	,,	4-5-6	,,

SEEDS, on the other hand, have been in active request by shippers, and a large business has been done in a strong market, while prices of *Linseed* and *Rapeseed* have advanced 2 annas per cwt. to our quotations, say

Linseed	Rs. 6-10-0	to Rs. 6-12-0	per cwt.
Rapeseed, Guzerat Yellow	,, 8-6-0	to ,, 8-7-0	,,
Do. Cawnpore	do. ,, 8-2-0	to ,, 8-4-0	,,
Do. do.	Red ,, 7-3-0	to ,, 7-5-0	,,

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows :—

Cotton	11,785 bales.
Wheat	68,867 cwts.
Linseed	38,093 ,,
Rapeseed	8,603 ,,
Gingelly	4,998 ,,
Poppyseed	1,218 ,,
Groundnuts	16,266 ,,
Castorseed	1,204 ,,

FREIGHTS are weaker, and tonnage has been offered at a reduction of 6d. per ton for near and more forward shipment.

MONEY.—The continued unusual ease in the market indicated by the Presidency Bank's Return on Monday is emphasized by a reduction of 1 per cent. in the Bank's rates made at the board meeting this afternoon, the minimum being now only 4 per cent.

EXCHANGE.—Opening at 1s. 5 15-16d. for three months' sight Credits, the market has remained steady all day. A considerable business has been done in Merchants' Bills at the rate for June, and it is said for part of July ; but at the close a slightly steadier feeling prevailed, and the quotation now applies to April-May only. Forward remittance has been sold at 1s. 4 21-32d. for Telegraphic, for May transfer, and 1s. 4¾ for Demand, for July-August delivery. We quote :—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 4 11-16d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 4 5-8d.	,,
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 4 13-16d.	,,
Credits do.	1s. 4 15-16d.	,,
Francs	1·78¼	,,

The usual weekly official statement regarding Silver at the Mint gives the following figures :—

Statement of Silver Balance in the Bombay Mint for the week ending 22nd April, 1891	Rs. 59,81,000
Silver received during the week	,, 26,18,000
	Rs. 86,02,000
New coin paid during the week	,, 14,00,000
	Rs. 72,02,000
Bullion belonging to private individuals	,, 91,00,000
	Rs. 1,63,02,000
Last week	,, 1,17,45,000

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been active, a purchase by a Bank having helped the market ; and rates for Fours have advanced ⅛ to 3-16 per cent. Quotations in the afternoon were 105¾ for Cash, 105 11-16 for the settlement, and 105½ for the 1st June account ; but before closing 1-16 higher was positively quoted. 107½, nominal, is still the rate for 4½ per cents.

SHARES have attracted little attention to-day on any line, but Cotton Mill Scrip may be called steady at our quotations, and other shares generally unchanged.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

PORT SAID, APRIL 22.

The Hall Line steamer Locksley Hall arrived here this morning.

COLOMBO, APRIL 23.

N. L. Mail steamer Sachsen from China arrived.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, APRIL 22.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Surats irregular.

Good Dhollerah 3 13-16

The Manchester Market has been quiet.

Exchange on India 30 days' sight.	1s. 4 9-16d.
2½ per cent. Consols for account	95⅞
3 per cent. French Rentes	94¾
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	73⅛
4½ per cent. ,,	75¼
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	106¼
Bar Silver	43½

The sum of about £200,000 has been paid into the Bank of England

THERMOMETER READINGS.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT, APRIL 22.	
10 p.m.	79·4
THURSDAY, APRIL 23.	
6 a.m.	77·3
10 a.m.	82·4
2 p.m.	85·5
4 p.m.	85·2

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

CEYLON.

DEATH.

OATES—April 18, at Colombo, of typhoid fever, Jessey, the beloved wife of Robert J W Oates, and second daughter of the late John Howard Garlick, Esq., "The Hollies," Stockton Range, Chorlton-Cum-Hardy, England.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

CRASTER—April 9, at Mozufferpore, Tirhoot, the wife of Captain J C B Craster, 12th Relat-i-Ghilzai Regiment, of a daughter.

DOUGLAS—April 9, at Nagpur, the wife of Rev J Douglas, M A, F C Mission, of a son.

LEMOTTEE—April 14, at Chakrata, N-W P, the wife of Surgeon-Major G H Lemottee, Medical Staff, of a daughter.

MARTIN—April 16, at Rocklands, Ootacamund, the wife of Aylmer Ffulke Martin, of a son.

PARTRIDGE—April 15, at Lansdowne, Garhwal, N-W P, the wife of W R Partridge, C S, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

MURRAY—MACKENZIE—April 15, at Christ Church, Mozufferpore, by the Rev G Richardson, A C S, Alfred Aberdeen Murray, of Karnoul, Tirhoot, to Kathleen Lucy, eldest daughter of John F Mackenzie, of Chapra.

DEATH.

RICE—April 16, at Ernakulum, Cochin, Francis Rice, late Secretary to the Dewan of Cochin, aged 61 years, 3 months and 8 days.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, APRIL 24, 1891.

TO-DAY'S news from South Africa is not calculated to bring the Portuguese to a reasonable view of their controversy with England. While five thousand Boers were preparing for a "trek" into Mashonaland they must have thought that something more than time and their own truculence were fighting on their side. Do as they might, the police and pioneers of the British South African Company would be helpless before five thousand Boers who, as Majuba Hill taught us, can shoot. However, the right word has been spoken, in the right time, and apparently with the right result. Sir Henry Loch, the British High Commissioner for South Africa, prepared by his recent conferences in London with Lord Salisbury for perhaps greater emergencies than this, at once told the President of the Transvaal that her Majesty's Government would regard this movement as an act of hostility. President Kruger has stopped the trek, and summoned the leaders to Pretoria. The representative of the British Government could not have done less than he has done ; if President Kruger had been obstinate it would have been necessary for him to do much more, even to the extent of entering upon hostilities with the Transvaal. For the raid of the Boer trekkers would have meant a setting of defiance of the British Protectorate. It would have meant the ignominious collapse of the policy of possessing the waste places of the earth by means of chartered and protected companies which, wisely or unwisely, has been deliberately adopted by the British Government. It would have been worth our while to go to war, even, if necessary, with the Transvaal on the one side and with Portugal on the other, rather than allow the Boers to proclaim to the world—as their unresisted infringement of the rights of a British Chartered Company would proclaim—that our Protectorate is an unsubstantial thing which the first gang of marauders may have at their mercy. It now remains to be seen if President Kruger's influence over his countrymen is strong enough to keep them within their own bounds. "Trekking" is a habit with the Transvaal Boers which now and again reasserts itself after years of a settled life. They have "trekked" upwards from the Cape, and it was by their "trekking" into what was once Matabele territory that they drove the Matabeles into Mashonaland and so led to their becoming masters over the Mashona people. If President Kruger could have his way the further expansion of the Transvaal would be eastward and not northward. The Transvaal needs access to the sea, not by the long route northward to the Zambesi, but by the much shorter and direct route to Delagoa Bay, part of which is already traversed by a railway. And if President Kruger is able to look beyond to-morrow he must see a time coming when the dissolution of the Portuguese power in Africa will bring Delagoa Bay easily within his reach. For the fatuity of the Portuguese is evidently hastening on their doom as an African power. This Beira episode is just one of those incidents which exhaust the patience of the power against whom the insult is aimed. Sir John Willoughby and his companions, so soon as they had paid customs duties at the entrance to the river, had as much right to ascend the Pongwe as a Portuguese party would have had. They had tendered customs duties upon the things they were carrying, and thinking that the two days' waiting at the mouth of the river for a permit that never came was a sufficient tribute to the deliberate dilatoriness of the authorities, they weighed anchor, and started on their journey up the river. They were then fired at, the steamer was seized, and a number of the crew were taken into custody. There is no point of view from which this outrage can be excused. It was not in any real sense an armed force that the Portuguese attacked. That there were rifles on board is true, but who would travel through those regions without them ? The pretence that the proceedings of the "Agnes" were a violation of the *modus vivendi* that was agreed to after the Portuguese Chambers refused to ratify the Convention of last August is absurd. The *modus vivendi* left the eastern boundary of the territory of the British East Africa Company, as it had indeed been left in the Company's Charter, an open one, and it cannot be pretended that the voyage up the Pongwe of Sir John Willoughby and his companions would have prejudged a question which the two Governments have been for some time past endeavouring to settle. Lord Salisbury is known to have determined that the eastern frontier line shall be the 33rd degree of longitude, and whether Sir John Willoughby went up the Pongwe or not as the shortest route to Manica the determination of the Home Government on the point would be unchanged. A free passage of the river is also one of the points which Lord Salisbury insisted upon. From Mutesa's kraal in Manica it is only two hundred and eighty miles to the sea by the Pongwe river, and last year a party of Mr. Colquhoun's men made expeditious use of that route, the advantages of which over the long land route of sixteen hundred miles to Cape Town being obvious. The Portuguese, who are very ambitious to change the map of Africa, will change it in a manner they hardly contemplate if incidents like that at the mouth of the Pongwe River are repeated. As to what is reported from Lisbon, there are the Mediterranean Squadron and the Channel Squadron within call, and if the people of the capital are as smitten with Anglophobia as they are said to be it will probably be found that the presence of a few British men-of-war in the Tagus will have a sufficient sedative effect upon them. Meanwhile an explanation of the outrage at Beira has to be given. The popular excitement at Lisbon may make it difficult for Ministers to tender an apology for this indefensible act, but Lord Salisbury will be weak if he accepts anything less than that, and the withdrawal of the authorities who are answerable for the freak. There has been no weakness at Cape Town, and the Portuguese Government can scarcely count upon any real help being rendered them by Boer incursions into the territory of the British South Africa Company.

THERE is an article on "the Seamy Side of Australia" in the current number of the *Nineteenth Century* which is pretty certain to provoke our kinsmen beyond the sea to indignant remonstrance and repudiation. It is mainly with Australian Finance that the writer, the Hon. J. W. Fortescue, concerns himself, but this provides abundant matter for serious comment. Sir Charles Dilke, whom Mr. Fortescue does not think it worth while to quote, has expressed his confident belief in the solvency of the Australasian Colonies, not excluding Queensland or even New Zealand. To show how widely opinions differ on these matters we may set against Mr. Fortescue's broad allegation that the accounts are cooked, that no one can tell how the finances of a given colony stand at a given time, and that Australian statesmen make conscious misstatements Sir Charles Dilke's confident certificate that "we understand the way in which they float their loans and their system of book-keeping, we believe in the honesty and ability of their statesmen, and we are well-informed as to the objects on which their debts are spent." Much depends upon the way in which a case against a Financial Minister is stated, and most people who have no special knowledge of Australia would have thought more of Mr. Fortescue's charges if they had been made upon impartial authority. But his authority is one of the contributors to that fanatically individualist volume of essays "A Plea for Liberty," and we suspect that the mere fact that the State in Australia has dared to become sole railway proprietor distorts the anti-socialist writer's view of everything colonial. However, it does not add to the claims of Australian finance upon public confidence to be told that the Victorian Treasurer has had now to confess in August that a surplus of more than £1,500,000 which he had distributed in the previous August had no existence, and that it would be necessary for him to float a new loan in London. As to the indebtedness of the Colonies, there can be no denying that this has increased at a very rapid rate. Victoria has increased her indebtedness from £22,426,000 in 1881 to £34,627,000 in 1888. In the same period New South Wales increased from £16,924,000 to £44,100,000 ; Queensland from £13,245,000 to £25,581,000 ; and South Australia from £11,196,000 to £19,147,000. Queensland, it will be noted, nearly doubled her debt in six years, and New South Wales, the free trade colony, nearly trebled hers. The obvious excuse for all this is that Australia, like India, has a good deal to show for her debt. New South Wales, though at the end of 1889 she owed £46,000,000, has railways to the value of at least half of that sum ; the rest is represented in outlay on telegraphs, harbours, roads, irrigation works, water-works, and expenditure for the most part reproductive. Much of course depends upon how far the expenditure is reproductive. South Australia is the only one of the four greater Australian Colonies which shows railway earnings in excess of the rate of interest at which the money was borrowed. Still not one of them has to pay as much for its money as the Government of India has to guarantee on the older guaranteed railways. Victoria has borrowed at the highest rate, namely 4·21 per cent. ; while New South Wales, whose debt has increased much more quickly than that of any of her neighbours, is able to borrow money for her railways at 3·91. But the absence of a direct profit upon the railways is not necessarily a sign of either failure or mismanagement. Where there are crown lands awaiting for their development the opening of railways, the State finds a portion of its profit on railways outside the actual railway receipts. In India the State is often recouped its loss on railway guarantee in the enhancement of the land revenue which attends the opening up of a productive district to the centres of distribution and consumption. How far the Australian railways are performing a corresponding service to the community and the State is a question which Mr. Fortescue has not gone into as carefully as he might have done, and, for reasons which we have stated, we distrust the authority of the writer whom he relies upon for his account of the result of State enterprises. On the whole we are inclined to think that a country still in as early a stage of development as Australia could not well have shown a larger result for its expenditure than most of the Colonies have shown already. The gravest charge that can be brought against the Australians is that they are too indifferent to what must in the future be a serious question for them—the question, namely, how the agricultural development of a country for the most part in the tropics is to be made consistent with a policy rigidly exclusive of Asiatic labour. The disproportionate congregation of the population in the town is another fact which may be fraught with serious economic consequences.

WE referred some weeks since to the slow rate at which the East Coast Railway is progressing, mainly in consequence of the low rates at which the contracts were being let. From all we hear there has been no improvement in that respect meanwhile, and the *Englishman* now calls attention to another obstacle to the progress of the undertaking which is greatly to be regretted. The cause of delay is a change in alignment between Bezwada and Rajamundry, and between Rajamundry and Tooni. The change can scarcely be called, as our contemporary calls it, a sudden one, for at the inauguration of the work by Lord Connemara last October, the late Governor of Madras more than hinted at the considerable revision that the alignment would require. It was admitted that the survey had been very rapidly made, and that enough consideration had not been paid to the wants of the various populous towns which it was intended to serve. The failures of the survey in this respect have, it is understood, been remedied by systematically taking the opinion of the Collectors and District Officers along the East Coast as to the suitability of the route projected. Lord Connemara rightly drew a warning from the mistakes which had been made in these respects in the laying out of other lines, which have often been made with too exclusive a regard for engineering considerations. But the warning came too late, for the mistake had been made before Lord Connemara spoke, and much valuable time has since been lost in correcting it, so that practically nothing, we understand, has been done towards the construction of the Bezwada and Rajamundry section. The credit of the Madras Government is to a very large extent involved in the energetic prosecution of the work, but thus far the accounts that have reached us have not been satisfactory, and unless matters mend greatly and promptly the record of the East Coast Line will tell against the constructions of railways by the State, and will give reason for regret that the era of construction by guaranteed companies is at an end.

STRONG resolutions seem to have come in fashion in the Hyderabad Secretariats of late. We quoted last week the Resolution upon the City Murder Case which had been issued by the Home Secretary. From the same Secretariat there has since come a review of the administration of the estate of Sir Salar Jung, in which the Nizam, who has taken the estate under his personal supervision, says some severe things about the way in which the committee of management have performed their functions during the past year. The committee, amongst other things, are complained of for having given no report of their work ; for having made no proposals on the liquidation of the debt of the estate ; for having made a number of superfluous appointments at a time when they were insisting on the absolute necessity of borrowing five lakhs and three-quarters for meeting the ordinary salaries of establishments up to the end of the year ; for the general inaccuracy of the budget estimates, and for many other shortcomings that need not be here quoted. It is fair to those whom the Resolution so severely hits to suggest that there may possibly be another side to the case that is set forth against them. Evidently, however, the estate of this illustrious family will not remain encumbered for want of vigilance in high places. It is a splendid property, but it is no secret that at the death of the last surviving son of the first Sir Salar Jung it was under as heavy burdens as it could bear and remain out of the creditors' hands. No one, however, doubts the possibility of freeing it from its encumbrances in time to give the second Sir Salar Jung's infant son a magnificent inheritance when he attains his majority. It will surprise many people outside Hyderabad to know that the mother of the first Sir Salar Jung is still living, so that four generations are represented in the palace.

THE Government will look upon the return of Mr. Morrel for Mid-Oxfordshire as in fortunate sequence with the Aston Election. It is true that there was no contest in 1886 with the result of which this can be compared ; but the Gladstonians have got into the habit of speaking of a return to the *status quo ante*—"as in 1885" is their formula—and it happened that in 1885 there was a contest, in which the Liberals won by the small but sufficient majority of 189. A Conservative majority of seven hundred at this time, even after an interregnum in which the Liberal Unionist Mr. F. W. Maclean had an undisputed possession of the seat, is therefore a gain to the Government which they are not likely to underrate. However, there is a batch of vacancies to be filled up just now, in each of which Mr. Gladstone will look for a proof that "the flowing tide" is with his party. Mr. Tapling's seat in Leicestershire has to be filled up, so has Colonel Hambro's in Dorsetshire. Mr. De Cobain went in for East Belfast by such a sweeping majority that the Home Rulers cannot hope to win that seat. The chances are more nearly even at Stowmarket, where the Conservative majority was only moderate, and in Whitehaven, where Mr. Cavendish Bentinck, despite his long connection with the borough, kept his seat in 1886 by a majority of only a hundred votes. In Buckinghamshire, if Captain Verney should cease to be a member, the Conservatives on the other hand would have a good chance of winning back the seat that they lost in 1889 by only two hundred votes on a total poll of nearly ten thousand. The half dozen vacancies, actual and pending, make a general election in miniature which we can well understand is reviving the long dormant interest in party politics at home.

THE hearing of the cheque dispute between Major Locke Elliot and Donald Greenhalgh, jockey, came up again yesterday before Mr. Justice Farran. The case of Major Elliot was concluded and Greenhalgh put into the witness-box. He swore that the cheque for Rs. 5,000 was not a guarantee that he would regain his license as a jockey, but was given to cover his losses and the costs in his suit against the Turf Club Stewards. The case was further adjourned until Saturday.

DR. P. PETERSON has been permitted to return to duty within the period of his leave.

THE Rev. W. N. Baillie, B.A., Chaplain of Deolali, has been granted furlough to Europe for one year, on medical certificate.

DURING the absence of Surgeon-Major Street, Surgeon A. F. Ferguson will act as Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Central Registration District.

COLONEL G. R. GODFELLOW, C.I.E., Political Superintendent of Palanpur, has been granted special leave for six months.

MR. H. BATTY, C.S., has been allowed special leave, on urgent private affairs, for six months.

MR. J. F. FLEET, C.S., C.I.E., Collector of Bijapur, has been allowed special leave of absence for six months.

COLONEL CRUICKSHANK, R.E., has been granted special leave of absence.

THE "talk of the town" at Brussels just now turns on the one subject of the recent *mesaventure* of General

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

ELECTION NEWS.

LONDON, APRIL 23.

Mr. Morrel, the Conservative candidate, was yesterday elected member for Woodstock, replacing Mr. F. W. Maclean, Q.C., who resigned his seat in consequence of his appointment as a Master in Lunacy. Mr. Morrel defeated the Gladstonian-Liberal candidate, Mr. Benson, by a majority of 700 votes.

THE PORTUGUESE OUTRAGE.

DURBAN, APRIL 22.

Sir J. Willoughby, who was at the head of the party which was fired upon by the Portuguese at Beira, admits that they had arms on board the Agnes, but says they only carried a few.

PORTUGAL'S REPLY TO GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, APRIL 23.

The Portuguese Government replying to Lord Salisbury's despatch regarding the outrage on British subjects at Beira assures his Lordship of the freedom of the Pongwe River and says that the necessary orders to that effect have been despatched to Beira.

PURCHASE OF SILVER.

WASHINGTON, APRIL 23.

The Treasury to-day purchased 177,000 ounces of Silver at prices ranging from 96·36 to 95·40.

FRESH EXCITEMENT AT THE CAPE.

A BOER EXPEDITION TO MASHONALAND.

CAPETOWN, APRIL 22.

Great excitement prevails in this colony owing to the news that 5,000 Boers from the Transvaal are making arrangements for a "trek" into Mashonaland.

Sir Henry Loch, the British High Commissioner, has telegraphed to Mr. Kruger, President of the Transvaal, that her Majesty's Government will regard this movement as an act of hostility.

President Kruger has replied stating that he has stopped the trek, and has summoned the suspected leaders to Pretoria.

THE MANIPUR OUTBREAK.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, APRIL 23.

Yesterday the Kohima Column encamped twelve miles inside Manipur territory at a village called Marthipham, which has been deserted, the inhabitants dreading punishment for the murder by them of Nepalese tribes. The local Nagas presented themselves in large numbers and stated they were prepared to attack any Manipuris who may show themselves. The column has met with no resistance, but every precaution is taken to guard against any surprise as it is three miles long owing to the narrowness of the road. General Graham was to leave Tammu to-day with the Royal Rifles, 2-4th Goorkhas, 12th Burma Mounted Infantry, and four guns. News from Burma state that General Wolsely on departing for Moungaung caves Captain O'Doanel at the Jade Mines with a force of military police and two guns under Lieut. Baldwin. The country around the Jade Mines is quiet.

THE RAMPUR MURDER.

The Rampur Council of Regency have increased their offer of five thousand to ten thousand rupees for any information which may lead to the capture of the murderers of General Azimuddin. This with the five thousand rupees offered by the Government of the North-West Provinces makes the reward fifteen thousand rupees.

THE OPIUM QUESTION.

The authorities out here have not yet received any communication from the Home Government with reference to the recent Opium debate.

OBITUARY.

Colonel J. H. Jenkins, for many years Agent of the Oudh and Rohilkund Railway, died last month in England, at Hazlemere, aged sixty-one years.

EUROPEAN AND EURASIAN POVERTY IN CALCUTTA.

The Government of Bengal has appointed a committee to enquire into the subject of European and Eurasian poverty in Calcutta and the proper methods of relief. Sir Henry Harrison will be the president, and the other members are :—Hon. H. Beverly, President, District Charitable Society ; Colonel Carey, President of the Society of St. Vincent de Paul ; Father La Font ; Mr. Lambert, Commissioner of Police ; Archdeacon Michell ; Rev. Mr. Taylor, President ; and Mr. W. H. Ryland, Vice-President, Eurasian Association ; Rev. Mr. Hook, Baptist Mission ; and Rev. Mr. Warne, Methodist Mission. Their report is to be submitted by November 1.

THE PEGU BRIBERY CASE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, APRIL 22.

Mr. Duke's case was resumed to-day. Mr. Vansomeren, counsel for Mr. Duke, handed in a long written statement of defence. Witnesses were then called, who deposed to the pecuniary relations of Oung Bah and Taroke Pyu. All contradicted the latter's version of what took place ; that Mr. Duke asked him to prosecute Oung Bah and he would not. They also deposed that Taroke said he had advanced money to Oung Bah to procure the services of a pleader and not for purposes of bribery.

To-morrow counsel will address his honour and the case will close. It was mentioned to-day by counsel for defence that at the time Mr. Duke is alleged to have imperilled his position for Rs. 1,140, he was officiating as first grade Deputy Commissioner, and was first on the list for the pucca appointment. Mr. Duke was suspended on the 16th January, and during the interval several junior men have been put above him.

THE MADRAS HIGH COURT JUDGESHIP.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, APRIL 23.

The Government of India [illegible] have changed its mind about the [illegible] of the Madras High Court, and [illegible] the temporary re-appoint[illegible] Handby, which had been so [illegible] Government of Madras and the [illegible]

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE Bank of Bombay yesterday reduced its rate of interest on demand loans on Government Paper to 4 per cent.

THE report of an outrage and murder near Dinapur, in which a young English lady was said to be the victim, is contradicted.

THE Cochin paper records the death of Mr. Francis Rice, Secretary to the Dewan of Cochin, on Thursday last. His career was intimately connected with the progress of the Native State, and he succeeded in starting the first newspaper in Cochin, called the *Cochin Courier*.

THERE is of course no truth whatever in a statement, which has gained some currency, that the Commander-in-Chief will open the Khojak Tunnel in June. The idea that Sir Frederick Roberts would undertake a journey across the fiery plain of the Put and over the scorching plateau of Quetta in the hottest of the hot weather to perform a purely formal ceremony might have been left to contradict itself, thinks a contemporary. Moreover, there are other reasons in the way. Some months ago it was expected that the tunnel would be finished in June, and possibly by that time it may be feasible to get an engine through ; but the work will not, it is expected, be completed till later in the autumn, and no final arrangements have been made in regard to the opening ceremony.

ALTHOUGH the matter has not yet got into the papers, much anxiety is felt, the *World* says, at the disappearance in Persia of the promising young officers, Captain Edmund Burton and Captain Vaughan, the former one of the eight soldier sons of General Burton, the author of "An Indian Otio and Reminiscences of Sport in India." Captains Burton and Vaughan, having obtained a year's leave, left India in the autumn with the intention of prospecting a new route to the Russian frontier through an unexplored portion of Persia. Although they were timed to reach England in March at the latest, nothing whatever has been heard of them since they set out from Yezd in November.

THE Ceylon Pearl Fishery for 1891 had, up to the 13th instant, realised for Government Rs. 8,85,900, or nearly Rs. 86,000 more than double the estimate originally framed.

THE mention of Captain Bower's name reminds a contemporary that his famous exploit was worthily recognised by his admission to the Intelligence Department. As he does not act or play upon the penny whistle, or otherwise seem up to the standard of Simla accomplishments, his presence in the Intelligence Department caused some good humoured surprise to his friends ; but it is rumoured that a change is shortly to come over the system of recruitment for the Department, and that the selection of men like Bower will in the future be the rule rather than the exception.

THE report of the Leprosy Commission is expected to be ready some time in July. Strictly speaking, it appears, that the Commissioners can only address their report to the National Committee, in whose employ they are : but the Government of India will probably arrange with the latter to be furnished with copies so soon as the report is ready.

THE *Englishman* learns that the Bhutias on the borders of the Kamrup district, in the province of Assam, made a raid a few days ago on some tea villages in the plains. The thanas on the frontier have lately been considerably under-manned, constables having been taken away for the work of impressing coolies for the Manipur expedition. This fact no doubt encouraged the hill-men to come down and loot the villages. The tribe contented themselves with plundering, and no lives were lost. Steps are being taken to secure the district from a repetition of the incursion ; and it is well that this is being done, for although the authorities may be right in regarding the raid as of little consequence, we cannot forget that it was precisely such an affair as this that involved us in the last Bhutia war.

A DISTINGUISHED traveller from Arabia, named [illegible] ago reached Peshawar from Arabia with a train of followers and relations intending to continue his journey to Asia Minor, *via* Afghanistan, Turkistan, Farghana, Persia, &c. He applied to the Amir for permission to visit Afghanistan, and thence to go to Persia, stating that he had brought some presents for the Amir which he would like to personally present to his Highness. The Amir, however, replied that he preferred that the Sayad should not enter Afghanistan. The reason for this curt reply from the Amir appears to be that the Arabian traveller on his way to India passed some days with Ayub Khan at Pindi, and the Amir's officials informed him of it. It is probable that he will return back to Arabia much disappointed.

THE Czarewitch was timed to arrive in Hankow on the 20th April, and it was expected that he will stay there three days. He will not touch at Shanghai. The Native papers say that his visit will be an event in the history of China, for all the Native officials, high and low, along the route he is to travel, are to journey from their yamens and proceed to welcome him as his vessel steams up the Yangtsze, headed by the Viceroy of the Hu provinces, Chang Chih-tung. The distinguished traveller will be received with a salute of 21 guns at Woosung. The entire foreign community at Hankow are joining with the Russians there to make the demonstration as imposing as possible, and an immense quantity of fireworks have been ordered from Canton for the occasion.

MR. H. G. WEDDERBURN has been appointed to act as Advocate-General of Madras during the absence of the Hon'ble Mr. Spring Branson on leave. Mr. N. Subramanien, Barrister-at-law, will act for Mr. Wedderburn as Administrator-General.

SEVERAL fatal cases of cholera have occurred at Pondicherry and in the Colony during the past few days, and it is feared that the late outbreak of the disease amongst the enormous crowds collected at Chidambaram may largely increase the evil.

THE I.M.S. Investigator, which has been engaged during the cold weather in making a survey of the Coromandel Coast between Bimlipatam and Coconada, arrived in harbour yesterday, and left early this morning.

THE Chief of East Karenni, Sawlawi, has been reinstated in the territory which he claims east of the Salween. It was awarded to him by the Siam Boundary Commission last year, and an officer of the Burma Commission has been sent with the Chief to be present and countenance his taking over possession from the Siamese. It is understood that the Siamese have vanished from the territory. The award includes a large number of valuable timber logs, which have been lying for the past ten years in the rivers of the district, and which are included in the terms under which the country is handed to Sawlawi. There are other Shan Chiefs on the far side of the Salween whose lands the Commission found to be unlawfully annexed by the Siamese, and it is to be hoped that Government will pass orders regarding them identical with those in the case of Sawlawi.

BARTNEFF, the young Russian Officer, who was condemned to eight years' penal servitude for the murder of the actress Visnooskaya at Warsaw, has been pardoned by the Emperor. He will be sent to the Solovetsky Monastery, near Archangel, to do Church Penance for a year. General Gourko's recent visit to St. Petersburg was in connection with this affair and with the efforts of influential friends at Court on behalf of the young Hussar.

AN old lady, named Farndell, has just died at Tapton, Sussex, aged 102 years. The age has been authenticated by the parish registers. Up to within three days of her death she was in possession of all her faculties. Two weeks ago, when her medical attendant visited her, she in thanking him for his constant and careful attention, remarked that "if she was young again she should fall in love with him." There is still a centenarian in Tapton in the person of an old lady, who is reputed to be a very good card-player.

THE custom of overcrowding At Homes and balls in London has often been satirised in *Punch* and elsewhere. In a clever and chatty book just published under the title, "An American Girl in London" (Chatto and Windus), the authoress tells the following apt story :—A certain lady Torquilin (who figures largely in the book) had rather an amusing nephew. He was in the army, wore an eyeglass, was very handsome, and attended smart parties in London :—He told me, at Lady Powderby's ball, referring to the solid mass of humanity that packed itself between us and the door, that it was with the greatest difficulty that he finally gained the ball-room. "Couldn't get in at all at first," said he, "and while I was standing on the on the outside edge of the pavement, a bobby has the confounded impudence to tell me to move along. Can't,' says I—' I'm at the party.'"

MR. J. M. BARRIE (says the *Daily Chronicle*) is about to make his first venture in dramatic art. He has written an English historical play in four acts, called "Richard Savage," which will be produced at a matinee at the Criterion, on April 9th, by a strong cast, including Miss Louise Moodie, Miss Helen Forsyth, and Mr. Bernard Gould. The play will be especially interesting from the introduction on the stage of some members of the famous literary coterie of which Savage was a member, including Steele. Mr. Barrie's portrait of "Dick Steele" will be worth comparing with Thackeray's. The great Doctor Johnson is also to figure, but at a distance, and as a stage picture rather than as a character in the drama.

ACCORDING to a telegram from St. Petersburg, notwithstanding that the anniversary of the late Czar's assassination has passed by without any occurrences warranting revived apprehensions of subversive attempts, the strictest precautions continue to be observed for the protection of the Imperial family. An instance in point was afforded by the Czar's visit last week to the annual exhibition of paintings at the Academy of Fine Arts. Not only were the public rigorously excluded from the building, but carriages were not allowed to approach either the galleries or the immediate neighbourhood, and a strong guard of gendarmes and police were posted along the route, while hundreds of plain clothes policemen mingled with the crowd, and sedulously watched any one of suspicious appearance.

Apropos of recent events in New Orleans, it is notorious that the Italian at home has a very bad record with regard to deeds of violence. Compared with European countries, Italy stands highest in the list of homicides, its proportion of convictions for this crime in 1889 being 8·05 in every 100,000 inhabitants, while that of Austria was 2·15, Germany 0·80, and England 0·40. Taking other forms of sanguinary assaults, Italy showed in the same year 226·06 convictions for every 100,000 inhabitants, while the ratio in Germany was 154·70, and in France only 71·62. Austria was, however, ahead of Italy in this class, its proportion being 285·19. The best that can be said for Italy in regard to these crimes of violence is that at one time they were even more numerous than they are now.

THE *Saturday Review*, discussing the Clitheroe case, says :—Marriage, according to Lord Halsbury, is marriage where one party (we do not in the least care which) is allowed to be an absent torment, a rebellious wanderer, at will, yet exercising restraining powers over the other ; a receiver who gives nothing; a dog in the manger, who will neither show grace nor allow others to show it. This is not a thing that any reason can justify ; that any sentiment which has not parted with sense can approve, or, we may add, can possibly be maintained for any length of time without a relaxation of general morality and a ruin of domestic happiness almost as great, if not as open, as those who would attend simple promiscuity.

THE *Daily Telegraph* contained a letter signed "Portland," and dated Welbeck Abbey, Worksop, Notts, March 28. The Duke writes :—Now that the season is at its commencement, I venture to ask you to allow me to intrude on a few lines of your valuable space in plea of the London carriage horses. Many letters have appeared from time to time on this subject, and I have no doubt that they do a certain amount of good towards loosening the bearing reins [illegible] letter is to try to get them made still looser. I do not deny that in a great many cases it is an absolute necessity to drive horses in London with bearing reins, especially those which from being badly broken, from malformation, or other causes, have a tendency to bore and hang their heads in the hands of their driver ; but it is quite a different case when horses are waiting outside theatres, or when balls or parties are going on ; for then I think that bearing reins are instruments of torture, and are only kept tightly fastened from the thoughtlessness or indolence of those in charge. I would, therefore, most sincerely ask owners of horses to instruct their coachmen to "let down" their horses' heads when they are standing still at night, and thereby give their four-footed servants the rest and ease which in most cases they have so well earned.

ARTISTIC circles around the Elephant and Castle and the Obelisk are (says the *Daily Telegraph*) much excited just now over the reported discovery of a picture by Rubens made by a dealer in their midst, who, unsuspicious of its value, purchased the canvas and the frame at a sale for the modest sum of 8s. If it be really an uncatalogued work of the great Peter Paul, painter and diplomatist, its valne will be appraised at nearly as many thousand pounds as the buyer paid shillings for it. The connoisseurs around the Elephant and Castle hardly feel competent to decide the question, and await the opinion of cosmopolitan experts.

MR AUGUSTUS HARRIS, the well-known theatrical manager, is prepaing a new sensation for the Londoners. He has taken the grounds at Olympia (which cover something like 20 acres), where he is to produce "Venice in London." The whole of the extensive grounds will be dug up and flooded with water. A Venetian street with bridges will be built, and gondolas will ply upon the canals which will be constructed.

THE *Daily Chronicle*, in a leader on Miss Weston's proosal to send our redundant female population to the colonies, to try their hands at various kinds of farming, says :—"We confess the idea is original and ingenious, and well worth consideration in an age when in the United Kingdom nearly a million marriageable women are in excess of the marriageable men. Miss Weston is of opinion that the chief reason for this disproportion is the constant emigration of the men, and we spect she is right. Hence there is some force in her argument, that if the men leave the country for the colonies, the common-sense way of solving the problem of the redundancy of women is to send the women after them. It is a curious coincidence in favour of Miss Westes theory that the only place in the world where there are as many old maids as in the United Kidom is New England. But then, as we all know, the Wild West has for years been draining New Eland of her male population. It is also in favour of Miss Weston's view that, just as we have a reddancy of women, so the colonies complain of a proportionate scarcity. In Australia, for example, the excess of males over females is 300,000. In Canada and the Cape there is a similar disproportion, a Miss Weston vows that if we only distributed half a million redundant women fairly over our enormous colonies, we should readjust the balance of the sexes in the British Empire."

ACCORDING to the *Kolnische Volkszeitung* a Moscow dentist has solved the problem of supplying the human mouth with false teeth which will grow into the gums firmly as natural ones. Dr. Zamensky has performed several successful operations on dogs, as well as human beings. The teeth are made of gutta-percha, porcelain, or metal, as the case may be. At the root of the false tooth holes are made. Holes are also made upwards into the jaw. The tooth is then placed in the cavity. In a short time a soft granulated growth finds its way from the patient's jaw into the holes in the tooth ; this growth gradually hardens, and holds the tooth in its position. It is stated that it does not matter whether the cavity in which the tooth is to be placed be from which a natural tooth has been recently drawn, or whether it has been healed for some [illegible]

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AN adjourned meeting of the Corporation was held yesterday afternoon, Mr. George Cotton presiding. There were also present :—Messrs. Burjorjee Sorabjee Shroff, Bhalchandra Khrishna Bhatawadekar, Dr. Thomas Blaney, Messrs. E. B. Carroll, J. P. Cornforth, Cowasjee Hormusjee, Cowasjee Pestonjee, Damodar Tapidas, Dinshaw Eduljee Wacha, J. R. Duxbury, Eknath Raghunath Khote, Hiappa Balaram, Fazalbhai Jumabhai Lalji, the Hon'ble Mr. Fazulbhoy Visram, Messrs. Harkisondas Nurrotumdas, Jagmohandas Vandrawandas, Jamshedjee Pallonjee Kapadia, the Hon'ble Mr. Javerilal Umiashankar Yajnik, Messrs. Jaya Karadi Lingu, Kaikhosro Nowrojee Kabrajee, K. M. Shroff, Brigade-Surgeon G. A. Maconachie, Messrs. Mulji Bhawanidas Barbhaya, Muncherjee C. Murzban, Naorojee Beiramjee Suntook, Rustomjee Dhunjeebhoy Sethna, G. W. Roughton, Shivaji Dhurmaji, Tribhowandas Vurjiwandas, Vandrawundas Purshotumdas, Dr. Accacio Gabriel Viegas, Captain W. P. Walshe, and Colonel W. H. Wilson.

THE DRAINAGE OF KHETWADY.

A petition from Messrs. Anandrao Ramkrishna, Sorabjee Belgaumwalla, and others was laid before the Corporation regarding the insanitary condition of the drainage of Khetwady. After considerable discussion the Municipal Commissioner was asked by the Corporation to submit a report on the matter.

THE SIR MANGALDAS NATHUBHOY GUZERATHI HINDU GIRLS' SCHOOL.

Major Roughton moved that the report of the committee appointed by the Corporation to consider the question of the taking over of the above schools, be adopted, and the Educational Inspector be informed in terms thereof.

At the conclusion of a long report on the matter the Committee stated that "On the whole, the Committee are of opinion that the Corporation should decline to accept any responsibility in connection with the school unless and until the Joint Schools Committee be at liberty to administer it without reference to or control by any other body whatever than itself, until the question of his location be left absolutely to their discretion, and until it be so endowed as to constitute no additional burden on the Corporation."

There was a dissent submitted by Mr. T. B. Kirkham, in which he proposed that "Government and the Solicitors to the Executors of the will be informed that the Corporation will accept the annual interest of the endowment to the credit of the School Fund and administer the same under the following trust :—

That the interest be exclusively devoted to the maintenance of a Gujerati Hindu Girls' School, which shall always be named "The Sir Mungaldass Nathubhoy Gujerati Hindu Girls' School." That the school shall be located in the place which is, in the opinion of the Joint Schools Committee, most convenient for the Gujerati Hindu community. That the school shall be conducted under the bye-laws made by the Corporation under section 461 (u) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, according to the principles of the Government Educational Department, which include the principle of religious neutrality and due respect for the religious feelings of all pupils. That the Lady Frere Scholarship shall be attached exclusively to the school and awarded to the most deserving pupil at the annual examination of the duly appointed inspecting officer. That the Local Committee for the supervision of the school, appointed by the Joint Schools Committee under By-law 8, shall consist of Gujerati Hindus. This is a workable scheme in agreement with the wishes of the testator, and including everything that is fair and reasonable on both sides. Mr. Wacha seconded and the Corporation adopted the report.

NEW STREET SWEEPING MACHINES.

Dr. Cowasjee Pestonjee moved : (1) "That, in the opinion of the Corporation, it is desirable to have two street sweeping and loading machines to sweep streets and collect mud, road-refuse, &c., as an experimental measure ; and (2) that the Municipal Commissioner be requested to report on their working by the end of December 1891."

Mr. K. N. Kabrajee seconded the motion.

Mr. Durbury proposed as an amendment that the matter should be referred to the Commissioner for report.

The Hon. Mr. Javerilal U. Yajnik seconded the amendment.

The Commissioner pointed out that the resolution was unconstitutional for it involved expenditure which could not be granted except on the recommendation of the Standing Committee. He also pointed that it was questionable whether the double duty of "sweeping and loading" would not be too much for the animals that would be engaged on the work.

The amendment on being put to the vote was carried.

[illegible] CORPORATION MEETINGS.

The Municipal Secretary presented the following report which was adopted and recorded.

Return of Meetings of the Corporation between 1st April 1890 and 31st March 1891, and of the attendance of Councillors thereat. (*Note.*—Eighty-seven Meetings of the Corporation and 42 Meetings of Corporation Committees were held during the year.)

NAMES.	Attendance at Corpn. Meetings.	Attendance at Committee Mtgs.	Total.
Muncherji Cowasji Murzban, Esq. FRIBA. ASSOC, MICE, J, President	87	14	101
Abdalla M. Dharamsi, Esq, BA, LDB, R (B Ward)	29	6	35
Amiruddin Tyabjee, Esq. G	45	4	49
Anandrao Narayen Vasudeo, Esq, J	40	0	40
Banks, S O'B, Brigade-Surgeon, FBCSI, G	54	0	54
Barjorji Sorabji Shroff, Esq. L M & S., R (A Ward)	51	1	52
Bhagwandas Nurotumdas, Esq, R (F Ward)	154	0	54
Bhalchandra Krishna Bhatawadekar, Esq, LM. R (D Ward)	81	18	99
Blaney, Thomas, Esq, J	85	21	106
Bomonjee Postonjee Master, Esq., R (C Ward)	18	0	18
Byramjee Nusserwanjee Servai Esq, J	49	0	49
Carroll, E B, Esq, MICE, G	41	7	48
Cornforth, J P, Esq, G	41	0	41
Cotton, G, Esq, C C	45	8	53
Cowasjee Hormusjee, Esq GGMG, R (C Ward)	70	4	74
Cowasji Pestonji, Esq, R (E Ward)	56	0	56
Damodar Tapidas, Esq, G	46	0	46
Damodar Thakersi Mulji, Esq. R (C Ward)	50	0	50
Darashah Ratanji Chichgar, Esq, J	64	0	64
Dinshaw Eduljee Wacha, Esq, R (A Ward)	54	14	68
Dosabhai Framji, Esq, CSI, J	14	0	14
Duxbury, J R, Esq, R (A Ward)	52	1	53
Eknath Raghunath Khote, Esq, J	65	0	65
Hiappa Balaram, Esq, R (Ward)	24	0	24
Fazalbhai Jumabhai Lalji, Esq, R (B Ward)	33	6	39
Fazulbhoy Visram, The Hon'ble Mr, G	43	7	50
Fernandez, J F, Esq, R (G Ward)	15	0	15
Framji Dorabji Divecha, Esq, LM & S, R (A Ward)	58	0	58
Geary, Grattan, Esq, J	31	2	33
Gilbert, Reginald, Esq, G	13	0	13
Govardhandas Gokuldas Tejpal, Esq. R (B Ward)	21	0	21
Govardhandas Khatao Makanji, Esq., R (B Ward)	31	0	31
Gubbay, A. M., Esq, G	38	6	44
Hassambhai Visram, Esq., J	27	0	27
Hormusjee C. Coorlawalla, Esq., R. (A Ward)	8	0	8
Harkisondas Nurrotumdas, Esq., R. (A Ward)	60	6	66
Jagmohandas Nurrotumdas Esq., R (C Ward)	45	0	45
Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart, C.S.I., G	31	1	32
Jamsedji Kharsodji Kama, Esq., J	31	5	36
Jamshedji Pallonjee Kapadia, Esq., R (D Ward)	37	0	37
Javerilal Umiashankar Yajnik The Hon'ble Mr J	57	12	69
Jaya Karadi Lingu, Esq., R (E Ward)	52	0	52
Kaikhosro Nowroji Kabraji, Esq., J	45	5	50
K. M. Shroff, Esq., R (E Ward)	35	0	35
King, Harold H., Esq., G	1	0	1
Kirkham, T. B., Esq., G	23	0	23
Luchmon Singh, Rai Bahadur, R (E Ward)	53	0	53
Maconachie, G. A., Brigade-Surgeon, M.D., J	44	0	44
Manockji Bohramji Dadabhoy, Esq., J	26	0	26
Manekshah J. Taleyarkhan, Esq., BA., LLB. U	25	0	25
Meherjibhai Rastamji Setna, Esq., L.M., & S., R (D Ward)	31	0	31
Mercwether, G. L. C., Colonel, R. E., G	43	2	45
Mirza Hussein Khan, Esq., G	43	0	43
Morland, Captain Sir Henry, Kt., H.M.I.M., F.G.S., F.S.A.SSOC, I.C.S., G	149	4	53
Mulji Bhawanidas Barbhaya, Esq., G	41	2	43
Muncherjee Nowrojee Banajee, Esq., R (E Ward)	20	1	21
Naoroji Beiramji Suntook, Esq., R (C Ward)	83	0	83
Narayen Ganesh Chandavarkar, Esq., B.A., LL.B., R (D Ward)	24	9	33
Nathan, S. A., Esq., G	9	0	9
Pherozeshah Merwanjee Mehta, Esq., J	36	7	43
Purshotumdass Munguldass Nathubhoy, Esq, R (G Ward)	59	0	59
Raghunath Narayan Khote, Esq, CIE, G	0	0	0
Rahimtula Khairaz, Esq, R (B Ward)	34	3	37
Rahimtula Mohamed Sayani, Esq, MA, LLB, (B Ward)	41	3	44
Rastamji Nasarvanji Khory, Esq, MD, MRCP, (London), R (D Ward)	45	5	50
Rustomjee Dhunjeebhoy Sethna, Esq, BA, LLB, U	22	2	24
Roughton, G W, Esq, CC,	27	4	31
Selby, H O, Major, R6, (E Ward)	1	0	1
Shivaji Dhurmaji, Esq, R (E Ward)	68	0	68
Tribhowandas Munguldas Nuthoobhoy, Esq, R (C Ward)	58	0	58
Tribhowandas Vurjeewandass, Esq, R (C Ward)	52	0	52
Underwood, F F, Esq, BA, MD, R (A Ward)	15	0	15
Vandrawundass Purshotumdass, Esq, R (B Ward)	58	0	58
Vasudeo J Kirtikar, Rao Saheb, R (C Ward)	10	0	10
Viegas, Accacio Gabriel, Esq, LM, & S, R (B Ward)	82	20	102
Walshe, W P, Captain, J	47	6	53
Watson, J P, Esq, G	50	0	50
Wilson, W H, Colonel, G	58	5	63

Note.—The letters against the names signify—R, that the Member was elected by the Ratepayers ; J, by the Bench of Justices ; CC, by the Chambers of Commerce ; U, by the University ; and G, appointed by Government.

REMARKS,

Brigade-Surgeon Banks was appointed by Government on the 24th April 1893 in place of Mr. Gilbert, resigned.

Mr. Barjorji S. Shroff was elected by Ratepayers on 20th May 1890 in place of Mr. K. M. Shroff resigned.

Mr. Cowasji Pestonji was elected by Ratepayers on 29th July 1899 in place of Major Selby resigned.

Mr. Duxbury left for England on 12th April 1890 and returned on the 14th July following.

Mr. Geary proceeded to England on 11th May 1890 and attended on return the meeting of 11th December 1890.

Mr. Gilbert resigned his seat on 12th April 1890 and in his place Brigade-Surgeon Banks was appointed by Government. Mr. Gilbert was re-appointed by Government on 1st December 1890 in place of Mr. Raghunath N. Khote, resigned.

Mr. Gubbay resigned on 26th January 1891 and in his place Mr. Nathan was appointed by Government.

Mr. Hormusji Coorlawalla was elected by Ratepayers, on 23rd January 1891 in place of Dr. E. F. Underwood resigned.

Mr. Shroff resigned on 29th April 1890 and in his place Mr. B. S. Shroff was elected by Ratebayers. Mr. K. M. Shroff was re-elected on 21st November 1890 in place of Mr. M. N. Banajee, deceased.

Mr. King proceeded to Europe on 18th April 1890. He died on board the P. and O. S. S. "Oriental" off Aden whilst on his return voyage to Bombay and in place Col. Wilson was appointed by Government.

Sir Henry Morland was absent from Bombay from 30th November 1890 to 26th January 1891, and again from 6th February 1891 to 10th March 1891.

Mr. Muncherji N. Banaji died on 25th October 1890, and in his place Mr. K. M. Shroff was elected.

Mr. Raghunath N. Khote resigned on the 3rd November 1890 and in his place Mr. R. Gilbert was appointed by Government.

Major Selby resigned on 7th July 1890 and in his place Mr. Cowasji Pestonji was elected by Ratepayers.

Dr. Underwood resigned on 24th December 1890 and in his place Mr. Hormusji C. Coorlawalla was elected.

Mr. Watson was appointed by Government on 14th April 1890 in place of Mr. J. S. Alston who resigned on 18th March 1890.

Colonel Wilson was appointed by Government on 18th July 1890 in place of Mr. King, deceased.

STANDING COMMITTEE MEETINGS.

The following table shows return of Meetings of Standing Committee (including one attendance at Pawai Water Works), between 1st April 1890 and 31st March 1891, and of the attendance of Councillors thereat. (*Note.*—Fifty-two Meetings of the Committee were held and one visit was made to Pawai Water Works. There was 232 Committee Meetings and attendances for audit and cheque signing during the year.)

Names.	Attendance at Committee Meetings.	Attendance at Sub-Committee Meetings, including Cheque signing, &c.	Total.
Captain Sir Henry Morland	41	29	70
Abdalla M. Dharamsi, Esq.	49	17	66
E. B. Carroll, Esq.	46	6	52
Cowasjee Hormusjee, Esq.	52	24	76
Dossabhai Framji, Esq. C.S.I.	23	4	27
The Hon'ble Mr. Fazulbhoy Visram	52	14	66
Harkisandas Nurrotumdas, Esq.	53	19	72
The Hon'ble Mr. Javerilal U. Yajnik	40	20	60
Kaikhosro Nowroji Kabraji, Esq.	34	10	44
Colonel G. L. C. Merewether	48	54	102
Mulji Bhawanidas Barbhaya, Esq.	43	33	76
Muncherjee Nowrojee Banajee, Esq.	22	8	30
Major H. O. Selby	3	1	4
Captain W. P. Walshe.	15	3	18

REMARKS.

Sir Henry Morland was absent from Bombay from 30th November 1890 to 26th January 1891, and again from 6th February 1891 to 10th March 1891.

Mr. Kaikhosro N. Kabraji was elected by the Corporation on the 24th July 1860, *vice* Major Selby, resigned.

Mr. Muncherji N. Banji died on the 25th October 1890. In his place, the Corporation elected Captain Walshe.

Major Selby resigned on 7th July 1890, and in his place Mr. Kabrajee was elected by the Corporation.

Captain Walshe was elected by the Corporation on 10th November 1890, in place of Mr. Muncherjee N. Banajee, deceased.

The Corporation then adjourned.

EVENING PARTY TO DR. MACKICHAN.

THE chairman and committee of the Mackichan Testimonial Fund circulated invitations to subscribers of this association, and leading citizens of Bombay, to assemble at an evening party at nine o'clock, on Wednesday night, at the Wilson College Hall, Chowpatty, to meet the Rev. Dr. Mackichan prior to his departure for England. The precincts of the College were decorated with bunting. The interior of the building was also artistically decorated and brilliantly illuminated, both with gas and tumbler *buttees*. Dr. and Mrs. Mackichan drove into the porch at about a quarter past nine, and were received by the Rev. Dhunjibhoy Nowrojee, and a large assembly of the members of the committee who had already congregated in the hall, where refreshments were supplied. Before the party broke up, which was at a late hour, garlands of flowers were presented to Dr. and Mrs. Mackichan for whom hearty cheers were given, and many wishes expressed for a pleasant holiday. Amongst those present were :—The Honourable Mr. Justice and Mrs. Birdwood, the Hon. Mr. Javerilal Umiashankar Yajnik, the Hon. Mr. Fazulbhoy Visram, Mr. and Mrs. Pechey-Phipson, Colonel W. H. Wilson, Commissioner of Police, the Rev. Mr. Dhunjibhoy Nowrojee and the Misses Dhunjibhoy Nowroji, the Rev. Mr. Gardiner and Mrs. Gardiner, Professor J. Jack, Dr. and Mrs. MacDonald, Dr. and Mrs. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Phythian, Professor MacOmish, the Rev. Mr. Greig and Mrs. Greig, Mr. and Mrs. Tomlinson, Dr. and Miss Atmaram Pandurang, Surgeon Majar Waters, Dr. and Mrs. Peters, Mrs. and Miss Hormarjee, Mrs. Washkur, Mrs. Ardeshir Framjee Vakil, Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Mody, Mr. and Mrs. Trimbuk Canaran, Professor Dadabhoy Cursetjee Kateli, Messrs. Kharimbhoy Ibrahim, Dhuramsey Morarjee Goculdass, Dhunjeeshaw Jeewanjee, Drs. K. N. Bahadurjee, K. R. Vicajee and Rungbordass Purshotamdass Vora, Mr. and Mrs. Nagindass Pranjeevandass Mehta, Mr. and Mrs. Hurjeewandass Jugjeewandas, Messrs. Meer Sarfraz Ali Meer Abdoolali, Dinshaw Jeejeebhoy, Ghellabhoy Huridass, Kerchund Deepchund, Manockshaw Jehangirshaw Talyarkhan, J. E. Kohiar, V. A. Modak, Vajishunker Gavrishunker, and G. R Bhandarkar.

MILITARY NEWS.

THE Balance of troops left at Deolali after the departure of H M's Troopships Euphrates, which left Bombay on the 17th instant, will be conveyed Home in B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Roma, which has been chartered by Government for that purpose, will sail to-day for London via Antwerp and Aden, under the command of Captain A. M. Eait with 70 officers, 1 lady, and 2 children, 871 Europeans rank and file, 21 women and 56 children on board, as follows :—Surg Major and Mrs H L Donovan, and 2 children, Captain C F Burton Royal Fusilier, Lieut A K Stubb's Worc Regt Lieut E Orr, Lane Fus, Captain H Sherwood Smith. Manc Regt Lieut C H E Poole, Welsh Regt and Lieut H Clowes, Bo Staff Corps. In addition to the above the following is the list of other passengers proceeding by Roma. For Portsmouth Miss Harrison, Two Misses Wait, Vety Surg Cooper, Revd M Ballie and Mr and Mrs Leoyd.

THE services of Sur

world. I had discussed the whole question with Captain Finley, who had just come from Burma.

You say you used the word "guarantee" to Greenhalgh?—I cannot swear to it. But I might have said I will "guarantee" that you get your license back.

Did you not guarantee that he would get his license back if he withdrew unconditionally?—I cannot say that I said that, but I did say that I am sure you will get back your license if you withdraw unconditionally. I could not guarantee as I was not a steward.

You saw him at the Byculla Club on Tuesday, Sept. 2nd, and he told you he had withdrawn his suit unconditionally?—Yes, and he asked me to write to Dr. Gaye. I cannot swear whether he asked me to write, but I did so, and I penciled a note for Greenhalgh to send to Dr. Gaye. He also asked me to give him some riding.

The note which was put in by Mr. Lang was as follows:—"I have instructed my solicitors to withdraw my suit against the Turf Club, and shall be much indebted if you will kindly lay my application before the stewards to give me my license back to enable me to get myself into condition to ride at the Poona meeting."

I notice you did not use the word "unconditionally" in that note?—I wrote it hurriedly, and that may account for the omission.

Did you see Mr. Craigie in Bombay on the day you penciled that?—No.

The solicitor to the Turf Club stewards?—I cannot recollect; it is so long.

Don't you recollect that Mr. Craigie was insisting upon an "unconditionally" withdrawal?—I did not know about it until the correspondence was published.

His Lordship: Where did you get hold of the expression "unconditional withdrawal." Did it occur out of your own head or did you hear it from somebody else?—I heard it in Poona.

His Lordship: I thought so.

Mr. Lang to witness.—Did you consider on the 4th September that you were freed from the responsibility attaching to our cheque?—I did think so after Greenhalgh had telegraphed, saying that he would not pay the costs.

Now in these letters of the 4th September you said nothing about the cheque?—I said Ishould forfeit the guarantee.

Did you not know that he might have transferred the cheque for value and then it would have been of some use?—I did not know that.

You suggested to him in the telegram that he should pay the costs?—Yes, but there was the unconditional withdrawal to be considered. I sent the telegram before the letter.

How long afterwards did you send the letter?—The same day I think. I cannot recollect exactly.

At the time you wrote the letter did you think Greenhalgh had obtained the cheque by false pretences?—I had asked him to withdraw unconditionally and he had not done so.

In your letter to the bank you said he had taken the cheque on false pretences, you now say he was not to have the cheque unless he withdrew?—He pretended he had withdrawn and had not done so.

What false pretences did he use on the 30th when he obtained the cheque?—There was no false pretence, he had not carried out the conditions. He had broken the contract.

And that is all you mean by false pretences?—Yes.

You say "no one knows of the guarantee besides you and I." Might not that have referred to the guarantee that he (Greenhalgh) would get back his license?—I meant by the guarantee, the cheque, but Greenhalgh might have meant his license.

Remembering what took place at Poona, do you not think he thought you would give him the Rs. 5,000 and in addition would get his license back?—No, honestly I do not think he meant that.

When he left your rooms, he expressed his gratitude to you when he left with the cheque in his pocket?—Yes, after what I had said to him.

You next wrote to him on the 7th. Why did you not ask him for the cheque back in that letter?—Because after I had stopped the cheque it was of no further use. The matter did not trouble me further as I knew I should see Greenhalgh in Bombay.

What day did you get to Poona?—On Tuesday, the 16th. I met Greenhalgh on the race course. No one was present. I sent for him to return my cheque.

But it was no use to you?—But I thought I might as well have it. Greenhalgh got his license before the race. I think he received it on the 17th.

Did he not say he would not return it to you as you had given it to him?—He said "not until after I get my license back."

Are you certain you had an interview on the 16th?—I had an interview before the races and an another after they began.

You had one on the 21st had you not?—Yes, and asked Greenhalgh for the cheque.

That was on the race course?—Yes.

Did he not tell you that it had been given as a present?—No, I can swear he did not say so. He said he had been badly treated about costs.

Did he not say the cheque had been given to pay his costs?—No, not at the meeting on the race course.

You then took defamation proceedings in the Police Court.—Yes, acting on my solicitor's advice.

And you charge him with misappropriating the cheque?—With keeping possession of it.

And the Magistrate refused to issue any process in regard to that charge?—I do not know.

Re-examined: I did not give the plaintiff any guarantee in regard to the license, with the exception of the cheque.

Captain Jervis Francis Finley, of the 1st Bombay Lancers, examined by Mr. Latham, said: I was at Poona during August of last year when the Assault-at-Arms was on. I was staying at the West of India Club. Major Elliott was stopping at the same Club. I remember going to his room on the Saturday before I left Poona. I went after breakfast. I went for the purpose of driving him to the Assault-at-Arms. When I went into the room I saw Major Elliott there and a person who I now know to be Donald Greenhalgh. Major Elliott was sitting at a table writing. The plaintiff was sitting near Major Elliott, who shortly after I entered left the room and went into a bath-room. While he was away I entered into conversation with the plaintiff regarding the weather.

Mr. Latham: How long was Major Elliott absent?—About two or three minutes. On his return he went to his table and then gave a paper to Greenhalgh. I did not see what the paper was and am not certain if it was put in an envelope. When he gave the paper he said to the plaintiff "when you get your license back you will return that to me."

Mr. Latham: Did the plaintiff make any reply?—Yes. He said "I understand; Good morning, Sir." After he left the room I asked Major Elliot who the boy was. He said he was Donald Greenhalgh, a jockey, and that he had been concerned in some races in Bombay where his riding had been questioned and his license cancelled by the stewards. After that I and Major Elliott drove to theAssault-at arms,which was held on the race-course. On the way there Major Elliott told me he had noticed the boy's riding and had formed an opinion that the boy had not done all he could to win the race. He had been riding a mare, named Salambo, but that the death of the mare later on had caused him (Major Elliott) to modify that opinion and that therefore he was anxious to do what he could for the boy. He told me Greenhalgh had filed a suit against the stewards for having taken away his license, and that he had reason to believe that if the boy withdrew his suit unconditionally there was every prospect of his getting his license back. He had sent for the boy to his room in the club and had explained this to him, but that the boy had demurred and had said he was afraid that if he withdrew the suit his punishment might be increased. Major Elliott said he had assured him that would not be the case; whereupon the boy had said he had no guarantee to that effect. Major Elliott said he had given him as a personal guarantee a cheque for Rs. 5,000 and asked me if I did not see the paper which he had given Greenhalgh which he said was the cheque.

Mr. Latham: Is that all you can remember of what took place?—Yes.

Major Elliott at the time told me to consider what he had told me as being strictly confidential. At that time I had no special interests in racing matters. After the Assault-at-Arms I came to Bombay with MajorElliott. I put up at the Byculla Club where Major Elliott was stopping. While there—I think on the following day—the plaintiff came to the club. I saw him on that occasion; he came in the middle of the day, and I saw him speaking to Major Elliott, who was then sitting at a writing table, but did not hear the conversation. I cannot say if he wrote anything. After Greenhalgh had left Major Elliott told me what had passed.

Mr. Latham: What did he say?—That the plaintiff had promised to unconditionally withdraw the suit. He said the plaintiff had asked him to intercede with Dr. Gaye and that he (Major Elliott) had written to that gentleman to that effect.

Mr. Latham: Did Major Elliott say that conversation was to be confidential?—Yes. The same evening we left for Deesa.

Cross-examined by Mr. Lang: I have been with Major Elliott at Deesa since that date.

And you have discussed this matter pretty often?—Yes.

How far is it from the club to the race course where the Assault-at-arms was held?—About a mile. We were driving in a hired victoria. It took us between ten minutes and a quarter of an hour to drive there.

And did Major Elliott talk of Greenhalgh all the way?—Yes.

Mr. Lang: Do you think you can undertake to tell us, remembering you have since discussed the matter, that what you have told us in detail took place at that drive?—I think the substance is correct.

His Lordship:—You do not think you have mixed up what you heard on subsequent occasions?—No, I do not think so.

Mr. Lang: Are you certain that Major Elliott used the word "unconditional?"—Yes, perfectly.

When were you first asked to remember what had taken place on the 30th August?—About three weeks afterwards.

And you did not again think of the mattter in the interval?—No, I do not believe I did.

After Major Elliott had told you of Greenhalgh's wrong did you take any interest in the plaintiff? None whatever; it did not impress me in the least.

Do you know, during the time Major Elliott was at Deesa and when he went down for the races, that he had any correspondence with the plaintiff?—I do not remember.

Can you give me the exact words that Major Elliott addressed to Greenhalgh when he gave the cheque?—He said when you get your license back you will return this to me.

He did not use the word guarantee?—No, I am certain he did not.

Did you see the cheque turn out of the cheque-book?—No.

Did you know it was a cheque?—Not at the time.

Will you tell me the first time after this interview that you thought of it?—Yes, it was about three weeks afterwards when I received a letter from Major Elliott.

Will you undertake to say during that time you had no conversation on the matter with Major Elliott at Deesa?—No.

Did Major Elliott tell you on the 30th that he had given a cheque?—Yes.

Did he tell you why he did not want anyone to know about it?—No; he only said it was a confidential matter. I came down as a witness for him in the defamation case.

Is it not a fact that Greenhalgh was leaving Major Elliott's room at Poona when you went in?—No, he was seated in the room.

Re-examined, witness said: That is my recollection of the conversation on the letter produced, dated 7th September.

Mr. Latham wished to put in the letter as establishing that Captain Finley's attention was drawn to the substance of the Poona conversation by its receipt.

Mr. Lang objecting, his Lordship ruled that the letter was inadmissable and could not assist the case.

Mr. Towsley McCarthy Filgate, Inspector General of Prisons, examined by Mr. Latham, said: In September, 1890, I was one of the Stewards of the Western India Turf Club and was present at a meeting of the stewards in that month. At that meeting it was carried that Donald Greenhalgh having unconditionally withdrawn his suit, his license should be returned to him. Before that license was granted I had no communication with Major Elliott regarding it, and was not aware that Greenhalgh was in possession of a cheque from that officer. I was present at another meeting held in October at which it was unanimously agreed that Greenhalgh's license should be withdrawn. That was done in consequence of Messrs. Roughton and Byrne's letter of 30th September, which was published in the Bombay papers at that time; the Stewards had received no letter from Major Elliott.

Cross-examined: Colonel Merriman and I offered the granting of the license at the meeting of the 30th September.

Mr. Lang: Major Elliott was one of the stewards present at that meeting?—Yes.

Mr. Lang: These minutes are signed by the Secretary and state that the resolution was carried unanimously. How could that be if you and another steward objected to it. Is this the usual way in which the minutes of the club are kept?—I cannot say. I was not a defendant to Greenhalgh's first suit. The letters read to the meeting were those that appeared in the Bombay and Poona papers.

Mr. Lang: Was not the 5th October, 1890, a Sunday?—Yes, I think the meeting was summoned on Friday evening or Saturday morning. Dr. Gaye was then in Bombay.

Mr. Lang: Had he telegraphed or written to the stewards about this matter before the meeting was held?—I do not think he telegraphed but do not know about the writing.

Mr. Latham: That is our case.

Mr. Lang, in addressing the Court on behalf of Greenhalgh, said his client had to fight a gentleman who was socially in a much higher position, being the commanding officer of a regiment. The cheque for Rs. 5,000 was received by Greenhalgh under the impression that it was given as a present with a view to cause him to withdraw his suit which he had filed against the stewards of Western India Turf Club for having, as he considered, unjustly revoked his license and for publishing on the Bombay race course and elsewhere an allegation that he had not ridden Salambo to win, the position of Greenhalgh on the 30th August, when the cheque was given, being that he, owing to the action of the stewards he having been suspended, was unable to carry on his profession as a jockey anywhere in India. His reputation had in consequence suffered very much as it was a very serious charge to bring against a jockey that he had ridden his horse not to win, and which in itself was sufficient to induce a number of owners not to employ him; while in addition to the damage to his reputation the plaintiff had been put to a great deal of expense in the prosecution of his suit against the stewards from whom he had claimed Rs. 50,000 as damages, which although being for more than what his earnings would have amounted to would be very poor compensation for the damage to his character. It appeared that shortly after the revocation was made the horse was sent to Meerut and died soon afterwards. When the matter was again brought before the stewards but they declining to reverse their finding led to the suit being filed against them on the 3rd July. There was at this time a very strong feeling, as was shown by the evidence of Major Elliott, that Greenhalgh had been unfairly treated by the stewards, while in addition it was discovered that the whole proceedings of the stewards were void as one of their number who adjudicated on the plaintiff had actually had a bet upon the race, which was a circumstance that was against all rules of justice. Mr. Lang said he did not know if there was an express rule on the point in the turf club rules, but he thought it was most unfair that a man who had lost money on a race should sit in judgment on the jockey who was said to have lost the race.

His Lordship: Did the steward in question bet on the mare Salambo?—

Mr. Lang said such was the case as was set forth by Greenhalgh in his written plaint and admitted by the defence in statement, so that if the matter had come into Court the learned counsel contended there could have been no doubt regarding the unfairness of adjudication. While Major Elliot, was in Poona he sent for the plaintiff and made certain proposals to him regarding the withdrawal of the suit but while being unable to prove that Major Elliot was acting for anyone else, Mr. Lang said that the impression on Greenhalgh's mind at the time was that the stewards feeling that they were in a false position were anxious to get out of it as best they could without eating too much humble pie; pointing out that it was not Greenhalgh that sought for the interview on the day that the arrangement was made; adding that there could be no doubt that the jockey was given the cheque for Rs. 5,000 to withdraw the suit, but whether it was to be taken out of Court uncouditionally or not did not affect the case, as it was a most immaterial circumstance, the main portion of the agreement being to convey to the plaintiff's mind that he had only to withdraw the suit without troubling himself about costs; but he had, however to pay the costs in order to get the case out of court. What was really the case was that he was to have withdrawn his suit in consideration of being again granted his license for was it likely or probable, Mr. Lang asked that a young man like Greenhalgh after having interested himself and gone to the expense of filing a suit would have submitted to a loss of his income from February to July would have consented to withdraw his suit simply on the assurance of Major Elliott that he would get his license back unless he had been given the Rs. 5,000 as a present and as some consolation for the loss he had sustained. He accepted the proposal of Major Elliott knowing that gentleman had considerable influence with the stewards and that he was well known on the turf: but that officer appeared to view the question of the return of the license in a very sanguine light and did not expect at the meeting of the stewards that Mr. Filgate and another gentleman would have raised any objection which even if not raised showed that the resolution returning the license was not unanimously agreed to. The learned counsel further contended that Greenhalgh was perfectly justified in retaining possession of the cheque after having withdrawn the suit as he had carried out his part of the agreement and could have had no knowledge when he received the cheque that it had been post dated at the time it was handed to him in a closed envelope by Major Elliott, who, looking at all the facts as set forth in evidence, could not have done what he did simply out of friendship for the plaintiff, who while employed as a jockey was in the habit of earning between Rs. 800 and Rs. 900 per month so that the cheque for Rs. 5,000 would hardly cover his loss for the time he was debarred from riding. Mr. Lang having read several of the letters in the case as supporting the plaintiff's case said that Greenhalgh had fulfilled all his conditions of the agreement, the license not having been returned to him before the 18th September as promised. He asked the Court to place no reliance on the evidence of Captain Finley who he imagined had misrepresented what he had heard from Major Elliot as having taken place at the alleged interview at which he said he was present, but the truth of which Greenhalgh denied. Asking the Court not to believe the defendant's case which simply rested on the statements of Major Elliott and Captain Finley, the learned counsel said, he should call the plaintiff to depose to what had actually taken place at the interview.

Donald Greenhalgh, examined by Mr. Lang, said: I rode Salambo on the 22nd February 1890, at the Bombay races. She belonged to Captain Hanwell. Before she started, the mare was coughing badly, I came in third out of four riders and in consequence my license was revoked on the 24th February. I was not called upon for any defence allowed to call witnesses or examined before my license was revoked. I wish to call witnesses whose names I gave to the stewards. On the 14th March I received a telegram from Meerut to the effect that Salambo had inflamation of the lungs. She had left for Meerut on the 23rd or 24th February. I heard that she died on the 24th March. I brought the matter to the notice of the stewards but they would not return my lincense. I filed a plaint against them. At the end of August Major Elliott sent for me to his rooms in the club. No one else was present. When I got there he told me I was badly advised in entering an action against the stewards. I told him I did not think so, as they had not given me any chance to defend myself. I said they had ruined me and that I had to fight to get my reputation back again. He then asked me to withdraw the case. I told him I would not do so. He said they would give me my license before the next meeting. I then said what about my losses. He then asked me how much I was out of pocket. Upon my telling him they amounted to between Rs. 5,000 to Rs. 6,000, he asked me if I should be satisfied with Rs. 5,000. I said I should be satisfied with that sum which was for the withdrawal of the case, Major Elliott stating he would see that I got my license before the next meeting. I agreed to withdraw the case on those terms upon which he handed me the cheque enclosed in an envelope. I did not know the date of the cheque before he gave it to me. Just as I was leaving the room Captain Finley came in. I had no conversation with that officer but left at once. It is not true that the cheque was given to me as a guarantee that I should get back the license by the 18th September. I received by license back between 2 p.m. or 3 p.m. on that day. I did not ride on that day as I could not go near the course. No mount was offered to me on that day. I should not have withdrawn the suit if I had not received the cheque, believing I should get the Rs. 5,000 as a gift. I thought each party to the suit was to pay their own costs. I was not told to pay those of the defendants. Major Elliott did not make it a condition that I should unconditionally withdraw my suit before he left for Deesa. I said I should go to Bombay and give instructions to my solicitors but no time was fixed for the withdrawal. He did not tell me to return the cheque as soon as I got the license back.

The case was then adjourned until to-morrow (Saturday).

SMALL CAUSE COURT,

(Before the Chief Justice Mr. Chitty.)

DISPUTE ABOUT THE EXECUTION OF A DECREE.

At the Small Causes Court yesterday, the notice taken out against Mr. Watkin by Jeevandass Gopaldass in case of Jeevandass Gopaldass *vs.* Magan Gunput and others, came on for argument before Mr. C. W. Chitty, the acting Chief Judge. Mr. Dinshaw Davar, barrister-at-law, appeared on behalf of the plaintiff in support of the rule, and Mr. Wilkin appeared to show cause on behalf of the receiver.

It appeared that the plaintiff had obtained a decree for Rs. 1,041-14-3 in the Small Causes Court, and attached certain moneys in the hands of Mr. Watkin, who was appointed receiver in a High Court suit, filed by one of the defendants against the other defendants for a dissolution of partnership and for taking accounts of the said partnership. After attaching the moneys in the hands of the receiver the plaintiff obtained a notice against Mr. Watkin calling upon him to show cause why he should not pay in a sum of moneys sufficient to satisfy the plaintiff's decree out of the sum in his hands as such receiver.

Mr. Wilkin, in showing cause, read an affidavit of Mr. Watkin, wherein it was stated that the moneys in his hands were not sufficient to pay all the creditors of the partnership in full, and that he could not only give a rateable dividend, and that the other creditors had not yet prepared their account.

Mr. Wilkin contended that attaching moneys in the hands of a receiver was a contempt of the Court appointing the receiver, and that the plaintiff ought to send the decree to the High Court for execution. He asked for a dismissal of the case.

Mr. Davar, in support of the rule, read the order appointing Mr. Watkin receiver, wherein he was directed to pay the just debts of the partners. He also read a decree dismissing the suit and ordering Mr. Watkin to be discharged as a receiver after passing his account before the Commissioner, and further directing Mr. Watkin to pay over the moneys in his hands to the partners. It was contended that because Mr. Watkin had not passed the account he was not debarred from paying moneys into the Small Causes Court, because that would be an item in the account. The counsel for the plaintiff cited Sections 272 and 277 of the Civil Procedure Code, and argued that the plaintiffs had a perfect right to attach moneys in the hands of a receiver, and that it had been done over and over again. If the rule was discharged Mr. Watkin would under the decree have to pay over moneys to the defendants and the plaintiff would have his just rights defeated. Under the order the receiver was bound to pay the just debts of the partners, and the plaintiff having proved his claim the receiver was bound to pay him. It would be unjust to wait till the other creditors, who were sleeping over their rights, proved their claims. The decree could not be sent to the High Court as the Small Causes Court had ample jurisdiction to execute its decrees against any moveable property. It was only when it was sought to execute decrees against moveable property that it was necessary to transfer them to the High Court.

His Honor, delivering judgment, said: The rule was issued calling upon the defendants to show cause why the moneys in the hands of the receiver should not be attached in satisfaction of the decree passed by this Court. It appeared that the High Court suit, in which the receiver was appointed, was dismissed for the plaintiff's absence and the decretal order directed the receiver to pass his accounts before the Commissioner, and to pay over any sums which may remain in his hands to the partners. There was therefore no suit or proceeding pending in the High Court, and the rule will consequently be made absolute.

Mr. Wilkin moved that a case might be stated for the opinion of the High Court, which was refused.

The total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending April 21 was 516, giving a death-rate of 31·71 per annum per thousand as against 23·31 the corresponding period of last year, and 29·92 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 132 died from fevers; 3, small-pox; 54, phthisis; 5, leprosy; 24, measles; 3, small-pox; 52, diseases of the nervous system; 90, affections of the respiratory organs; 26, diarrhœa; 14, dysentery; 22, still-born; 37, old age and debility; 6, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Buddhist or Jain, 15; Lingaet, 1; Brahmin, 22; Bhattia, 6; Hindu of other caste, 260; Hindu outcaste, 41; Musalman, 114; Parsee, 24; Jew, 4; Native Christian, 21; Eurasian, 3; European, 5. The total number of births was 266 as against 247 the corresponding period of last year, and 267 the average over the past five years.

Lady Dufferin has found an ungenerous critic among the missionaries. A Mr. Thomas, from South India, fearing that her ladyship's bright and hopeful account of the women of India may lead to a relaxation of missionary effort has been reminding the London Missionary Society that Lady Dufferin speaks from only four years' experience, and that it is extremely unlikely she would come across any other than the best aspects of zenana or school life. Some women and children, he admits, are happy, but only because they don't know better.

The Hon'ble Alfred Deakin, the Victorian ex-Minister, who was the first to carry out practically the suggestion of Bishop Moorhouse to "conserve the waterfall rather than pray for rain," by instituting irrigation works under Messrs. Chaffey Brothers, has returned from his visit to India, whither he proceeded specially to study the system of Indian irrigation. On his return Mr. Deakin observed to a Press interviewer: "Indian irrigation is on by far the largest scale and by far the best of any in the world. As far as engineering work is concerned, it far exceeds anything else I have seen in Egypt, Italy or America. The white people in the country don't know it. I was the first white man in the country, who was not an official, who went up the Sirhind Canal."

SECOND CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

At the Criminal Sessions of the High Court, yesterday, the following cases were heard before the Chief Justice Sir Charles Sargent and a common jury:—

FABRICATION OF FALSE EVIDENCE.

Lulloo Nundlal was placed at the bar on a charge of fabricating false evidence, forgery, and using as genuine a forged document. Mr. Lang appeared for the prosecution.

The prisoner applied for a commission to examine about a dozen witnesses residing in the vicinity of Petlad, in the Gaekwar's territory.

His Lordship granted the application, and enquired if the prisoner wished to be represented by a pleader at the examination.

The prisoner said he could not afford to engage a pleader, and asked permission to go to Petlad and condnct the examination in person.

Mr. Lang said the prisoner was in custody, and he objected to his being released in order to be present at the examination of the witnesses at Petlad.

His lordship refused to allow the prisoner to leave Bombay, but gave him three weeks' time to file interrogatories on which the witnesses should be examined.

Mr. Lang intimated that the prosecutor would be represented at the examination to cross-examine the prisoner's witnesses, and the case was traversed to the next Sessions.

CRIMINAL MISAPPROPRIATION OF GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Gangjee Akhai, a Battia merchant, was charged with criminal breach of trust as an executor of the estate of Mohunjee Hurjee and with criminal misappropriation of Government paper of the value of Rs. 65,000. Mr. Inverarity, instructed by Messrs. Tyebjee and Dyabhoy, appeared for the prosecution; and Mr. Rivett-Carnac, instructed by Messrs. Conroy and Brown, conducted the defence.

Mr. Inverarity, in addressing the jury, briefly stated the facts of the case for the prosecution. The prisoner was the sole executor of the last will of Mohunjee Hurjee on his death in 1887. With the exception of two houses which he left to his widow, the deceased left the residue of his property for charitable purposes. This circumstance gave the prisoner very great opportunities to misappropriate portions of the property, as no other persons were interested in the property, and the only person responsible for looking after it was the Advocate-General. Having obtained probate of Mohunjee's will, the prisoner took charge of the property and filed an inventory of account, which showed that he had received Rs. 1,19,216 and interest amounting to Rs. 8,617. These amounts, with the sale proceeds of certain jewellery left by the deceased, came to the aggregate sum of Rs. 1,28,000, exclusive of the two houses in respect of which he had collected rents. It would appear that he had not handed over to the deceased's widow all the rents he had collected, but that point would not be raised in the present case. According to the account filed by the prisoner, it would appear that he was in possession of Government paper belonging to the deceased, of the value of Rs. 65,000; and the same account showed the manner in which the prisoner had spent certain monies belonging to the estate. In 1889, in consequence of certain persons being dissatisfied with the manner in which the prisoner had administered the estate reported the matter to the Advocate-General, who, on the strength of their guarantee, instituted proceedings in the High Court, but afterwards some of the parties, coming to an agreement with the accused in regard to the matter, let Menabai, the deceased's widow, to come forward, with the result that she was made a party to the suit. In the prosecution of these proceedings, an application was made to the Court for the appointment of a receiver, as the opposing parties doubted at the time if the Government paper in the possession of the prisoner was in safe custody. Mr. C. A. Turner was appointed the receiver, and questions on interrogatories were put to the prisoner, who, in answer to them, stated that the paper was locked up in an iron safe in the room of the deceased's widow, to which he had no access. It would, however, be found that, instead of this statement being true, the prisoner had pledged the Government paper with the Bank of Bombay, and had subsequently ordered the Bank to sell the paper, which was sold, and that the proceeds were appropriated by the prisoner to his own use. Subsequently to the appointment of Mr. Turner as receiver, he called upon the prisoner in September, 1890, to hand over to him the Government paper and the property belonging to the State. The prisoner then left Bombay to avoid the threatened legal proceedings. After a time his whereabouts where traced, and the present prosecution was commenced [illegible] ed that, as the evidence in the case was mostly documentary, and as the evidence regarding the pledging of the Government paper with the Bank was most conclusive, he had no doubt that he should be able to bring home the charge to the accused.

Evidence was then led for the prosecution.

In cross-examination by Mr. Rivett-Carnac, one of the witnesses, Lukhmidas Harbhum, stated that he was not aware of the existence of any enmity between the prisoner and those who moved the Advocate-General to file the charity suit. Witness had joined in guaranteeing the expenses of that suit, not from any bad feeling towards the prisoner, but from a sense of public duty. Witness was interested in the charity.

Mr. Rivett-Carnac: As a member of the public doing his public duty?

Witness: Yes.

Mr. Rivett-Carnac: You were then interested in the suit as much as I was? (A laugh.)

Witness: I wished to see that the charity was not misused. I was interested in it as a member of the caste, for whose benefit the charity was intended. I had to pay Rs. 1,000 or Rs. 2,000 as my share of the expenses of the suit. I had an opportunity of inspecting the prisoner's books, but I had not arrived at a result to enable me to say, apart from the Government paper and the house, whether the prisoner was indebted to the estate or the estate was indebted to the prisoner.

Mr. Rivett-Carnac: Have you ever been to the widow's room?

Witness: I am her relation, and I go to her room when an occasion arises for doing so. There is an iron safe in her room. I do not remember whether or not the prisoner was accused of making away with the title-deeds from the safe. There was some conversation between the solicitor in the matter. Accused had built a dhurumsalla at Nassik. He had built another dhurumsalla, but there was a dispute about the accounts.

After the examination of some more witnesses, the Court adjourned until 10 o'clock this (Friday) morning.

WINNING AT WHIST.

A clever little article on Whist, publishe in *Temple Bar* by One Who Wins', explains how hearned and keeps up his reputation:—To defend myself from not following Cavendish's advice, I informed my partner that I played according to the instructions of a high authority, "Smith on Whist." I was alwa a large card-holdlier. In fact, I have been cald—Many others also receive the same appellation—"he Greatest Card-holder in Europe." and I used to a against the followers of Cavendish, which I humbly protested was owing to my devotion to the maxims of the immortal "Smith on Whist." One of my tagonists wrote for a copy of the grand work. e got for answer, which I was not surprised at that none had ever heard of such a book. Garve doubts see then amongst my opponents; but luckily an Ir captain came to my assistance. The captain, w did not know much about whist himself, found it with me for a violation of the laws of Caveuh, and I replied by declaring that "Smith on Whis advised —"D——n 'Smith on Whist,' interrupted he irate captain. "I used to play by Smith on Whis twenty years ago; but he is obsolete—obsolete!"

I made a deep study of the works of model professors, and made such progress that a very go player paid me the following compliment: "You aree best partner I ever had. You will always make istakes owing to your nervousness, but you never p false cards, you never finesse, I always know whatu have got in your hand; and last, but not least, youneraly hold six trumps." I believe in skill, but seiieve still more in luck. Old Rothschild, when sebody was recommended to him as a clever man to nduct a delicate financial operation, answered, "I, not care about his cleverness; is he lucky?" One the shrewdest members of Lord North's Ministryrites, in a letter which I have seen, about the folly the Government in sending out Admiral Byron Foulweather Jack") to command the British Fleethich was invariably scattered by a tempest when bommanded, and declares that if Lord North's vate secretary, the well-known "Lucky Burrell. was appointed, all would go well.

The latest mail advices state that a report in circulation at Samoa that a Chief on the Mullua plantation had been killed and eaten his labourers. The German authorities decli to believe the story but the chief's relatives insist it is true. Bones, which were said to be thosehe cannibals' victim, have been surgically exad and reported to be smaller than those of the of in question.

THE ARMY RETURNS.

The first three tables of the Preliminary Return of the British Army for the year 1890, which will be in the hands of the public immediately, deal with the average strength of the Regular Army during 1890, and show that there was a falling-off in the total numbers during the first half of the year of some 3,000 men, which was completely made up during the latter part of the year. The next table shows the distribution of the Army, according to the latest returns received on Jan. 1, 1891, showing the effectives and establishment of each arm. From this table we find that, with an authorised establishment of 215,467 officers and men for the Regular Army, the total number of effectives was 210,499, leaving a net deficiency of 4,968. Of these numbers 104,591, including 1,295 Household Cavalry, 11,139 Cavalry of the Line, 4,900 Foot Guards, and 38,551 Infantry of the Line were serving at home—that is to say, in England, Scotland, Ireland, Jersey, Guernsey, and Alderney. In the colonies and Egypt were 32,322 of all ranks, the three largest commands being 8,343 at Malta, 4,806 at Gibraltar, and 3,240 in Egypt. But of the whole 32,000 men distributed throughout the various colonies, only 699 were Cavalry, there being one regiment numbering 509 in South Africa and a detachment of 190 Cavalry in Egypt. The total number of the Regular Army is completed by the large force of 73,586 British troops serving in India, of which 5,762 were Cavalry of the Line.

From a table showing the effective strength and establishment of each arm of the service in rank and file on Jan. 1, 1891, it appears that with an authorised establishment of 190,000 rank and file, the number of effectives serving was but 185,547, the most notable deficiencies being Cavalry of the Line, 180 below the establishment; Foot Guards, 360 below the establishment; Garrison Artillery, 400; West India and Colonial Corps, 2,250; and Infantry of the Line, 1,700 below the establishment. However, it appears that on Jan. 1 the total number of effectives of all ranks was actually 28 above the total on Jan. 1, 1890, although some 500 below the totals for 1889 and 1888; and the number of officers, 7,752, included in the total on Jan. 1 of the present year is the highest number for any year since Mr. Childers' reorganisation scheme of 1881. The number of non-commissioned officers and men, which on Jan. 1, 1891, was 201,848, was increased during the year by a total of 33,894, and decreased by 33,626, showing on Jan. 1 last a net increase of 268 to 202,116. The increase was made up chiefly of 31,407 recruits and 1,565 men who rejoined from desertion, while decrease was accounted for by 1,738 deaths, 11,718, discharged to pension, as invalids, by purchase, and for other reasons, 4,134 deserters, 14,199 who joined the Army Reserve, 662 joined the Auxiliary Forces, 75 given up as deserters, and 1,100 for "other causes." The number of recruits enlisted in 1890—31,407—was larger than in 1888 or 1889, but considerably less than in the years 1883, 1884, 1885 and 1886, when the numbers were 33,96,35,653,39,971, and 39,409 respectively, while the number of discharges was fewer than in any year since 1872, and the number of deserters was smaller than in any year since 1884, although the total of rank and file has been considerably increased during the last seven years.

Coming to the tables referring to the Auxiliary and Reserve Forces, we find that the First-class Army Reserve numbered, on Jan. 1 last, 59,280 men; and the Second-class Army Reserve, 953. The total enrolled strength of the Militia at the dates of inspection in 1890 was 113,163; of the Yeomanry, 10,697; and the strength of the Volunteers on Nov. 1, 1890, was 221,048. Included in the above number of Militia were 31,223 men belonging to the Militia Reserve. The first-class Army Reserve, which numbered on Jan. 1, 1890, 54,136 men, was increased during the year by 16,782, and decreased by 11,638 men, showing a net increase of 5,144 to the total of 59,280 on Jan. 1 last. Of the total decrease only 441 were accounted for by death, and almost the whole of the remainder on completion of engagement or struck off for absence, the latter heading accounting for no fewer than 1,254. Of the 113,163 enrolled militia, 75,214 belong to English regiments, 13,621 to Scottish regiments, and 24,328 to Irish regiments. But of this 113,163—itself 22,559 below the authorised establishment—only 99,628 were present at last year's trainings, the large proportion of 13,535, or nearly twelve per cent., being absent, and nearly two-thirds—8,648—absent without leave. During the year the enrolled strength of the Militia, exclusive of the Permanent Staff fell from 103,685 to 101,820; and the Yeomanry Cavalry from 10,789 to 10,697, of whom, however, only 9,251 of all ranks were present at the annual inspections. The Volunteers, in like manner, have fallen from a total of 224,021 on Nov. 1, 1889, to 221,048 on Nov. 1 last, a loss of 2,973 in the year.

The grand total of Regulars, Militia, Yeomanry, and Volunteers, as shown by the return, is 555,407 only, as compared with 561,442 for the previous year. The Army Reserve brings the total of every available men, supposing all to be efficient, to 615,640. But this total shows a net deficiency of 73,925 compared with the establishment of 689,585 authorised during last year by Parliament. The return for 1889 gave the establishment authorised as 685,486, and the total of men as 617,525, showing a deficiency of 67,961, which has therefore been increased during the year by 5,964. In fact, excluding the Army Reserve, the only branch of the service which has increased at all is the Regular Army, by the small total of 231, and even this increase was in the Colonial regiments. It is seventeen years since the numbers of the Militia were as low as at present, and six years since the deficiency of officers was so great. The numbers of the Yeomanry were never so low as now during the period covered by the return, and it is seven years since the number of Volunteers were so low. With reference to the Volunteers, the numbers are high, as is also the percentage of efficiency, and the establishments authorised are more or less fictitious; not so, however, is the case of the Regular Army and Militia. Here the numbers voted are intended to be filled, if possible, and the deficiency of 27,527 men in the two forces is owing entirely to the non-success of the recruiting sergeant. However, a committee on recruiting has now been appointed, with Lord Wantage as chairman, and the deliberations of this body will, it is hoped, result in the introduction of a more satisfactory condition of affairs.

THE TIPPERARY TRIALS.

CORK COURT HOUSE BURNT DOWN.

Proceedings in the Tipperary riot trials at the Cork Assizes on Friday (27th ult.) were suspended by a sudden and alarming out-break of fire in the Court-house. On the resumed trial, Mr. T. Harrington addressed the jury for the traversers, contending that the police were the real rioters. Mr. Wright, Q.C., replying for the Crown, animadverted strongly upon the presence of Mr. John Morley and Mr. Illingworth at Tipperary, and argued that the whole object of the day's proceeding had been to place the constabulary in a false light before an ex-Cabinet Minister. Mr. Justice Monroe, in his summing up, expressed the opinion that the case would not have assumed anything like the importance with which it had been invested but for the fact that it had fallen into the hands of the politicians. While the summing up was in progress the roof of the court was discovered to be on fire, and the prisoners—including Mr. Dillon and Mr. William O'Brien, who were present as witnesses—were hurried back to prison. The flames spread rapidly, and by half-past nine o'clock the building (which was built in the reign of William IV. at a cost of £22,000) was completely distroyed. A number of valuable books, documents, and old records were destroyed. Above the portico a flagstaff, bearing a Union Jack, remained fluttering in the flames for some time, but ultimately, when it fell, the crowds rent the air with shouts. The fire i said to have been caused by the overheating of a flue.

Mr. Justice Monroe's summing up was resumed and concluded on Saturday (28th ult.) at a temporary court held in a schoolroom. The judge, in the course of his remarks, animadverted strongly upon the the evidence of Mr. Byles, the representative of a Bradford newspaper, especially with regard to his suggestion that the police manufactured bombs and explosives for the purpose of discovering them subsequently. After an hour's deliberation the jury found the traversers Keating and Brennock and Breen "Not guilty," but were unable to agree with respect to Michael O'Brien Dalton and Robert Paul Gill. The two latter were allowed out on enteringi nto their own recognisances to take their trial on getting ten days' notice from the Crown. Eleven jurors were for convicting the prisoners.

The Cork grand jury assembled specially on Tuesday (31st ult.) to consider the subject of rebuilding the Court-house. Amongst other resolutions passed was one expressing admiration of the dignity and presence of mind displayed by Judge Monroe on the occasion of the fire, and a vote of thanks was accorded to the constabulary for their cool and excellent conduct.

Holloways Pills and Ointment are particularly recommended to persons who have to pass their lives in confined and crowded places; hundreds of thousands of our fellow creatures toil from morning until evening in factories and workshops to the detriment of their health, and the deterioration of the race. They suffer in consequence from indigestion, flatulence and want of appetite, and these complaints, if neglected, bring about nervousness and

PURE PERSONALITIES.

A telegram from Ottwa states that the Rev. G. M. Milligan, one of the leading Presbyterian clergymen in Toronto, after praying for the Queen at public worship, fervently pleaded for God's blessing on the Prince of Wales. He continued by saying that if all reports were true, he prayed the Lord to change him and fit him for the throne, or else grant that he might not reach it to cause trouble. The incident has given rise to much comment in Canada.

The return of Lord Rosebery to public may be expected (the *World* says) after Easter. He has been told by his colleagues that his presence in the House of Lords is very desirable. Lord Granville is out of health, Lord Kimberley has no weight or authority, and the result is that Lord Salisbury never meets with even a whisper of criticism in the Upper House. The Opposition know that the supremacy of the Prime Minister there is unassailable, but they desire that he should have a clever and effective critic.

"BEAUTY AND FASHION," an illustrated journal for women, has had a beauty competition for the choice of a "Queen of Beauty." Somewhere about 1,000 photos were received, and the choice of the judges was a young lady of Ryde, Isle of Wight—Miss May, 19 years of age, and a student of art. She is described as "of a charmingly fair complexion. Her eyes are dark blue, set off by dark eyelashes and eyebrows gracefully arched; her hair, which reaches to her waist, is of that lustrous silken light-brown hue, which approaches a golden sheen when seen in the sunlight."

The "Central News" understands that copies of certain statements of insinuations concerning Captain O'Shea, reported to have been made recently by Dr. M'Cormack, who has been appointed Bishop of Galway since the election of 1885, and by Canon O'Mahony, of Cork, have been submitted to Captain O'Shea's advisers, with directions that the most effective measures should immediately be taken to bring the alleged libels before the proper tribunal.

For two years past (an American paper says) the principal sensation of society has been Mr. James L. Babcock, who will presently be married. In the summer of 1888 Luther James, the maternal uncle of Mr. Babcock, died. Mr. James bequeathed to Mr. Babcock £100,000 on condition that the legatee married within five years. The fact, being mentioned in the newspapers, had the immediate effect of swelling Mr. Babcock's mail. The proposals of matrimony and descriptions of candidates came so fast that Mr. Babcock had a circular-letter printed acknowledging the receipt of the communications. There were 105 eligible maidens laying seige to him within a few weeks. After reaching that number, Mr. Babcock failed to keep count of the applicants. As the news spread, he received many flattering offers from Europe. It was a remarkable fact that, with all the correspondents, the £100,000 matter was a minor consideration. They loved Mr. Babcock for himself alone. The ages of the proposers ranged from fourteen to sixty.

The Shah is not only a prose writer, but has also some pretensions to the character of poet. One day having completed a poem which particularly delighted him, this autocratic monarch deigned to read it to one of the most prominent men of letters attached to his household. "What do you think of it?" he asked, after reading his verses aloud. "I do not altogether like the poem," was the candid reply. "What an ass you are to say so!" exclaimed the offended Sovereign, and there was certainly much wisdom in the Royal words, for the misguided critic was forthwith ordered to the stable to be flogged. A few days later, the Shah, having written another poem, once more desired to hear the opinion of the learned scribe whom he had consulted before. Hardly had he read a few lines of his latest incubration when the learned man turned abruptly away, and prepared to run out of the room. "Where are you going?" thundered his Majesty. "Back to the stables!" cried the critic in desperation. So amused was the King of Kings by this repartee that he forgave the delinquent, and forbore to have him flogged a second time.

Referring to the reports of the Queen's departure, describing how, when her Majesty embarked, she leaned on the arm of an Indian attendant while the Duke of Connaught walked behind, a London correspondent writes:—Her Majesty, who is faithful in her likes as she is pronounced in her aversions, has put the Indian in the place occupied by the famous John Brown, who for many years watched over his Sovereign's safety with a zeal that was religious in its utter devotedness. The Indian successors to John Brown began to take rank about the time of the Jubilee. He is a splendid fellow. Stalwart but supple, gifted with the courtly dignity that comes natural alike to the well-bred Hindoo or Mahomedan, he has also the gentleness of a woman and the reverence of a child. To him the Sovereign is more than Queen of Great Britain. She is also Empress of nearly 300 millions of his fellow-subjects in India. Anyhow, his qualities have commended him to her Majesty as a suitable personal attendant. Hence he now rides at the back of the Queen's carriage, he leads her pony, he is ever by her side ready to fetch or carry, and, greatest honour of all, he is permitted to lend his arm to support his Royal mistress's steps when she is weary, or the way is difficult, or the injured knee is troublesome. Hence, also, he has been detailed to accompany her Majesty on the foreign holiday with her other favourite belongings, such as the stout, sleek donkey and the Queen's bed; for, as you may know, her Majesty has a fancy to lie on one bed only, and wherever she goes her bed it taken with her.

Mr. Crichton Somerville contributes to the *New York Herald* some "Mysteries of Court Life in Norway and Sweden." They should be taken, we imagine *cum grano*. The dispute between Norway and Sweden which threatens to become serious is capable, he thinks, of a very simple solution:—Whenever King Oscar II visits Norway he is accompanied by a Swedish escort who wear Swedish uniforms, and the "yellow" lining of their coats is a standing grievance in the eyes of the Norwegian people. Were King Oscar's attendants attired in Court costumes with a "red" lining, all would go well; the crowd would be delighted. But as it is, whenever those officials appear in the streets with their saffron lapels, the national honour is at stake and the people exclaim, "Why are we to be insulted with the yellow!" The fact is that great rivalry exists between the two countries, and a mistake is made in thus bringing Sweden to Norway; it creates, as I have said, an ill-feeling that cannot be got over.

Some time ago it chanced that the King wished to drink a glass of wine with a newly-appointed to chamberlain.

"Your health!" graciously said his Majesty.

"Your health!" responded the chamberlain, without rising from his chair.

"Your health!" again repeated the King.

"Your health!" curtly rejoined his subject, who remained sitting; whereupon King Oscar put his glass down without drinking, and turned to other guests, speaking on various topics. It is but a few years ago that one lady, who had been appointed maid of honour, or to some other similar post, forgot herself to such an extent, or did not know manners, that the Queen, it is said, told her point-blank to go and be instructed by the mistress of the robes in etiquette before she again ventured to come to her presence.

The Norwegians are in many ways a peculiar people, owing to the fact that the customs of the country permit of one brother possibly being a poor village blacksmith and another a Minister of State, so that their manners are either exaggerated in would-be politeness or coarse in their notions of ideal personal superiority or equality to King or authorities.

I am much amused, writes Miss Mantalini, by the following singular story, the responsibility for which I leave to the London gossip of a New York paper, as to a boxing entertainment which took place at the residence of a well known peer. His lordship had a large dinner party of lords and ladies, and at the conclusion of the meal distributed programmes in the form of menu cards written by his own hand of the entertainment which was to follow. All the company then adjourned to the ball-room of the house, where a ring had been formed in the orthodox manner, except that silk ribbon was used instead of ropes to form the enclosure. Six pugilists, several not unknown to "fame," were in attendance, and were divided into three pairs. Each had [illegible] gloves on, and wore rubber-sole boots to p[illegible]pping on the polished floor. The boxing [illegible]-determined business-like character, and [illegible] in every bout. The noble ladies [illegible] the least squeamishness, and [illegible] clapping their gloved hands, [illegible] their fans. Three separate fi[illegible] and the whole affair was voted a [illegible] of repetition. "The story," the [illegible] "has created an immense amount [illegible] the new form of fashionable ente[illegible] regarded as emphatically English, it w[illegible] in all probability."

NOTICES.

FRAZER'S SULPHUR TABLETS PURIFY THE BLOOD AND THUS ERADICATE FEVER, IMPROVE THE COMPLEXION AND WARD OFF RHEUMATISM.

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It Cures Old Sores,
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Clarke's Blood Mixture is the only real Specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains, for it removes the *cause* from the blood and bones.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

"It is entirely free from any poison or metallic impregnation, does not contain any injurious ingredient and is a good safe, and useful medicine.—ALFRED SWAINE TAYLOR, M.D., F. R. S., Lecturer on Medical Jurisprudence and Toxicology."

"The Hon. Surgeon to His Excellency the Viceroy of India prescribes Clarke's Blood Mixture largely, and speaks highly of its efficacy in skin affections, &c. On this account we wrote asking if you could supply the Mixture for dispensing purposes."—Letter from A. John & Co., Druggists, &c., Agra, India, June, 1888.

West Cowes, Isle of Wight, September, 1888.

"Dear Sirs,—Through the merits of your excellent Clarke's Blood Mixture the large red pimples which covered my face are fast disappearing. For a long time I put up with the discomfort of these pimples thinking that nothing would do any good. A friend I was persuaded to try your medicine, and now I have taken one bottle they are rapidly vanishing. It cannot be too highly recommended, and I am most grateful. I will tell all my friends about it, but they really do not require telling because they can see the difference for themselves. You may publish this if needful.—I am, gratefully yours,
"ISLA GERALDINE RIPON."

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Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles 2s. 9d. each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long standing cases, BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England. Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

CAUTION.

Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled vendors. The words "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government Stamp, and "Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture," blown in the Bottle WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

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Mr. Sims Reeves.

MR. SIMS REEVES says:—"This preparation is great boon; simple, refreshing and efficacious."

MADAME MARIE ROZE (*the renowned singer*) says:—"I have used your EFFERVESCENT POTASH with remarkable results. It is really wonderful."

It Prevents and Cures Indigestion.
It Purifies the Blood and Preserves the Bloom of Youth.
It is a natural Tonic and most pleasant Drink

There was sickness in Olympus; all the gods were slightly ill;
Jove himself had got a headache, Juno thought she'd take a pill;
Venus languished in her beauty, Bacchus, too, felt very queer.
He'd been drinking all last evening very potent bitter beer.
Tired of nectar and nepenthe, some new drink they wished to find;
Something to refresh the body, and invigorate the mind;
Long they sought, then found and carried up to heaven's high azure vault,
Sparkling, in a crystal goblet, ABBEY'S EFFERVESCENT SALT.
When they drank the magic liquid, vanished every ache and pain.
Bacchus pulled himself together; Venus felt herself again.
Then said Jove, "When gods approve it, sure it is those mortals' fault,
If they suffer any ailment, since they can get ABBEY'S SALT."
Pleasant 'tis, and most refreshing, and disease it keeps away.
I myself shall, in the future, take one glassful every day;
As a drink it far surpasses all that's made from hop or malt.
'Tis the best of all inventions—"ABBEY'S EFFERVESCENT SALT."

Guaranteed to keep Fresh in any Climate.

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PHILLIPS & CO., I.D. BOMBAY & POONA.

Abbey's Effervescent Potash sold Everywhere.
Price Re. 1-12 per large Bottle.
Wholesale Rates upon Application.

May also be had retail from the following Chemists Bombay:—MESSRS. KEMP & Co., TREACHER & Co., PHILLIPS & Co., THOMSON & TAYLOR, FERNANDES & Co. & Co., ESPLANADE PHARMACY, BOLTON & Co., and from Native Druggists in the Bazaar, from D. MACROPOLO & Co., Cigar Merchants, Street.

HAMILTON & COMPANY,
ART JEWELLERS,
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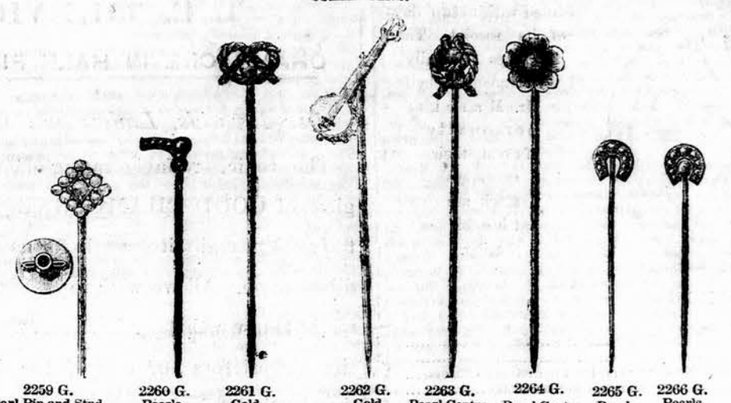

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FOR LADIES' & CHILDREN'S BOOTS & SHOES, TRAVELLING BAGS, ETC.
HIGHEST AWARD WHEREVER EXHIBITED.
LATEST PARIS EXHIBITION, 1889.

AMERICAN MAGIC BRONZE

Gives to Old Boots & Shoes, Ornaments, &c., the appearance of New.

FOR GENTLEMEN'S BOOTS, USE
ARMY AND NAVY LIQUID BLACKING.
Sold by all Bootmakers, Chemists, & Storekeepers throughout India.

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LIGHT PALE ALE
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EXTRA STOUT.

ALLSOPP'S LIGHT PALE ALE is specially brewed to meet the public taste for light beers.

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"THE CREAM OF OLD IRISH WHISKIES."
PURE, MILD and MELLOW.
DELICIOUS, and VERY WHOLESOME.
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ASK FOR
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And see that each Jar bears Baron Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across the Label.

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IT CURES Dyspepsia, Nerve, and Heart Disease.
CURES Kidney and Liver Complaints.
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The EFFECT of this Standard PHOSPHORIC Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is Really Marvellous,

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Actually creates New Nervous Fluid and Brain Matter by supplying the Blood with its Electric Life Element—PHOSPHORUS, the very Core and Centre of the Brain itself, restoring the fullest and most vigorous conditions of Robust Health of Body and Mind, and whilst pleasant to the taste, never fails to Purify and Enrich the Blood, and thoroughly invigorate the Brain, Nerves, and Muscles. Its energising effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a Feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort, to which the Patient has long been unaccustomed. Digestion is invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. The bowels become regular. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, the Skin clear and healthy, and the Hair acquires Strength, showing the importance of its action on the Organs of Nutrition.

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is the only Medicine of the kind or name awarded a Certificate of Merit, at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-4, where all Countries were Exhibitors and the only Trade Mark—"PHOSPHODYNE"—Registered and Protected under the Trade Marks Act.

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BOOTS. *No Goods are Genuine without this Mark.*

SHOES. CHEAPER THAN HAND SEWN, WEAR LONGER, ARE EASIER.

TRY THE NEW AS

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The pure Essence of Santal obtained by Midy's process from the best Mysore wood.

SANTAL-MIDY entirely different from the santal oil of the Indian Bazars, is superior to Copaiba, Cubeb or injections, and free from all bad smell or other inconveniences.

SANTAL-MIDY cures all derangements of the urinary organs in either sex **in 48 hours.**

SANTAL-MIDY is contained in small round Capsules, each of which bears the name..... (MIDY) in black letters, without which none are genuine.

SANTAL-MIDY Beware of imitations, all other Capsules or mixtures contain impurities, resins, oils &c. and are worse than useless.

SANTAL-MIDY is sold by all druggists and medicine dealers throughout the world.

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OF
Lactophosphate of Lime

HEALTH VIGOUR BONE MUSCLE

This syrup enriches the blood, and streghtens and restores all the vital energies. It contains Phosphate of Lime the substance most necessary to our existence, and indispensable for the formation of the bony and muscular system. It is a specific in Infants' green Diarrhœa, and assists children in the formation and cutting of their teeth, and where the limbs are weak, they greatly improve by this bone-forming material.

DUSART'S SYRUP is the best Tonic for Lymphatic subjects, and all suffering from nervous **Debility, Poorness of Blood** and the **Excesses of Youth.**

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SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

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OF
HYPO-PHOSPHITE of LIME
FOR DISEASES OF THE CHEST

All suffering from **Catarrh, Consumption, Obstinate Coughs or Colds** and those affected with diseases of the **Chest, Lungs** and **Bronchial Tubes,** should take

GRIMAULT'S SYRUP of HYPO-PHOSPHITE of LIME

Prescribed by the leading medical authorities in all countries for the last twenty-five years with the greatest success, it continues to retain its reputation where all other medecines have failed.

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Kananga Water the most delightfully refreshing Toilet Water. It renders the skin firm, relieves mosquito bites and imparts a delicate fragance and feeling of comfort and freshness.

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A REFRESHING
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Julien's Fruit Purgative is exclusively a vegetable composition and has the appearance and taste of a delicious Bon-Bon. It is perfectly harmless, and is the best remedy for

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Its refreshing and purifying qualities are invaluable to persons predisposed to headaches, biliousness, and apoplexy; while it prevents convulsions in children, and is very useful in all infant disorders.

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PEPTONE WINE
TONIC, DIGESTIVE & NUTRITIVE

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPTONE WINE nourishes the Sick & Convalescent, without fatiguing the stomach by the process of digestion; and is far superior to Beef Teas, Jellies, and Meat Extracts, which cannot nourrish the body if the digestive organs are defective.

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CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPTONE WINE cannot be too highly recommended as a Tonic stimulant and Restorative to the **Aged,** Delicate **Females,** Lymphatic subjects and children.

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WATCH MANUFACTURERS, &c.,
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SEND their Watches, Post Prepaid and at their Risk, for their net value by V.P. Post all over India and Burma, and to ensure every satisfaction to the Purchaser they offer the option of exchanging the Watch if not approved of, provided it is returned within two days of its receipt. The Watches specially recommended by Mr. Marcks personally, from their enormous stock are the following.

Each Watch is supplied in a Case with Spare Glass and Main Spring :—

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The Popular Watch, the cheapest that goes well, Keyless Crystal face	15
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The same works in Hunting case	50
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The Gold Half Chronometer, very substantial	250
The same as foregoing, in Hunting case do. do. excellent Presentation Watch	280
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HAVANNAH-SHAPED, 6 inches long, in boxes of 50, per box	2	8

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HAVANNAH-SHAPED, 5 inches long, rather thicker than "Salisburys," in boxes of 50 ... ...per box	2	0

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FOR
WHITENING ALL ARTICLES OF BUFF OR BUCKSKIN
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SUCH AS
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It is prepared in a very careful manner, and extra precautions are taken to ensure AN EVENNESS OF COLOUR. It contains nothing that will in any way injure the article to which it is applied, and, if used as directed, a splendid white of a glossy satinlike appearance and soft silky surface is ensured, which will not readily rub off.

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EDWARD'S
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POSITIVELY FORCES
Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers & Mustachios,
To Grow Heavily in a Few Weeks, without Injury to the Skin, and no matter at what age. The world-renowned Remedy for Baldness, from whatever cause arising. As a Producer of Whiskers & Mustachios it has never been equalled. As a Curer of Weak and Thin Eyelashes, or Restoring Grey Hair to its Original Colour, Never Fails.
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For Invalids, Ladies and others.

The tonic, re-invigorating effects of a glass of GOOD CHAMPAGNE is much too ancient and trite a tale for us to here dilate upon. All we wish to do is to make widely known that we have arranged with the Proprietors of one of the best of the Continental Vineyards to introduce through as into India the VERY BEST Champagne, put up in

HALF PINT BOTTLES.

Ladies, Invalids and others will recognise the great convenience and also the saving; while our name on the label will be a sufficient guarantee that the wine is really what we represent it to be—**THE VERY BEST,**—and fit for Invalids, and we also think the public will fully endorse our opinion, which is that "No Invalid should be permitted to have any but the best of stimulants."

Rs. 38-8. For Rs. 38-8.
Hampers containing 24 Half Pints.

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In cases of 2 doz. Pints, Rs. 3 extra.

THE BEST LIQUEUR.

This delicious Liqueur has lately come into much public favour. It has wonderful power of aiding digestion and preventing Dyspepsia.

Chartreuse, Rs. 8-12 per Qt.

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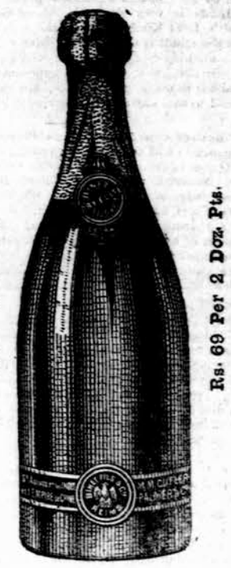

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"It is palatable and excellent in every way. We have given it in very many cases with the most marked benefit, patients frequently retaining it after every other food has been rejected. For Children who throw up their food incurdled masses it is invaluable."—*London Medical Record*

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Agents. { TREACHER & Co., Ld., BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA.
KEMP & Co., Ld., 7, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

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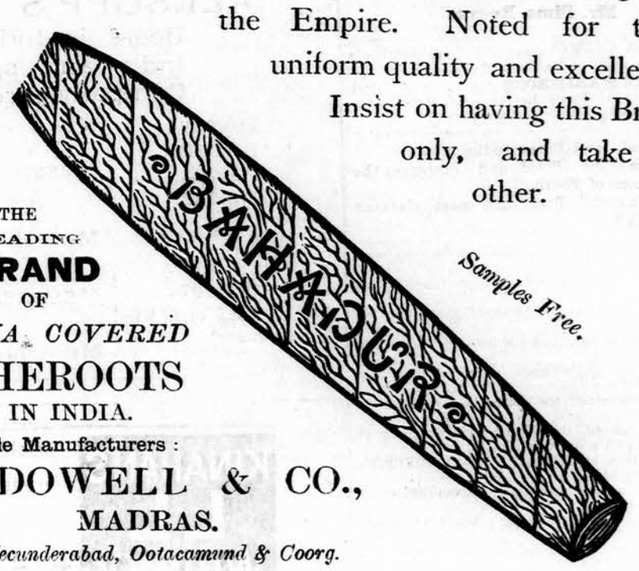
To be obtained of all dealers throughout the Empire. Noted for their uniform quality and excellence. Insist on having this Brand only, and take no other.



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TO BE OBTAINED OF ALL RESPECTABLE DEALERS AND OF
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MANUFACTURERS BY APPOINTMENT TO HER IMPERIAL MAJESTY THE EMPRESS OF INDIA.

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SANITARY TOWELS
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ANTISEPTIC AND ABSORBENT. FOR ACCOUCHEMENT AND GENERAL USE.

An Eminent Medical Authority writes:—"One of the most valuable inventions for Women's comfort I have seen in the Quarter of a Century I have been in practice. I have distributed several gross amongst my patients, and in every instance they have been most valued and appreciated."

A Desideratum of the highest importance, increased comfort, cleanliness: Less Liability to Chill when in delicate health. Diminution of Risks of Disease—No washing—Advantage to Ladies travelling.

MANUFACTURED IN TWO QUALITIES,
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For protection against useless and injurious imitations, each Packet bears the Signature of the Patentees.

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FOR INFANTS AND CHILDREN.
For Mothers, Invalids, Dyspeptics and Aged People.

THE ONLY FOOD *that digests as easily as human milk, and agrees with all infants and children.*
THE ONLY FOOD *that thoroughly nourishes the child without the addition of cow's milk.*
THE ONLY FOOD *that removes from infancy all necessity, danger and annoyance of a wet nurse.*
IF TAKEN BY MOTHERS *once or twice a day the quantity of milk will be increased and quality at once improved.*

IF THE CHILD IS RESTLESS, *change partially from nursing to* **SOLUBLE FOOD.**

DR. STUTZER, Food Analyst for Rhenish Prussia, says: "CARNRICK'S SOLUBLE FOOD is the best of all the foods I have ever examined."

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